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ATTENTION

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DEPARTMANT OF STATE W.SHINGTON In reply refer to 800.00B Kibaltchiche, Victor/1 AUG -JONFIDENTIAL The Department of State transmits to the following the attached information in the hope that it will be of value: 49787 Military Intelligence Division Office of Naval Intelligence Federal Bureau of Investigation Enclosure: Copy of confidential despatch no. 529, dated July 11, 1941, from the American Legation, Ciudad Trujillo, D. R., subject "Transmitting Copy of Report of Maval Attaché Concerning Victor BALTCHICHE, Also Known as Victor RECORDED FEDERAL BU

11, S, DS

Cluded Truillio, D. R., Joby 11, 1941.

No. 529

Subject: Transmitting Copy of Report of Mavel Astaché Concerning Victor MIBALTONIONE, Also Known as Victor SERCH.

49789

CONFIDENTIAL

The Honorablo

The Secretary of State.

Sir:

I have the honor to transmit herewith a copy of a report of the Mayel Attaché dated July 2, 1951 concerning Victor KIBALTCHICHE, better known as Victor SERGE. The Mayel Attaché states that according to an informant this alien is now "anti-Stalin", with "Protecylte" tendencies. At the same time he is supposed to have maintained close relations with MRIVITZHY, as well as with EROTHY, and considers that his life is endangered by the G.P.W.
This informant adds, however, that according to Kibalte chiche's own statement he is corrying corbain downwents.

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originating in Mussia, which indicate the complicity of the G.P.V. An the ascassination of Tretaky.

in. Ribaltchicke's activities and the pecalbility of the applying at this error of a transit vice for the United States were the subject of telegram as. 139, deted may 26, 1941, from the Department; and in Jeroular Despatch no. 36 dated June 24, 1941 a full report was made on this alien's activities in the Deminion Republic up to that time.

Respectfully yours,

29789

Robert II. Geother

Inologues:

one, as stated.

A true copy of the signed origi-

127.02/811.11 21:000:72

NW 37607 Docld: 32670189 Page 6

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER



WAC: DAJ

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice Washington, D. C.

September 20, 1941

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. FOXWORTH

Re: Death of Leon Trotsky

On the night of September 19, 1941, Colonel Kendall of the Office of Naval Intelligence telephonically advised that some time ago he had been contacted by a representative of the Bureau - identity unknown - concerning one Victor Serge in connection with the death of Leon Trotsky.

Colonel Kendall stated that he had just received a report from the Naval Attache in the Dominican Republic which reflected that Victor Serga had been reported to be in possession of documents regarding the death of Trotsky, and that Serge had attempted to leave the Dominican Republic for the purpose of going to Mexico, but upon his arrival at Port-au-Prince, Haiti, he had been forced to return to the Dominican Republic as the Haitian authorities would not allow him to pass through Haiti.

Colonel Kendall stated that this report further reflected that Serge had shipped two suitcases which probably contained the documents aforementioned aboard the SS "Borinquen" of the Puerto Rico Line, which left the Dominican Republic on September 16, 1941. He stated that these suitcases were addressed to Mrs. Nancy McDonald, 117 East Tenth Street, New York City, and that in all probability these suitcases would be reshipped to Mexico.

A copy of this memorandum is being furnished direct to Mr. P. J. Wacks.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/4/84 BY 50-165/6/14

cc - Mr. Wacks

BECORDED

Pala. 1,2,3 are unclassified per navey let dated 4/29/87. Spy Elward 5/25/88

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Respectfully,

W. a. Collin

W. A. Collier

100 - 366 76 2
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

7 OCT 3 1941
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RESEARCH OF THE PARTY OF THE PA

Less Shrang

Mr. E. A. Tamm

Mr. Foxworth

Mr. Nichols

Mr. Tolson JOHN EDGAR HOOVER Mr. FOXWOTTO Kederal Bureau of Investigation Mr. Glavin United States Department of Justice Mashington, D. C. September 23, 1941 JW:AJ 8:55 A. M. MEMORANDUM FOR MR. Mr. Cotter ALL INCORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE OTHERWISE. ALIAS VICTOR SERGE Reference is made to the memorandum of Supervisor W. A. Collier dated September 20, 1941, captioned "Death of Leon Trotsky" Gregarding information submitted to him by Colonel Kendall of the Office of Naval Intelligence concerning the above-named individual and the fact that Kibaltchiche had shipped two spitcases via the SS "Borinquen" of the Puerto Rico Line which suitcases allegedly contained information regarding the death of Leon Trotsky and complicity of the OGPU regarding the assassination of Trotsky. Colonel Kendall further advised that these suitcases were addressed to Mrs. Nancy/McDonald 117 East Tenth Street, New York City, and in all probability would be NS FINALIZED reshipped to Mexico. The SS "Borinquen" left the Dominican Republic on September 16, 1941. Inasmuch as the above-mentioned suitcases may contain certain information of value regarding OGPU activities in the United States. the writer pursuant to instructions of Supervisor Harry M. Kimball telephonically contacted Special Agent E. F. Emrich of the New York Office. The above information was submitted to Agent Emrich and he was requested to make arrangements to determine the contents of the suitcases. Agent Emrich advised that he would have the Customs officials transmit these suitcases to the appraiser's office in New York City where the contents of the same would be determined. Agent Emrich advised that matter would be given immediate attention and a report concerning the same submitted in the near future.

DECLASSIFIED BY near future. 12-3-92 Respectfully. EDERAL BUREAU OF HIVESTIGAVIO Declassify on: VADR NPARA. 1 is unclassified per RECORDED wavy lest dated \$/29/88, INDEXED SPARINGED 5/25/84 oct 3 1941 I ENCL. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 10/5-6M

PJW:MES 100-36676

October 14, 1941

Special Agent in Charge New York, New York

Re: VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE
ALIAS VICTOR SERGE

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to the telephonic conversation between Special Agent E. F. Emrich of the New York Office and Supervisor P. J. Wacks of the Bureau on September 23, 1941, regarding the above-named individual who had allegedly shipped two suitcases to the United States aboard the SS. BORINQUEN.

Agent Emrich was advised that he should make appropriate arrangements to determine the contents of the above-mentioned suitcases.

You are instructed to advise the Bureau regarding the status of this particular investigation.

Very truly yours,

AL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

UNIT 4/4/84 BY \$\frac{165k}{57F}\$

John Edgar Hoover Director

Mr. Colors

Mr. Clogs

Mr. Clogs

Mr. Cloyin

Mr. Nichols

Mr. Tracy

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Cortey

Mr. Cortey

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Colley

Mr. Holloman

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Mr. Quian Tamm

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Mr. Nosse

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Devartment of Instice

NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.

AFS:CD 65-3336

October 9, 1941. REGISTERED MAIL

Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

TECHNICAL LABORATORY

RE: VICTOR KIBALCHICHE. with aliases. ESPIONAGE (R)

Dear Sir:

Transmitted herewith are two rolls of developed photo record film containing approximately 1400 prints which consist mainly of documentary material written in a foreign language.

It is requested that the Technical Laboratory make appropriate translations and return same together with three enlarged copies of each print to this office as soon as possible.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

2 Enclosures

#240,377

Very truly yours.

Assistant Director

RECORDED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

OCT 13, 1941

LS. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

USTICE



December 5, 1941

Special Agent in Charge New York, New York

AL MICANTION CONTAINS HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/4/84 BY SP-165K/DHF

Re: VICTOR KIBALCHICHE. with aliases: ESPIONACE - R.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter dated October 9, 1941 transmitting two rolls of photo record file containing approximately 1400 prints of material written mostly in a foreign language.

In accordance with your request, the two rolls of film which you enclosed with your letter are being returned under separate cover together with three enlarged copies of each print and three copies of the summary translations. You will note that one set of the enlarged photographs has been separated incorder that the appropriate reports of the translator might be attached thereto.

It appears from the granslator's reports that the correct name of the subject in this gave is Victor Alexandrovitch Kibaltchiche, who uses the pen name Victor Serge in his writings. Kibaltchiche, who appears to have been a close friend of Lenin, Zinoviev and Trotsky, was banished from Russia in 1936. One of the unsigned letters dated August 26, 1940, believed to have been written by Kibaltchiche, refers to the death of Leon Trotaky as the work of Stalin's OUPU and requests that he be furnished with sore details in this regard. Another unsigned letter dated February 14, 1941, written in the French language by an unknown individual indicates that General Walter G. Krivitsky's death - has affected Ribaltchiche greatly since the latter had known Krivitsky - for many years.

It may also be noted that several of Trotsky's works have been _ translated by the subject of this case, including the "Revolution Betrayed" and "The Crimes of Stalin". He appears to have also written LCOMMUNICATIONS SECTION in which the murderer of Trotsky is revealed.

Very truly yours.

John Edgar Hoover

Mrector

MAILEDM

Mr. Glavin

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Carson

Mr. Coffey

Rederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Iustice

New York, New York

AFS: RMK 65-8336

ALL INFORMATION CONTAIN

9-165K/OHK November 6, 1941

Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

> VICTOR KEBALTCHICHE, with aliases; ESPIONAGE (R)

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to Bureau letter dated October 14, 1941 wherein it is requested that the Bureau be immediately advised in respect to the stutus of instant investigation.

This is to advise that on September 24, 1941 the subject's package was examined by Special Agents H. G. FOSTER, and A.F. SPIGNER at the appraisers stores, United States Customs, New York, and the documentary material contained therein, the greater proportion of which was written in a foreign language, was photographed.

This material consisted of the following:

A great number of Communistic books and manuscripts, the majority of which were written by the subject, many articles and excerpts therein appearing under the subject's name; personal and business correspondence; several address books and diaries.

By cover letter dated October 9, 1941 the two rolls of developed photo record film taken of the above described documents, consisting of approximately 1,400 photographs, were forwarded to the Bureau for enlargement and translation.

Under date of October 30, 1941, the Technical Laboratory has not as yet submitted a report. As soon as this report is received, the instant investigation will be carried as rapidly as possible to a logical conclusion. RECORDED EX-12 Very truly yours,

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Assistant Director U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Na tropical and Title

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RECORDER

WLS:MES 100-36676-5 64-1304-1-11

December 16, 1941

ANGEL STATES

COMPANY TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE

Special Agent in Charge New York, New York

Re: VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE,

with aliases; ESPIONAGE - R. POTESTAL ZY9,322 POTESTAL ZY9,322 CIVIL ALTO L DATE C/JAC TUSTELLIS GAGE

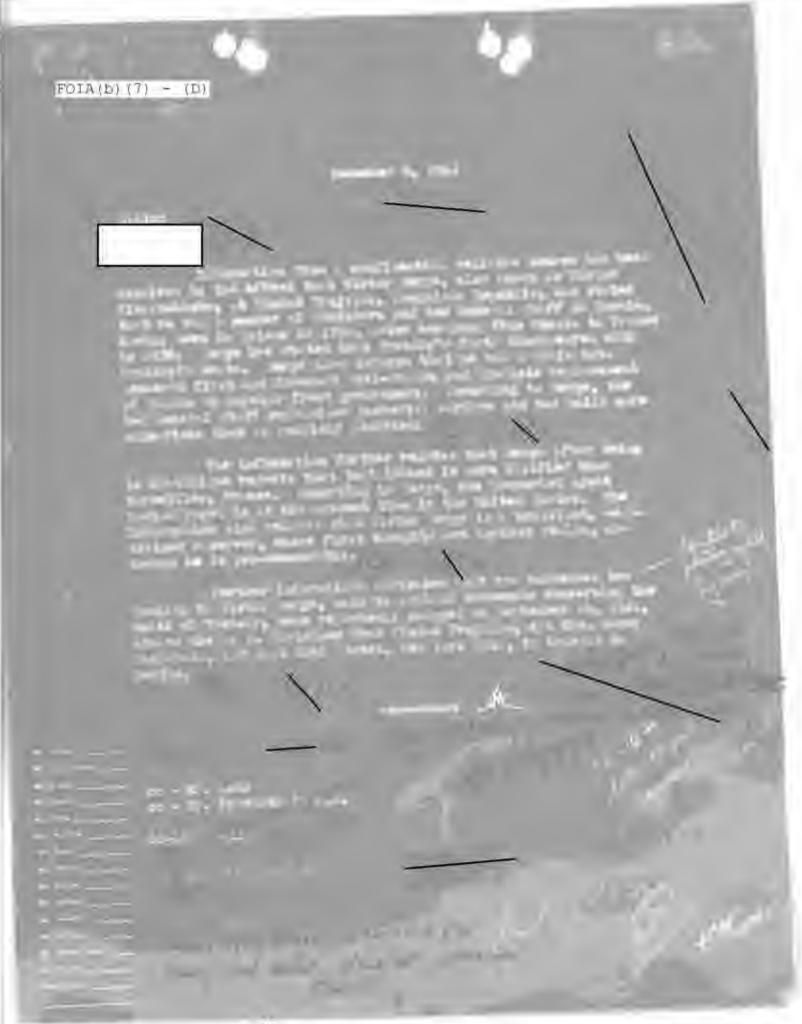
Dear Sir:

For your additional information in connection with the investigation of the above-entitled matter, there are being transmitted kerewith photostatic copies of a report by Captain John A. Butler, United States Marine Corps, Navy Attache at Ciudad Trujillo, D. R., dated August 14; 1941, which was received by the Bureau from the Office of Naval Intelligence.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

	Source Little dt &	NI 14141 - Marie I	
the Totann	Enclosure	6/1/07 - 16/2/	
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Mr. Coffee		the day of	4/29/89 T
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NAVY DEPARTMENT Office of the Chief of Naval Operations Office OF NAVAL INTELLIGENCE

In reply refer to Na. Op-16-F-7 A8-5/QQ/EJ3 Serial No. 0871716 CONFIDENTIAL

WASHINGTON

SEP 3 0 1941

From: To:

Division of Naval Intelligence. Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Subject:

Intelligence Reports, forwarding of.

Enclosures:

(A) One (1) copy each of the following N. A. Chile reports:

Serial No. 378, September 8, 1941, (Confidential) 381, September 10, 1941, (Genfidential) 387, September 11, 1941, (Genfidential) 395, September 15, 1941, (Genfidential)

- (B) One (1) copy of the following N. A. Colombia report: Serial No. R-278-41, September 8, 1941, (Confidential)
- One (1) copy each of the following N. A. Cuba reports: Serial No. R-326-41, September 18, 1941, (Confidential) R-327-41, September 18, 1941, (Confidential)
- One (1) copy each of the following N. A. Dominican Republic reports:

Serial No. R-195-41, August 14, 1941, (Confidential) R-196-41, August 15, 1941, (Confidential) R-211-41, September 10, 1941, (Genfidential) R-213-41, September 12, 1941, (Genfidential) R-214-41, September 13, 1941, (Confidential) R-215-41, September 15, 1941, (Confidential) R-218-41, September 16, 1941, (Confidential) R-219-41, September 16, 1941, (Confidential) R-220-41, September 19, 1941, (Confidential)

(E) One (1) copy each of the following, N. A. Peru reports: Serial No. 326-41, September 19, 1941, (Confidential)

(F) One (1) copy each of the following Fifteenth Naval

District reports:

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF WEST (Confidential Serial No. 129-41, August 16, 1941, 130-41, August 20, 1941, (Confidenti

Mr. P. A. Cara

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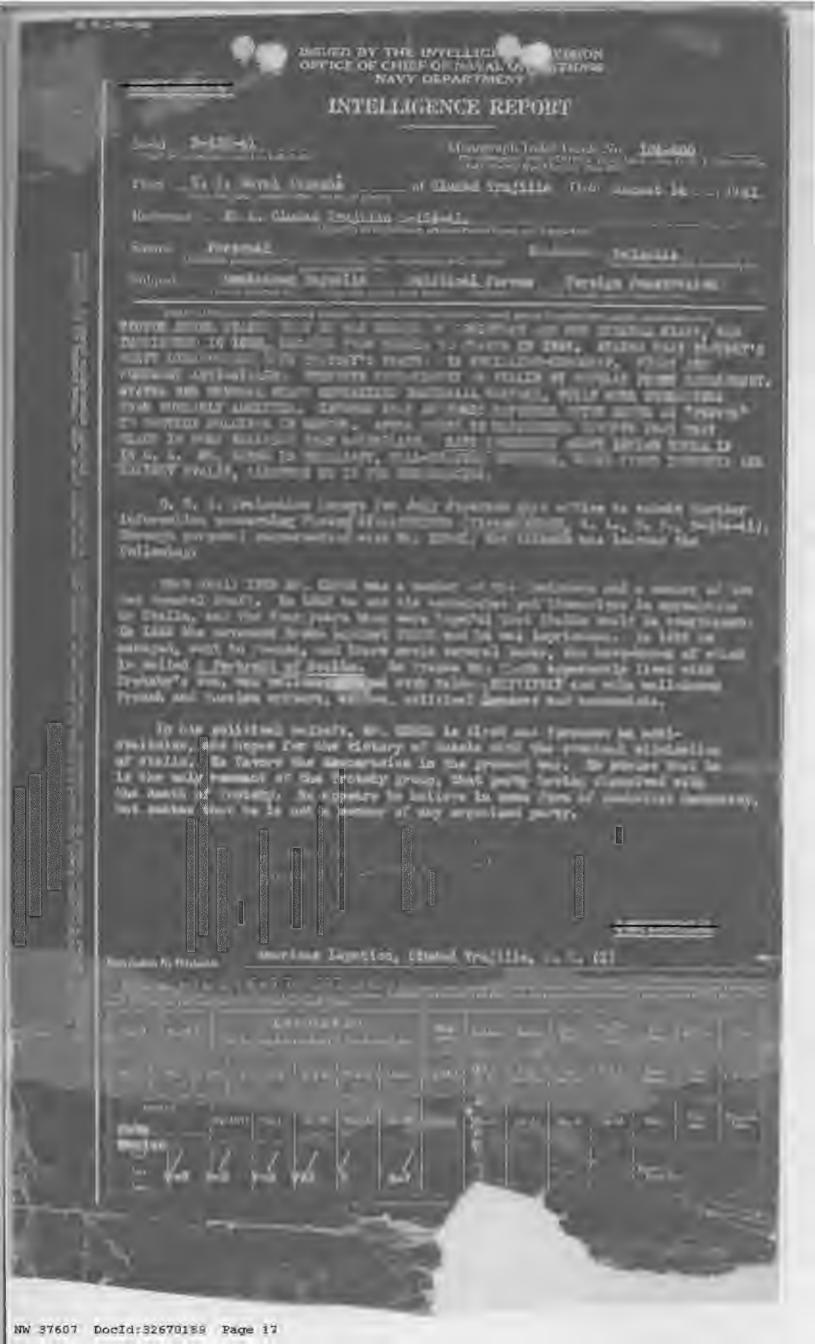
(G) One copy each of the following Op-16-F-7 (O.N.I.) reports:

Serial No. 110-41, September 18, 1941, (Confidential)
113-41, September 22, 1941, (Confidential)
117-41, September 24, 1941, (Confidential)

1. Enclosures are forwarded herewith as matters of possible interest to the rederal bureau of Investigation.

1 D. W. Mad E

H. D. Bode, By direction.



companie

M.A. CIVIAD TAUGILLO, D.R.

Page Two

R-195-41

104-500

As Mr. JERGE is a brilliant, well-informed person, and is apparently well-auguainted with recent events in Europe and in Mussia, some of his move partinent comments are given:

of Russie:

"The Red General Staff during my time emphasized bacterial warfare more than chemical warfare. I believe that the Army has developed this to a high state of perfection. The Russian military consission in machington could probably give more recent and detailed information on this subject. As the Russian sumy possesses knowledge of this type of warfare, it can be logically assumed that the German General Staff is well acquainted with the same formulace.

"The Russian submarino fleet is much larger than is generally known. Every effort was made to conceal the true size of this under-water fleet.

"Moscow will probably fell within the future, but the wer will be continued by a Popular Front government. Stalin will certainly so if Russia loses, and will probably go if Russia Wins. A viotorious Hussia will think in terms of a Socialist Descoracy.

of Refugees:

of whom are without money, who can be readily identified, and who are genuinely pro-Allied in political sentiment; and communic composed chiefly of Jewish people. In many cases these latter people have considerable funds and are prepared to bind themselves in order to retain funds that abill remain in Europe. However, it is doubtful if there are many true first-class agents among this group. Large numbers may serve as 'puntos' and are obedient to the occmends of the Gestago. To illustrate, raulkhobinschikk arrived in the Dominican Republic in the same ship with me. He had considerable funds, carried a haitlen passport, and was abroute to Venezuela. If he follows true to the pattern that I know from yours of observation of the C.G.P.V. (and there is no reason to suppose the Gestago works differently), hostingless will take up residence near some oil field or key point, will live a legitimate domineroial life until such time as his service can be utilized."

of the situation in Lartinique;

"Martinique is more Mazified than Marsellles."

Constitution In the Californ Edulation Della

F886 3

Relibedl.

104-500

Of RETVITSEY:

The transfer was anti-Stelin, but was always pro-duesian.

ur French Communists:

eased to the valted states at the time of the German intenton. Onlef among these Octanist agents is Lucien YVOLL."

to Greece, who is now in the United States, is one who would be in a position to serve as an advisor on Russian questions. He also nested Boris (RICULAIVISMI, a Russian Memberia is new York, as one who has an excellent knowledge of the activities and organization of the G.G.F.W. in the United States.

hr. Shall is still in the Dominican Republic. He is said to be reiting for a transit visa through Caba encoute to Maximo.

John A. Butler, Captain, V. S. Marine Corps, V. S. Mayel Attacké

This report consists of three pages.

WLS:MES 100-36676 -#

February 2, 1942

Special Agent in Charge New York, New York ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY Sq-165K / THP

He: VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE, with aliases;
ESPIONAGE - R

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter dated November 6, 1941 pointing out that your investigation of this matter was being held in abeyance pending receipt of a report from the Technical Laboratory in connection with two rolls of photo record film transmitted with your letter of October 9, 1941.

In view of the Bureau's letter dated December 8, 1941 with which you were furnished photographic copies of the material found in the possession of the subject together with summary translations thereof, it is requested that this investigation be afforded the necessary attention in order to bring the same to a logical conclusion without undue delay.

Very truly yours,

John 1	Edgar Hoover Son 1940
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION MAILED FEB 3 1942 P. M. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	FEDERAL BUREAU OF INSTITUTION FEB 5 1942 U. S. DEPARTMENT AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P
FEB 6 1942 3 4 177	He state

Declassified Case: 17X 37 60 Mr. Dolson Mr. E. A. Termo Rederal Aureau of Investigation Mr. Clegg .. Mr. Glavin United States Department of Instice New York. N. Y. PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL RNP: RAA 240,377 Mr. Hendon March 12, 1942 Mr. Heileman .. 65-8336 Mr. Quinn Tamm.... Director Federal Bureau of Investigation EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN Washington, D. C. OTHERWISE VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE, with aliases; ESPIONAGE - R FOIA b: 3: - 50 USC 3024 i 1 - Intelligence Sources and Methods Dear Sir: FOIA b: 7: - D: In connection with the case entitle MAMTORG TRADING CORPORATION: ESPIONAGE - R (New York file 65-7471, Bureau file CLASSIFIED DECISIONSE, BY DEPARTMENT 61-5381) has been furnishing much information which he has received from various employees and representatives of the Amtorg Trading Corporation / especially from VLADIMIR YAROSLAVSKY The latter In the Amtorg file there is a letter dated March 2, 1942, in which informant wrote that on March 2, 1942, he saw YARO-SLAVSKY at the Amtorg Trading Corporation and at that time YARO-SLAVSKY told informant about the following individuals: Informant was advised that there is a new international Trotskyite center established in Mexico that will cause trouble in the United States eventually. YAROSLAVSKY stated that such men are VICTOW SERGED who at one time served a prison term in the U.S.S.R. for counter-revolutionary activities, and JULIAN/GORKIN, who was tried by the Republican Spanish Government for starting a revolt against this government during the Spanish civil war and who was found guilty, of treason. YAROSLAVSKY That her stated that there also is MARCEAUX PIVERT of France and GUSTAV REGLER of Germany. formant was advised Informant was further told by YAROSLAVSKYAIthat these men, along with many others, are carrying out anti-American, British, and Russian propaganda throughout Mexico and Latin America. He further stold informant that these men are comperating with the Axis COPIES DESTROYED 8 21-58

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RNP:RAA 65-8336

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there and with the Falangistas and the Sinarquistas.

YAROSLAVSKY further advised informant that the men mentioned above are connected with the powerful Trotsky machine in the United States, which includes:

EUGENE LYÓNS MAY EASTMAN SIDNEY HOOK BERTRAM D WOLFE GEORGE SOKOLSKY

YAROSLAVSKY further told informant that the above are good men to keep an eye on.

On March 4, 1942, when Confidential Informant was personally interviewed, he advised that he was unable to furnish any additional data concerning the above facts as the above was all that YAROSLAVSKY said to him. However, informant stated he would continue to obtain more information from YAROSLAVSKY concerning the individuals mentioned hereinbefore.

A check of the New York indices revealed that Subject KIBALTCHICHE uses the pen name VICTOR SERGE in his writings. The above-captioned case (Bureau file 100-36676) contains information that VICTOR SERGE was imprisoned in the U.S.S.R. in 1932 but escaped in 1936 and went to France.

In New York file 65-4088, entitled DANIEL LAWRENCE, with aliases, et al; ESPIONAGE - R (Bureau file 65-19915), there appears a Bureau letter to New York dated February 28, 1942, which makes reference to VICTOR SIRGE and JULIAN GORKIN of the Spanish P.O.M. A copy of this letter is being placed in the New York file of the LAWRENCE case.

It also has been noted that MARCEAU PIVERT is a subject in a closed New York case entitled MARCEAU PIVERT; ESPIONAGE - R, New York file 65-2643, and a copy of this letter is also being placed in the PIVERT file.

The New York indices further reflect that GUSTAV REGLER is mentioned in the reports of Confidential Informant dated
September 12, 1940, and October 13, 1940, which are in New York personal and confidential file 65-3137. The Bureau has copies of these two reports.

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RNP:RAA 65-8336 March 12, 1942

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The above information is being forwarded to the Bureau in the above-captioned case, and in view of the data furnished by YAROSLAVSKY the Bureau may deem it advisable, through appropriate sources, to have further inquiries made concerning the above matter. However, caution should be exercised in furnishing the information

&

Very truly yours.

P. E. FOXWORTH,

Assistant Director

cc - New York file 65-4088 (LAWRENCE)

" " " " 65-7471 (AMTORG)

" " " 65-2643 (PIVERT)

FOIA b $^{\circ}$ 3 - 50 USC 3024 i 1 - Intelligence Sources and Methods FOIA b $^{\circ}$ 7 - D

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WLS:MJH 100-36676

March 11, 1942

Special Agent in Charge New York, New York

> VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE with aliases ESPIONAGE - R

Classified W Declassify on:

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to Bureau letter dated February 2, 1942, requesting that this investigation be brought to a logical conclusion within the near future. In the absence of a report, it is desired that efforts be made to afford this investigation appropriate attention at an early date.

In the event the subject of this case is located, it is suggested that you may desire to consider the advisability of having him interviewed for any information in his possession regarding the activities of the OGPU or other related matters of interest to the Bureau.

Very truly yours,

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John Edgar Hoover Director DECISIONS FINALIZED

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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAILED !

* MAR 12 1942 P.M.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION & I A . U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAR 16 1942

DÉPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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of the Defense, Superintendent of the Files of the Secret Police, under orders of KRASSIENE in 1919, First Congress of the Third International. He was a writer for the "COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL". Subjest spent a long time in Germany (during the revolutionary preparation of 1923) and in Austria. He returned to Moscow in 1925. extradited and imprisoned in 1928, deported to Orenbourg in 1933 and banished from Russia, his Soviet nationality taken from him in 1936. Contents of his luggage photographed reflect numerous pamphlets, books, newspaper articles, personal letters and miscellaneous notes and diaries. He had a marriage certificate dated August 18, 1919, at Petrograd, probably his own. His son, VIADIMIR ALEXANDROVITCH KIBALTCHICHE was born in May, 1920, at Petrograd. He has a daughter, JEANNIENE, born at Petrograd February 28, 1935. His wife is an invalid and is probably & identical with the individual writing to VLADIMIR on May 19, 1941, from a hospital in France, Subject has lived with and received mail addressed to IAURA SEJOURNE in Marseilles, France, during the last few years. SEJOURNE was born October 24, 1911, at Aquilla, Italy, and is a French film actress (assistant), Subject s correspondence reflects numerous attempts to obtain visas to the United States and Mexico and the names of those aiding him. Subject finally left France and was

in the Dominican Republic at which untime KIBALTCHICHE stated that he is first and foremost an anti-Stalinist but politically a Socialist Democrat. Subject advised that TROTSKY'S party ended with the death of TROTSKY and that KRIVITSKY was without doubt killed by the O.G.P.U. Bureau letter to New York reflects subject was in Mexico on January 1, 1942. and according to confidential informant is establishing a new International Trotskyite Center in Mexico along with JULIAN GORKIN, MARCEAU PIVERT and GUSTAV REGLER. Informant also indicated that EUGENE LYONS, MAX EASTMAN, SIDNEY HOOK, BERTRAM D. WOLFE, and GEORGE SOKOLSKY.

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United States. Subject is undoubtedly a member of the P.O. U.M. (Workers Party for Marxist Unification) and the C.N.T. as reflected in his article dated December 29, 1936, entitled "Everything Repeats Itself". Other articles and publications by subject are set out in this report.

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REFERENCE:

Bureau letters dated 10/14/41, 12/8/41, and 3/11/42 to the New York Office. (Bureau File Letter from New York Office to Bureau dated 3/12/42,

DETAILS:

AT NEW YORK CITY:

The name and aliases set out in this initial report of KIBALTCHICHE.

This investigation is predicated upon a letter from the Bureau dated October 14, 1941, confirming the telephonic conversation between Special Agent E. F. EMRICH of the New York Office and Mr. P. J. WACKS of the Bureau on September 23, 1941, regarding the subject of this case who had allegedly shipped two suitcases to the United States aboard the S S BORINQUEN which suitcases were reputed to contain documents of possible interest from the internal security standpoint.

On September 24, 1941, Special Agents H. G. FOSTER and A. F. SPIGNER photographed the contents of the two suitcases belonging to the subject, the whole contents of which were written and printed in foreign languages. By New York Letter dated October 9, 1941, the Bureau's Technical Laboratory in Washington, D. C., and on coppes of the summary translations of the documents to the New York

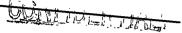
Under letter from the Bureau dated December 16, 1941,
the New York Office was furnished with photostatic copies of a report
of this case was

which reflected that the subject
at Giudad Trujillo, (5-1) **Mu

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Dominican Republic, on August 14, 1941. This informant reflects that VICTOR SERGE, pen name of the subject, states that he was a member of the Comintern and Red General Staff, was imprisoned in 1932, and escaped from Russia to France in 1936. He stated that TROTSKY'S party disappeared with TROTSKY'S death and advised that he is Socialist-Democrat. He further revealed that he is first and foremost anti-Stalin and predicts the replacement of STALIN with a popular Front Government. He states that the Asd General Staff built more submarines than publicly admitted. (5 1) (4)

further reflected that caccording to SERGE there are two classes of refugees—the Pole, a majority of whom are without money who can be readily identified and who are genuinely proally in political sentiment; and the economic class composed chiefly of Jewish people. In many cases this latter class has considerable funds and is prepared to bind themselves in order to retain funds that still remain in Europe. However, it is doubtful if there are any true first class agents among this group. Large numbers may serve as "puntos" and are obedient to the commands of the Gestapo. SERGE at this time gave the following illustration: .

He stated that Pole ROBIZSCHEK arrived in the Dominican Republic on the same ship with him; he had considerable funds; he carried a Hatiam passport and was en route to Benezuela. SERGE is here quoted as follows: "If he follows through to the end that I know from years of observation of the C.G.P.U. (and there is no reason to suppose the Gestapo works differently) ROBIZSCHEK will take up residence near some oil field or key point and live a legitimate commercial life until such time as his services can be utilized "(5-1) (4)

SERGE further stated that without doubt KRIVITSKY was killed by the O.G.P.U. and yet KIBALTCHICHE had not revealed all that he knew of the O.G.P.U.'S activities in France. As proof of this, even after KIBALTCHICHE had become anti-Stalin and was a hunted man the O.G.P.U. did not find it necessary to change its Agents in France, They knew that KIBALTCHICHE was anti-Stalin and was always pro-Russian. SERGE further reflected that most of the Agents in the Popular Front in France escaped to the United States at the time of the German invasion, Chief among these communist agents is LUCIAN VOGEL. He also stated that ALEXANDRIA BARMINE as Russian Ambassador to Greece who is now in the United States is one who would be in a position to serve as an advisor on Russian questions. He also named BORIS WICOLA IVISKI, a Russian Menshevik in New York, as one who has an excellent knowledge of the activities and organization of the O.G.P.U. in the United States. (5 -1)(4)

This informant further reflects that Mr. SERGE on this date was still in the Dominican Republic and was said to be waiting for (5)

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The files of the New York Office reflect, in the letter from the Bureau dated February 28, 1942, entitled "DANIEL AWRENCE = Espionage R" that one MAX FISHER, E. L. tivro dr. Ticheaga 47, Mexico, D.F. in writing to M. PATRUSHKA, 3349 Hull Avenue, Bronx, New York, stated that he spent the New Years' celebration in a friend's house where VICTOR SIRGE and JULIAN GORKIN of the Spanish P.O.M. were (Note: probably P.O.U.M. - Partido Obrero Union Maxista). In a letter from the New York Field Office to the Bureau dated March 12, 1942, in instant case it is noted that confidential informant furnished information to the effect that a new International Trotskyite Center was being established in Mexico that would cause trouble in the United States eventually. He further reflected that the men who are instrumental in this new set up are VICTOR SEREE who at one time served a prison term in the U.S.R.R. for counter-revolutionary activities and JULIAN GORKIN who was tried by the Republic Spanish Government for starting a revolt against this Government during the Spanish Civil War and who was found guilty of treason

This informant also pointed out that there is MARCEAU PIVERT of France and GUSTAV REGLAR of Germany involved in this new organization. Informant advised that RECIAR was an engineer for the German Gestapo while confined to a Concentration Camp at Vernet, France

Informant further stated that these men along with many others are carrying out the anti-American, British and Russian propaganda throughout Mexico and Iatin-America and that these men are cooperating with the Axis Powers and its Agents in these countries and with the Filangistas and the Sinarquistas.

Informant further advised that the men mentioned above are connected with the powerful Trotsky machine in the United States which includes EUGENE LYONS, MAX FASTMAN, STDNEYNHOOK, BERTRAM D. WOLFE and GEORGE SOKOLSKY . TO

ALL other references to VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE alias VICTOR SERGE contained in the files of the New York Field Office have to do with letters to and from the Bureau concerning publications written by this author.

The photographed documents which were returned to this office from the Bureau's Technical Laboratory all contain on the reverse



side thereof an Item Number and corresponding to this Item Number on the reverse of the photograph are the translations of the various documents as furnished by the Bureau's translator. In setting out in this report the contents of KEBALTCHICHE'S baggage reference will be made to the Item Number of the photographed document which Item Number appears also on the translated page. All of the translations will not be set out in full but will be summarized, and in view of the vast number of documents this report hereinafter is being placed into seven sub-divisions. These sub-divisions are as follows:

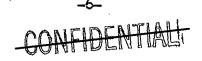
	Biographical Data	Page	6
II.	Correspondence to, from, and concerning KTBALTCHICHE.	Page	9
III.	VLADIMIR KIBALTCHICHE'S correspondence	Page	26
IV.	Concerning publications and writings of		
	VICTOR SERGE	Page	29
٧.	Newspaper clippings and articles in possession	•	
	of KIBALTCHICHE	Page	33
VI.	Miscellaneous	Page	36
VII.	Summary of names of persons writing to, hearing		
	from, or having connections with VICTOR		
	KIBALTCHICHE	Page	37

It will be noted that the writer was unable to maintain a separate and distinct category for the documents in the luggage, but an attempt was made toward the end of making these sub-divisions mutually exclusive.

SECTION I - BIOGRAPHICAL DATA

ITEM 1-220: This is a translation from the French appearing in the French publication CRAPOUILIOT, the issue of January, 1937. The biographical data supplied herewith was printed in connection with the publishing of an article by VICTOR SERGE entitled "From Lenin to Stalin".

VICTOR SERGE (VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE) was born at Brussels on December 30, 1890, of parents who are Russian revolutionary emigres. He was first an officer then a directory sympathizing with the "Will of the People" party. One of his relatives, a Communist of this party, was hanged in 1881 after the execution of Czar ALEXANDER II. His youth was spent in Belgium and in England. A younger brother died of want. At fifteen he was a photographer apprentice at Brussels. Later he was a photographer, cartoonist, clerk, printer, (after having learned the trade in "L'ANARCHIE'S" printing plant) journalist and translator. At fifteen he was a member of the young Socialist Guard of Ixelles and then a member of the Revolutionary Group of Brussels. He was a contributor to "TEMPS NOUVEAUX",



MARIE CONTRACT

"LIBERTAIRE" and GUERRE SOCIAL". He spent time in mining villages in Northern France. He was a writer for "L'ANARCHIE" in 1910 at the time of unlawful activity, was arrested and ordered to name the individuals involved, some of whom were shot, others died on the guillotine. He was indicted by virtue of the exact laws and condemned to five years of solitary confinement with hard labor. Being released in 1917 he became a printer at Barcelona, a member of the C.N.T. (Confederacion Nationale de Travail). contributor to "TIERRA Y LIBERTAD", and a participant in the first revolutionary attempt of July, 1917. He left for Russia, was arrested at Paris, was interned in a concentration camp under the Clemenceau ministry and was exchanged in January, 1917, as a Bolshevik hostage for an officer of the French Military Mission held in Russia. He arrived in Petrograd, became a member of the Russian Communist Party and a collaborator of ZINOVIEV on the executive committee of the Communist International during the Civil War. He was Fusilier of a Special Patrol; samlassociate of the General Staff of the Defense, Superintendent of the Files of the Secret Police under orders of KRASSIENE, in 1910, First Congress of the Third International. He was a writer for the Communist International. He spent a long time in Germany during the revolutionary preparation of 1923 and in Austria. He has been an Oppositionist since 1923. He returned to Moscow in 1925, was extradited and imprisoned in 1928, deported to Orenbourg in 1933 and banished from Russia in 1936, his Soviet nationality taken away without legal notification.

The dramatic account which "CRAPOUILLOT" publishes is not the work of a foreign traveler; VICTOR SERGE is Russian by birth and has just spent eighteen years in the country of the Soviets. He has been the friend or associate of the founders of the regime—LENIN, ZINOVIEV and TROTSKY. After having occupied important posts he experienced imprisonment and deportation when he believed the revolution "betrayed" and voices his indignation, but in the midst of world trisls VICTOR SERGE has kept his faith in tact, and it is this fact which gives so much value to his indictment.

ITEM 2-356: Birth certificate of VICTOR NAPOLEON KIBALTCHICHE born on December 30, 1890; issued at Brussels on April 11, 1916, at the request of the Minister of Spain.

ITEM 2-35%: Certificate of marriage between VICTOR NAPOLEON LVOVITCH and LIUVOV MOSELEVITCH August 18, 1919, Petrograd.

ITEM 2-343: Birth certificate of VLADIMIR ALEXANDRIA KIRALTCHICHE issued at Petrograd May, 1920.

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TTEM 2-248: Information for visa applications KIBALTCHICHE, VICTOR, pen name VICTOR SERGE, born at Brussels December 30, 1890/Writer (novelist and historian), expatriate, Russian origin and his children: KIBALTCHICHE, VIADIMIR, born June 15, 1920, at Petrograd, artist—painter. KIBALTCHICHE, JEANNIENE, born in Petrograd February 28, 1935.

ITEMS 2-348, 349: "In November, 1936, I obtained, through a military authorization, from Mr. Y. VON DEBOS (which was granted on January 7, 1936) a visa for six months' stay in France.

"The Minister of the Interior MARX DORMAY, having decided on June 23, 1937, to put aside the expulsion order against me issued in 1917, I obtained on February 25, 1937, new French visa for six months. The same visas were granted to my wife and my son.

"This authorization having expired in August, 1937, I requested a renewal and the Director of the Territorial and Foreign Police in a letter dated November 9, 1937, assured Mrs. MAGDALEINE PAZ that my situation was absolutely regular.

"In the second letter of December 17, 1937, the Director of Police again called attention to the fact that my situation was absolutely regular.

"At the end of March I addressed the Minister of the Interior, in sending to Mr. CAZEAUX new applications for renewal of permit to stay for a longer period of time; I felt I ought to point out my position as a political refugee banished from the U.S.S.R. and that I was ready to observe the rules laid down by the French in return for their hospitality.

ROUSSAKOV KIBALTCHICHE and my son VLADIMIR, 17 years old."

ITEM 2-230: Membership card: Vigilance Committee of anti-Fascist intellectuals, Paris, 1937.

ITEM 2-300: Requests for several departure visas for KIBALTCHICHE, VICTOR, fifty years old, writer, and KIBALTCHICHE, VLADIMIR.



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twenty years old, his son. They are both without nationality but of Russian origin. They are going to Mexico. Requests filed with the Prefecture of Blanches du Rhone on January 30, 1941.

ITEM 2-155; 93: These photos represent the pages of two diaries covering the period from January 1, 1939, to January 1, 1941. For the most part they are replete with names of persons in France. The full data which may be of interest to the Bureau are listed below:

"MacDONALD (Clipper)" and
"MacDONALD, tel,"
"American Express"
"GORKIN, (Clipper)"
"MAURI (Clipper)"

ITEM 2-102: November 2, 1940: Publication of "MY BOOK"

in Mexico.

ITEM 2-99: November 30, 1940: "Recommendation of President CARDENAS for my visa".

At this time it is pointed out, and will be observed further below in this report, that VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE has been living for the past few years with IAURA SEJOURNE and in view of the frequent reference to this woman the following is set out:

TTEM 2-271: Personal information: SEJOURNE, LAURE, nee VALENTI, born at Aquila, Italy, October 24, 1911; French film actress (assistant); author of a film about Spain; collaborates with GEORGES NEVEAUX and JEAN LENGIRE; recommends: Modigliani, mine that of French friends. Evacuated from Paris, June 12, 1941. Address Marseilles, 123 Rue Horace Bertin.

SECTION II - CORRESPONDENCE TO, FROM AND CONCERNING KIBALTCHICHE

ITEM 2-344: This is a letter to the Minister of Public Health from the Minister of the Interior of the French Republic dated February 4, 1937, advising the Minister of the Interior that the expulsion decree which had been issued against Mr. KIBALTCHICHE has just been revoked.



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ITEM 2-350: Letter dated November 9, 1937, from the Department of the Interior to Magdaleine Paz in Paris advising the woman that the expulsion decree of May 29, 1916, issued against Mr. KIBALTCHICHE was revoked on January 23, 1937. The Minister states that Mr. KIBALTCHICHE, his wife, and his son VIADIMIR entered France last April with visas that were limited to six months; that inasmuch as these visas have expired it is probable that Mr. KIBALTCHICHE will now request their renewal.

ITEM 2-351: A letter to the same woman from the Department of Interior dated December 17, 1937, advising her that all necessary instructions were mailed to the Paris Police Headquarters so that the position of KIBALTCHICHE might be classified as soon as possible.

ITEM 1-763: A letter dated March 31, 1938, by ANDRE GIDE, to Mr. JEANWRIVIAN asking that gentleman to inform VICTOR SERGE that it will be impassible for him to be in Paris for the conference.

ITEM 2-352: A letter dated May 20, 1938, to Magdaleine Paz from the Department of Interior informing her that KIBALTCHICHE and his family have been permitted to reside in France for a period of six months.

ITEM 2-293: Letter dated January 5, 1940, unsigned and had Mrs. EAURA SEJOURNE, General Delivery, Colbert, Marseilles, addressed to "Dear Friends: The Mexico Consulate was closed during the New Years holiday; I could not go there until yesterday in order to find out that my visa has not arrived.

"I will summarize my last letters; with or without American transit visa I have decided to leave quickly believing that I must not lose a day. I insisted that the same steps be taken for LAURA in order that she might obtain the same Mexican visa. We are very alarmed that nothing has been done in that regard although our friends have been very alert. In regard to the American transit visa I don't know where I am as I can't plan anything until I have the Mexican visa and I ignore the personnel and what they think of me, above all since the recent intrigues and the incident which I have already spoken to you about. Very truly yours — I shake your hand".

ITEM 2-294: An unsigned letter dated January 13, 1940, at Marseilles: "Dear Friends: I have already told you about my disappointment when I learned that the visa for LAURA was not obtained at the same time



mine was." The remainder of this letter is a detailed discussion of the difficulties the writer did have with his visa since it was made out in his literary name, VICTOR SERGE, rather than his real name, VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE. He also points out that he is a Russian, but the visa is issued for one of Spanish nationality.

ITEM 2-363: Letter dated April 2, 1940, addressed to "My dear VICTOR:" and signed "LINDA". Contents of this letter are of no significance to the Bureau.

ITEM 2-379: A letter from ANDRE GIDE to SERGE concerning the health of the latter's wife and dated April 12, 1940.

ITEM 2-322: A letter written in English which reads as follows:

"102 Summit Avenue "Syracuse, New York "July 21, 1940

"My dear VICTOR SERGE:

"By this time I hope you have already received the money which I arranged to have cabled to you by DWIGHT MacDONALD (\$50) and by the International Relief Association (\$25). I arranged for these as soon as I received your letter. I also arranged for an affidavit for you to come to Americas DWIGHT MacDONALD has been very helpful to me in all of this and I hope that we will be able to take care of you know that I know where you are. I wish that I were able to perpersonally send both money and affidavit but unfortunately my own financial position is very difficult at present. Please reast assured, however, that as long as you need any assistance I shall do my utmost to provide it.

"Most of the publishers are very unwilling to print anything these days, especially on the term of your "VILLE CONQUIS". I have not able to arrange for its publication for that reason but I have not given up hope and the manuscript continues to be read by various publishers. Let us hope that it will be published soon."

"I have already writtento MAX EASTMAN but have had no answer as yet.

"I cannot tell you how moved I was by your account in your letter and how much I sympathize with you in these desperate days. Please rest assured that as long as you need any assistant of any sort

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I am ready to do what ever I can by all means. I am now trying to find some fort of work for you on a magazine or a newspaper as you suggested but these things move slowly. I shall see to it that you receive enough money to keep you going. Please be sure to let me know where you are at all times. I shall keep in touch with your American friends for you if you find it difficult to send off many letters; but by all means do keep me informed of your conditions and where you are.

"I hope that the knowledge that I am determined to seem all possible aid to you will give you some more hope and strength in your difficult position."

"Fraternally yours - ELEANORA DEREN

"Please always write me: Care of: Dr. S. D. DEREN, 102 Summit Avenue, Syracuse, New York — this is my father's home and my most permanent address. Letters addressed there are always sure to reach me wherever I am.

"P.S. If you send me such articles or short stories as you have or main have an opportunity to write, I will try to sell them to some other magazines. This may be better than waiting for them to order something from you."

ITEM 2-259: Letter from VICTOR SERGE to a friend whose name is not mentioned but whose residence is evidently in the United States. The letter was written August 13, 1940, at Marseille where the writer was receiving his mail in care of M. E. E. SOSNOVSKI, 123 Rue Horace Bertin, Marseille. He is asking for financial assistance and also for aid in obtaining visas to the United States. He asks for contacts with and addresses of Jewish aid groups. He states that he has books and manuscripts which might bring in some income. Other persons mentioned are: WIADI, IAURETTE and MOLINS.

ITEM 2-257: A letter from VICTOR SERGE to MAX EASTMAN written in Marseille August 14, 1940. The letter is an appeal for help from EASTMAN and from other American friends, help both materially and for obtaining visas. The writer states that he is 49 years old, has a son 20 years old. He states that he was born in Belgium. He maintains that he is one of the last refugees of the Russian Revolution. He expresses a conviction that a better time is coming after the dark period we are in.

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ITEM 2-258: A letter from VICTOR SERGE to ISABELITA and OLGA CENTER written at Marseilles August 14, 1940. SERGE expresses the difficulties he is having and asks for material aid and also aid in obtaining visas for Venezuela. He states that he expects to get aid from Jewish Associations in the United States. VIADY and MOLINS are reported to be in Narbonne. SERGE says that he would like a post as correspondent for some newspaper. In spite of the present situation he expresses an optimism for the future.

ITEM 2-236: A letter posted at Nice August 16, 1940, to Mr. VICTOR SERGE from Director E. S. HOLLEN of the American Express Company, Inc. "Dear Sir: On instructions from our New York Office we sent you on the date of July 29 a post office money order for 1,075 francs, for \$25 in the current rate of 1940.

"Since we have not received a note of receipt from you, will you please return to us, signed, the enclosed receipt."

ITEMS 2-328;340: Since all of the letters of these numbers deal with the same subject, the recovery of the sum of \$25,00 which was evidently not received from the American Express Company, it was not felt necessary to translate more than this one example which gives the name and address of the two individuals concerned in this correspondence.

ITEM 2-254: Copy of a letter beginning "Dear Friend" and was written on August 22, 1940, in Marseilles where the writer's address was in care of Mrs. SOSNOSKI, 123 Rue Horace, Bertin, Marseilles. The writer is obviously SERGE and he asks for more details on the assassination in Mexico. He says that his situation is becoming worse daily.

ITEM 2-256: Unsigned letter beginning "Dear Friends" and written in Marseilles August 26, 1940—the author is most probably VICTOR SERGE—he speaks first of the death of L.D. (LEON TROTSKY) which he believes to be the work of the Agents of Soviet Russia. He asks for more details. He states that he received a letter from JULIAM GOMEZ GORKIN saying that he could obtain Mexican visas. The author prefers to go to the United States. He asks that his condolences be conveyed to NATHALIE (IVANOVA. He speaks of KRIVITSKY.

ITEM 2-253: Copy of a letter from SERGE addressed to "My dear Friend" and written September 12, 1940, from his Marseille's address.



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The writer stated that he had asked the addressee to arrange Mexican visas for him, his family, and IAURA SEJOURNE. These visas would be useful although he really intended to go to the United States. He asks definite information on L.T. (LEON (ROTSKY) and asks that his sympathy be conveyed to NATHALIE IVANOVA. He also asks that the addressee and a certain PRIETO A. WODIGLIANI, refugee from Italy and anti-Fascist, to get to the United States. He mentions that JUAN has probably been interned.

ITEMS 2-251 and 2-252: A copy of a letter written at Marseilles dates September 13, 1940. Salutation is simply "Dear Friends:" He mentions receiving \$5,00 from EASTMAN and another dispatch of money made by the addressee to FANLAC July 15. He mentions contacting Mr. FREY of the Emergency Rescue Committee who telegraphed Washington relative to him. He states that he also asked his friend JULIAN GOMEZ-GORKIN, care of MARTIN TEMPLE, Edison 40, Mexico City, to obtain Mexican visas for him. He asks for details on the death of LEON DAV. (TROTSKY). He mentions that he is expecting news from Silone and also a dispatch of \$25 via the American Express, already announced by the addressee.

ITEM 24250: An unsigned letter dated September 20, 1940, Name of the addressee is not given. The first paragraph speaks of money received through the American Express. The second speaks of a Jewish assistance committee to which a certain EASTMAN had written about him (the committee had ceased to function because of lack of funds). The third speaks of the steps taken for obtaining visas, of a certain DOUBINSKY who might give valuable assistance and of a more or less sure way of leaving and crossing Spain. The fourth paragraph speaks of the difficulties of getting the necessities of life, even with money; of the moral degradation of certain groups; of the catastrophe in Mexico which it is hoped would unite the comrades. The final paragraph mentioned had no information relative to the visas having been received by Mr. FREY and speaks of the writer's work on two books.

ITEMS 2-185-186: Letter to SERGE from ANDRE GIDE dated September 24, 1940. The writer says that he is stayingwhere he is to see what happens but that if his voice is no longer to be heard he had just as soon have someone get a visa for him.

ITEM 2-158: A note dated September, 1940, to SERGE from his wife who is in a clinic.

ITEM 2-263: Letter by VICTOR SERGE to "My dear Friend": written in Marseilles September 26, 1940, First he asks the addressee to

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obtain American visas as soon as possible. He complains that due to his late arrival in Marseilles and to the fact that he is the leader of no group he has been unable to receive the assistance that others have received. He speaks of his "WORD PORTRAIT" being published and of the death of "Old Man" (probably TROTSKY). He speaks of aid received from friends in New York. He states that he is almost through with two books and has them ready for publication. He again mentions the case of MODIGLINI whom the addressee is to aid through Prieto. The final paragraph speaks for the future, of a long range intellectual endeavor. He apprevestthe work of the association of Authors and Editors.

ITEM 2-262: Letter from VICTOR SERGE addressed to "Dear Friends" and written in Marseilles September 27, 1940. He states that Mr. FREY received a telegram from the Emergency Rescue Committee which was not clear but indicated that a decisive period had been reached in the request for visas. He writes that a certain ELSA is also trying to arrange for visas. He mentions that it might be well for Mr. ALFRED BINGHAM to write his brother to get him to use his influence. He speaks of a Mr. BOHN who has lists of people to aid and on whose list the writer has not been able to have his name included. He adds that he is receiving a small amount of financial aid from the Emergency Rescue Committee. A friend, JULIAN, in Mexico is reported to have agreed to have obtained Mexican visas. He mentions that ANDRE BRETON is another person who deserved to be helped by the E.R.C.

ITEMS 2-260, 261: Two copies of a letter from VICTOR SERGE to MARC written in Marseilles September 30, 1940. He mentions the Italian, MODIGLIANI, who is also trying to get to the United States.

ITEMS 2-274,275: A letter dated October 7, 1940, addressed to "Dear Friends"..... "I imagine that by now you realize what great obstacles I am up against since through certain information which we now have I know that the Stalinist work is being done in the United States on a large scale by a goodly number of journalists, and Stalinist intellectuals who have arrived there. They even have a certain amount of support in the Administration and without doubt among certain aliens of the Bourgeoise. Their action is and will be camouflaged: they will have to suspicion certain hopes in regard to the attitude of the U.S.S.R. in the coming developments of the war. They would do anything if they could get all their personnel installed in the United States. They will be able during a certain period of time at least, to close the door to me..... I will wait here until the situation becomes more difficult and may even turn out to be tragic; therefore, I demand and advise you to take action through Mexico in order to hasten the solution ELSA ought to be in Lisbon by now or at least within fifteen minutes. From



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there she will write to MAX EASTMAN. Steps have been taken for her by the Menshiniks, but she does not expect a favorable result as she is inclined to take a direct view of things knowing the egoism of the group of men who have occupied themselves with assisting her...."

"The difficulty of departing is very great. I must leave with my son as soon as possible for a number of reasons which you may guess; the unfortunate thing is that he does not have a passport; neither the Mexicans or the Americans will even issue him a transit visa. My daughter may be brought over a little later.

"A great deal is being done to save the leaders of the old parties, but the actions of the left or the extreme left and in particular the militant workers and the intellectuals are unimportant or scattered. It is among them that we find our best friends.... I think that we should rapidly create an aid organization which will be in charge of these aliens and will renew their relations with the various American responsibilities in order to see that the unions will finance the immigration of these militant workers.... Wouldn't it be possible to obtain through the Spanish aid commodities in Mexican funds; from the American aid commodities which are intended for a number of militants and intellectuals now taking refuge here? ELEANORANDER, perhaps will receive a manu script in the hope that she will be able to publish it in a magazine when conditions become normal. This is not my manuscript..... I have not even read it. The author seems to be a young man, intelligent, that is all that I am able to say....."

ITEM 2=276: Copy of a letter dated October 8, 1940, addressed to "Dear Friends". SERGE speaks generally of the serious difficulties he is having and concerning visas for Mexico and his attempt to obtain a transmit visa for New York. He further states that a sympathetic youth will probably send an essay one of these days to "Our Friends" in New York. He states that the youth is sympathetic and not stupid,

TTEM 2-227: Letter dated October 18, 1940, to "Dear Friends" by VICTOR SERGE: ".......... at present despite some clouds on the horizon our position is becoming a little bit better and it seems that within a few days we will have a roof over our heads and a fairly decent place to stay. I have received \$50 which was cabled by Messrs, J. P. Markham & Company of New York day before yesterday."

The writer then speaks generally about his attempts to get a passage for Mrs. SEJOURNE to the United States and of his confidence in her ability as an actress to gain a living on this side of the ocean. Mrs. SEJOURNE will ask JEAN RENOIR, a renowned film producer

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who is coming to America, to take the necessary action which will have to be done through the Emergency Rescue Committee and to get in touch with NANCY." SERGE, in the letter addressed October 21, 1940, to "Dear Friends" points out the qualifications of Mrs. SEJOURNE in order that the necessary steps to be taken for her to obtain a visa from the State Department. "SEJOURNE, LAURE, nee VALENTINI, born at Aquilla, Italy, October 24, 1911, French film actress assistant, author of a film about Spain, collaborates with GEORGES NEVEAUX and JEAN RENOIR. Recommendations: MODIGLIANI, ANDRE BRETON, MINE. I have learned that BRETON is having difficulties at Washington about visas but that Mexico has invited him there to give lectures. He is here; we see him often. "Also on this photo is a letter dated October 21, 1940, by VICTOR SERGE to MORGAN & COMPANY at Chatel Guyon acknowledging the receipt of 2,150 francs which were sent to him in payment of the sum of \$50.00 wired from New York.

ITEM 2-272: Letter dated October 21, 1940, advising a "Dear Friend" that the person can get in touch with VICTOR SERGE through the Emergency Rescue Committee, 122 East 42nd Street, New York City, whose representative in France is in charge of his affairs. He also states that he has other friends in New York.

ITEM 2-318, 319: Letter addressed to VICTOR SERGE, Marseilles, France, from Mrs. M. F. ETCHENFEHERE, Calle Tucuman, 2 do. Piso B., Buenos Aires dated October 22, (probably 1940). In this letter Mrs. ETCHENFEHERE speaks of the conditions under which the articles of subject may be printed in newspapers. She states that she was the manager of a periodical which comes out every week, and that this office is ready to take an article from SERGE. He may choose his own subject, but the price of each article will be only 250 francs. She further states that he will have to address them to her as if they were personal letters and that they must be sent in her mail. "..... regarding the business of obtaining a visa for entering Argentina, it is problematical. The doors here are becoming more and more closed against immigrants and especially against those whose names are well known as in your case..... Don't you think it would perhaps be easier to get a visa for North America....

"Send me an article immediately. Choose your subject in such a way that you will not have difficulties with the censor."



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ITEM 2-278: A letter dated November 6, 1940, headed LAURA SEJOURNE in care of Mr. BENEDITE, 63 Avenue Jean Lombarde, Ia Pomerai, Marseilles. In spite of the heading of this letter it is apparent that it was written by VICTOR SERGE in which letter to "Dear Friends" he advises them to take "our" new address and he further states that in spite of the novel made up of five parts on which he is spending a great deal of time, he has already lost so many manuscripts in Russia that he has a certain hesitation in working "here" under almost identical circumstances.

ITEM 2-280: Headed in the same way as the above letter and dated November 11, 1940, addressed to "Dear Friends". He acknowledges receipt of telegrams and for the remittances which have reached him and states further that some Russian friends in Mr. JOHN'S Club in New York have announced that there is a sum of 1,000 francs and that his part of that sum has already been sent to him. He tells these friends also to note his new address.

ITEM 2-320,321: A letter addressed to Mrs. LAURA SEJOURNE from NANCY MacDONAID, 117 East 10th Street, New York City, and postmarked at New York on November 25, 1940. "Dear Friends...... I sent you off immediately a cable with some money saying that we had received it and that we are still at work here in your behalf. I am sorry you have not received our letters..... Incidentally, the money was sent to IAURA. Concerning your visa. It is impossible to get one here for you but if we obtain one from JULIAN it will be possible for you to get a transit visa here and stay here. We also have the hopes of getting you a visa to Ecuador and should hear some about this. This too would permit you to get a transit visa here and stay here. We haven't heard from JULIAN but lately have heard that he is still working on the visa for you. However, yesterday we sent a telegram through to the authorities asking why we had had no news (politely). We hope for a reply soon. I don't understand what the Emergency Rescue Committee are up to. I am going to get in touch with them tomorrow. They are either lieing or else duplicating their work. I will also take up with them the matter of IAURA and will undertake to get affidavits for her myself if they have not done so already. LAURA will have to come in on a quota number but I understand that the French quota is not full so that should not be too difficult. RENOIR'S help will be of value. I will get in touch with him. Yes, we know his work—it is very fine..... No, nothing new on F.J. and we did not hear anything from MANGAN but he rather avoided us for reasons. He is gone now and we did not see him but friends did. With enormous greetings to you all from the MacDONALDS and other friends. (signed) NANCY."



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ITEM 2-325: A letter addressed to MMe. IAURA SEJOURNE, Marseilles, France, from NANCY MacDONALD, 117 East 10th Street, New York, New York, dated December 6, 1940. "Dear Friends: At last there is really good news. VICTOR has been granted a visa by the Mexican Government...... It is not yet clear as to whether VLADIMIR is also included but we are working on his visa now. We are also applying for an American visa for Mile. SEJOURNE, and we will send her the necessary papers in a few days. By the way, the Emergency Rescue Committee here has no record of either Mile. SEJOURNE or RENOIR. M. FREY must be misinformed about that. We have made inquiries at the Museum of Modern Art but they know nothing of M. RENOIR or whether he will arrive over here.

"Last week I cabled VICTOR to go to the American Lloyd, Inc. and to consult them about making the trip to Lisbon. We have arranged with our officer over here to take care of the entire trip. They have had much experience in getting the proper tickets, complying with formalities, etc. New friends of ours have recommended them to me highly."

She further states that VICTOR should not wait for VIADIMIR and Mile. SEJOURNE but that he should leave as soon as possible in view of the fact that boat service across the Atlantic is likely to be interrupted if not entirely stopped at any time.

*..Now that VICTOR has a Mexican visa obtained through Go together with certain friends here—Mr. FINERTY, the lawyer here who has been kindfenough to do what he can for us with the Washington authorities, thinks it will be possible to obtain for him at least a transit vise in the United States. In that case we shall at least be able to shake hands with VICTOR and to make his acquaintance which I need not tell you would give us the deepest happiness.

for many weeks now. We don't even know whether he has given any testimoney or when he will be brought into court if at all. We are very indignant about the treatment you have received from M. BOHN and we are making protests to the proper quarters about it.My husband sends you his warmest regards and the same to VICTOR. (Signed) NANCY MacDONAID."

ITEM 2-285: Letter dated December 8, 1940, in which the writer discussed the possibility of obtaining a visa from Cuba and



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plan to go there via Portugal. With a Cuban visa he would be granted a transit visa by Portugal and also a permit to leave France.

to "Dear MARC and JULIAN: The idea of making the voyage with GERMAINE and her daughter makes me smile..... A telegram of November 28 from my friends in New York told me that President CARDENAS has recommended your immigration visa.... visit the Mexican Consulate..... I did not go to the Consulate until yesterday, December 7, and they had not received any news." This copy of a letter along with other copies of letters which have no signature were obviously written by SERGE.

ITEMS 2-315,314,316,317: Letters dated December 13, 1940, from the Bernard Publishing Companyto VICTOR SERGE regarding the publication of a book by the latter and the condition of the publishing trade in France.

ITEM 2-288: Copy of a letter dated December 19, 1940, to "Dear Friends", stating that the writer went to the Mexican Consulate and that nothing had been received there. It further reflected that "your telegrams show what a fight you are putting up over there... in reality the entire world is against us, but we should not be surprised."

ITEM 2-289: Letter dated December 21, 1940, at Marseilles, "Dear Friends:..... If it should be impossible to obtain a transit visa for New York I shall be obliged to go to Mexico as quickly as possible from where it will perhaps be possible to go to the United States. That is what I am asking you to arrange for me... I have received your cable in the following form: 'Mexican Government sends Marseilles Consulate visas by cable 61787 November 12 Stop'. The date is certainly an error as it should read December in referring to your former telegram."

ITEM 2-291: Letter dated December 23, 1940, addressed to "Dear JULIAN: We have received the translation of the book. I am happy about our similarity of views as they will facilitate a great many things and will make us stronger." The remainder of this letter contains a detailed recital of difficulties in getting the desired visa and personal data in regard to LAURA SEJOURNE for the consulate.

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ITEM 2-281: Copy of a letter dated November 24, 1940. The writer, who is most likely SERGE, asks his "Dear Friends" if the "PARTIZAN REVIEW" still appears and that if it does he would like to get the last two numbers.

ITEM 1-756: Copy of a letter dated December 24, 1940, which is addressed to "Dear Friends" and is unsigned: "At the moment we have had no letters from you for a long time. I hope you have the Mexican visas by now and that you are working on the American transit visa. I hope that you have visited Mr. BINGHAM and that you have found him helpful. His brother wrote him on the sixth of September and says he never had a report concerning his note. DWIGHT has written a Clipper registered letter yesterday to BINGHAM which he should have when you receive this. I hope LAURA received a registered letter containing affidavits which was sent off on December 16. The general opinion is that she should write for a French quota number if she still wants to get an American visa. DWIGHT and I hope to go to Washington on Thursday (26th) to try to get a transit visa for you and to make a last plea for a faster visa. I cannot write you of all the negotiations that have taken place, of the telegrams and the letters and the telephone calls that have been written and made DWIGHT has just completed an eighty page opus that he has been working on since August. I think he feels relieved. Now he is waiting for comments and arguments which I believe will be quite lively. Incidentally we never received that story that you sent from England by was going to send by S.M...... DWIGHT asks me to say that he and his friends are looking forward accordingly to meeting you here before long. There is so much to discuss, and we hope you will have the manuscript of a new novel with you.

"With our best Christmas Greetings to you and to VIADIMIR and JEANNIENE and Mme. SEJOURNE." (It is observed that this letter is without signature but is apparently meant for VICTOR SERGE and is from NANCY MacDONAID in New York.

ITEM 1-757: A letter dated January 21, 1941, from NANCY MacDONALD, 117 East 10th Street, New York City, "Dear Friends....

My last letter stated that IAURA'S visas had been granted sometime ago but the final word on it is not yet received. But your friends in Mexico hoped that it would reach IAURA in time for her to leave with you all. Hers was not granted at the same time as the three others as the three were given at the request of a friend of ours up here since we did not know about IAURA..... Your passage has already been paid for from Lisbon to New York, and the rest will be paid as soon as we hear that the



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money is needed...... We have not heard from RENOIR although we see by the papers that he is here. I did go to the Emergency Rescue Committee again, and they had absolutely no information about IAURA..... With warmest greetings to you all... NANCY."

ITEM 1-759: Letter dated January 16, 1941, from NANCY MacDONAID to "Dear Friends": In this letter NANCY reveals the difficulties which had been encountered in obtaining visas for VICTOR and his children. She stated that she thought what they had been doing through a friend of MAX EASTMAN in behalf of VICTOR was mainly supplementing what JULIAN was doing for them in Mexico. However, it seems that the matters were entirely distinct. She states again that his and his children's passages have been paid from the Lisbon Port to New York on the American Export Lines and that IAURA is to be taken care of by one means or another. "..... we have worked via the Amerloyd because they were helping us on the Cuban idea. The I.R.A. has employed their services quite frequently and others have been assisted by them. NANCY also speaks of money sent to the addressee on December 27, either via J. P. MORGAN or the American Express. She states that they went to Washington on his behalf; that MICHAEL has been sick; and that DWIGHT is always busy writing.

ITEM 2-296: A cablegram addressed to NANCY MacDONALD send by LAURE SEJOURNE in Marseilles, Frances "MEXICAN VISA RECEIVED AND NOTIFIED AMERICAN EXPORT PREPARATIONS IN COURSE FOR LAURA NEED MORAL AFFIDAVIT WHICH MAY BE CABLED BY SAME PERSONNEL. GREETINGS. SEJOURNE."

Under the same item there is a short note dated January 16, 1941, to "Dear Friends" and is unsigned (this must be a copy of a letter written by SERGE: "You must at least know by me JACQUES MESNIL, son of my oldest friends..... He died in a convent in middle. France where he took refuge when fleeing Paris:

ITEM 1-762: Letter from the American Export Lines, Marseilles, dated January 24, 1941, addressed to the Portuguese Consul at Marseilles in which Export Lines advise that the tickets from Lisbon to New York from VICTOR and VIADIMIR KIBALTCHICHE have been paid for in full. Letter states that they are in touch with these people and are now trying to reserve places for them on one of their boats. They further request that a transit visa be granted them by Portugal.

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in which the writer tells his "Dear Friends" that he has a mind to go directly from Fisbon too Mexico and that the passage money would have to be transferred to the line which is granting passage to Mexico. He further stated that by going directly to Mexico he would have very little change of getting a Spanish visa for Spain and Mexico and no diplomatic connections. He further states that at present everything is held up because of the impossibility of obtaining from the American Consulate anything more than a formal report equivalent to a refusal.

Under the same Item Number is an unsigned letter dated January 30, 1941, which is summarized as follows: The personnel of the Cansulate seems to be predisposed against him because he is not yet in possession of a special visa. He says he is also trying to get away to get from Marseilles to Lisbon without troubling his friends. He says that BRETON has finally received his American visa and hesfurther states that he is at present reading Sidney Hook's book.

ITEM 1-760: Letter from NANCY MacDONAID addressed to "Dear Friends" which from its contents reflects that it was written after February 2, 1941. She states in this regard that they are all disgusted and puzzled by the whole matter, and that they are sending a strong letter to the Department which, if there are any confusions in their ties, should clear them up. "and I fear they are confused for the head of the Department wrote us one thing and the sub-head wrote us the exact opposite. The former said that they themselves had started the investigation -- the latter said that Marseilles had requested it and it was on the strength of the latter statement that we sent the cable suggesting that you try to go by some other route, but if the former is correct and we believe that it must be since you also state that the whole thing depends on Washington then we believe that there should be a successe ful termination to the matter as soon as the Marseilles report arrives. A friend in Washington will keep me advised as to when the report arrives. (signed) NANCY."

ITEM 1-756. A letter from NANCY MacDONAID to Mme. IAURA SEJOURNE dated February 11, 1941, and postmarked New York City February 18, 1941. "Dear Friends...... We do not understand the most recent developments that have occurred but with the help of a friend in Washington we hope to be able to ascertain what is happening. As far as we can make out now the whole question of the transit visas has been revised again."





ITEM 2-311: Cablegram from LAURA SEJOURNE, Marseilles, France, to NANCY MacDONALD: "CONSULATE CABLING STATE DEPARTMENT CONCERNING OUR TRANSIT VISAS. URGE IF POSSIBLE. GREETINGS. SEJOURNE."

... Another cablegram dated February 11, 1941, reading as follows:
"NANCY MacDONALD, 117 East 10 Street, New York: AMERICAN CONSUL AWAITING DECISION FROM DEPARTMENT ON VISA. WITHOUT AMERICAN VISA TRANSIT OF SPAIN ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE. WILL TRY ANOTHER WAY. NECESSARY TO TRANSFER FUNDS TO LINE ASSURING TRIP DIRECT TO MEXICO AND TO ADVISE US. GREETINGS. SEJOURNE."

Cablegram reading as follows and dated February 13, 1941, to NANCY MacDONALD: "WITHOUT AMERICAN TRANSIT DEPARTURE VERY DIFFICULT. SPAIN REFUSES TRANSIT FOR MEXICO. MOROCCO GRANTS TRANSIT LISBON DEMANDS PAID VOYAGE TO MEXICO. CABLE ADDRESS CARE OF KICH HOTEL, ROME, MARSEILLES."

ITEM 2-312: Cablegram dated February 28, 1941, to
NANCY MacDONALD: "PLEASE OBTAIN EMERGENCY TRANSIT SAN DOMINGO
THROUGH DOMINICAN SETTLEMENT ASSOCIATION. WOULD MAKE DEPARTURE POSSIBLE
SOON. MEXICAN VISA FOR LAURA NOT ARRIVED. REGARDS. SEJOURNE."

Cablegram dated February 21, 1941, to NANCY MacDONALD:
"MARTINIQUE DEMANDS TRANSIT SAN DOMINGO. IMPOSSIBLE TO OBTAIN IT HERE.
POSSIBLE TO OBTAIN IT BY TELEGRAM NEW YORK THROUGH DOMINICAN SETTLEMENT ASSOCIATION. INTERVENE. CABLE REPLY. REGARDS. LAURA."

ITEM 2-313: Cablegram dated March 13, 1941, to NANCY MacDONALD: "HOPELESS DIFFICULTIES. MARTINIQUE DEMANDS DOMINICAN AND CUBAN TRANSIT VISAS. AIMOST IMPOSSIBLE TO OBTAIN HERE. WE HAVE CABLED CUIDAD TRUJILLO. ARE ASKING CUBA. SUPPORT IF YOU CAN. REGARDS. SEJOURNE."

Cablegram dated March 5, 1941, to JULIAN GOMEZ-GORKIN:
"WE ARE DISTURBED. LAURA SEJOURNE'S VISAS NOT YET ARRIVED. PLEASE
INVESTIGATE. URGENT. ADDRESS SERGE HOTEL ROHR, MARSEILLES, REGARDS."

ITEM 2-302: Letter dated February 13, 1941, and unsigned directed to "Dear Friends" and is undoubtedly from SERGE. He states among other things that KRIV. 'S death is affecting him a great deal because he has known him for so many years. The writer says he is

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hoping to leave with his son. JEANNIENE will come later with LAURA.

ITEM 1-766: A letter written from Lyon February 25, 1941, and addressed to VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE, the return address on the envelope being VAUTHIER, Lycee du Parc, Lyon, wherein the writer tells of his wife's illness and says that the child JEANNIENE is very happy now that she is going to school and that it would be wrong for his friend to think of taking her over seas where doubtless soon there will be just as much danger and disturbance as there is in Europe.

ITEM 2-305: Copy of a letter apparently written by SERGE dated March 25, 1941, in which he says that he has waged the battle for the visas for eight months now and cites several cases of people who might have helped him but who seemed to have done just the opposite. He mentions a LEO B. to whom he wrote in Toulouse asking for advice and information but from whom he received no reply. He found out after his departure from New York that he was the representative for the I.R.A. He mentions the American visa situation again. He names others inthe same fix: GRILLE VICZ, TALELEIM, and BRANDL. He states that there is nothing definite from Lisbon for Laura and that the Emergency Rescue Committee has never answered and he has discussed it with her.

ITEM 2-308: Copy of a letter dated March 10, 1941, apparently from SERGE in which he says he has no illusions about the officials of the State Department among whom there are probably a goodly number of Reactionaries and some friends of the U.S.g.R. who are discreet but do their duty. He agrees that a Russian political refugee has no particular right for an entry visa to the United States. He says he is very surprised by the exclusive treatment he has received and he does not see how they can justify it knowing how many people are being admitted. He says that in his records in Washington they must have found something terrific which had been prepared for the occasion as they did in Brussels and in Paris. He is held there simply because of this visa and will soon be turned over to the enemy just at a time when the United States claims to be working in favor of the political refugees of Europe. He thinks that the treatment he is receiving from the State Department is simply scandalous. He says he is not the only one in the same situation. He is enclosing a copy of his letter of March 6. He hopes that they will soon have a decision from Washington or from Chidad Trujillo.

ITEM 2-310, 309: Copy of the letter dated March 13, 1941, at Marseilles to JULIAN GOMEZ in Mexico City. He says that departure for the United States is easy but for Mexico is next to impossible.

Morocco has refused him a transit visa, and he is wondering if JULIAN could do something to help hurry things along.





ITEM 1-761: A letter bearing the following heading: "HOME FOR AFRICAN AND ASIATIC STUDENTS", Marseilles, March 21, 1941.

"Mr. LOUIS ACHILLE "Howard University

"Washington, U.S.A.

"My dear Lou Lous.

"The bearer of this letter is a very special friend of mine. I know that you will receive him as you would welcome me. Please be kind enough to help him. I am counting on you to make things pleasant for him, as you would do for those whom you love. He will tell you all about me.

(signed) "V. ARLOU ?"

A card was enclosed with the following name and address:

E. Di Cavalcanti A. Percira 31 Rua Correa Varques Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

ITEM 2-255: Letter written to ISABELITA on August 21, 1941, from the writer's address in care of Mrs. SOSNOSKI, 123 Rue Horace Bertin, Marseilles. He mentions a person named MOLINS and again regrets the death of L.D. He mentions that he had asked her to obtain Mexican visas for VIADIMIR, his sister, and himself which would be useful to them even in going to the United States. He reports having put in a final application in Marseilles and also has asked for help from some friends whose names are not mentioned. The final sentence is: "If we do not find a great deal of solidity in America" this world crisis many of us are lost—and we shall no longer be alive when there is need of us."

SECTION III - VIADIMIR KIBALTCHICHE'S CORRESPONDENCE

ITEMS 1-21 through 1-24: These are of a letter written probably to VIADIMIR by ISABELITA and dated at Caracas, June 27, 1938. They are entirely personal and are in very faulty French greatly influenced by the Spanish and relate details of her daily life. She speaks of the possibility of their going to New York together.

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ITEMS 1-12, 13: A letter from Isabelita to Vladimir dated November 20, 1938, from Caracas. The writer was pleased to receive the letters from Vladimir. On November 19 she received a letter from HENRI BRUCHET; she stated that after he had stopped to see her he left for Spain where he stayed for ten days. After August 18, 1938, he was imprisoned at the Sant in Paris for protesting against the State. He hopes to be released around the first of December. He saw EMILIO while in Paris. ISABELITA requests VLADIMIR to check this last statement with EMILIO. ISABELITA professes her love for VLADIMIR. She further wants to help BRUCHET and requests information for sending money to him.

ITEMS 1-14, 15: A letter to VIADIMIR written by ISABELITA in Caracas November 26, 1938; In the letter she tells how her father accidentally shot himself and later died from the wounds. The accompanying events are recorded by her. She speaks of the exhorbitant amount demanded by the doctor who attended her father and stated that this idea taken by the Bourgeoise class would make anyone a Communist.

ITEM 1-11: This item is a personal letter dated April 30, 1939, from ISABELITA in Caracas to "VIADI". ISABELITA states that she has to work long hours as she is the Secretary to the Minister. She lives with one "MURITA" and enjoys the company of one "ISSAIAS MEDINA" who, though he speaks and thinks absolutely differently from ISABELITA, is a fine young man who has done much to improve the working conditions of the working classes. She is thinking of going to Paris around the end of July or the first of August. Her mother and MURITA will probably accompany her.

ITEMS 1-25,26: A letter dated May 24, 1939, at Caracas from ISABELITA to VIADI. Her mother and MURITA are going to Paris. They are sailing on the Carribia on June 11 and will arrive there on June 23. She wishes that VIADIMIR would agree with EMILIO and meet her mother and MURITA at Cherbourg when the boat docks. / BRUCHET went to Paris again.

ITEMS 1-47, 48: A letter from MAURICE to VIADI written in Oran January 24, 1941. The writer expresses his boredom and states that the business affairs are not going as well as might be wished. Names mentioned in the letter are: VICTOR, ANDRE, JACQUELINE, DENIS (?), DINA, FRANCINE (?), ISABELITO, IGNACIO, JUAN, JUAN'S wife (the latter two were interned in a camp near Toulouse), WILL (?); All of these persons were mentioned in a casual letter of a friendly nature.



CONT.

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ITEM 1-31,32: Letter written in Oran on February 28, 1941, addressed to VLADI by a man whose name is possibly MAURICE. This letter is personal in nature and discusses the unhappy turn which an amorous affair between VLADI and a certain DINA has taken.

ITEMS 2-361, 362: This is a postcard from L. ROUSSAKOV dated May 19, 1941, at the Hospital De Ia Maison Blanche, Weuilly, Seine et Oise addressed to VIADT ROUSSAKOV, 123 Rue Horans, Bertin, Marseilles. (It will be here observed that the card apparently is from VIADIMIR'S mother who is ailing, as has been noted before, and is in a hospital. It may also be observed that the mother whose maiden name was ROUSSAKOV is living under that name and addressing her son under this name which might give indications of their status in France.)

ITEMS 1-28,29,30: A personal letter dated August 6, 1941, sent from New York to VIADI SERGE in care of EUGENIO GRANDELL to Avenida Independencia, Ciudad, Trujillo, Dominican Republic, from ISABELITO MAURI (?), 130 West 57th Street, New York City. "I went to the Cuban Consulate to find out what was being done about the visa for you both and they told me that \$500 was needed for the transit visa. However, if you both agree to remain in the airport or in the plane during the time that the plane is passing through Cuba a visa is not necessary. The airline only demands a visa for Mexico. I am thinking of leaving on the tenth of this month. I have everything all arranged, visa, etc. MURITA is in Caracas but is leaving this month for Mexico. I believe that she will arrive at the same time that I will. I am sure that you will like her.

"The 'Molins' affair is going rather badly—first, he has a visa which is valid for Venezuela; second, I have requested a permit from the French Consulate in Washington so that he could embark at Casa Blanca. They definitely promised it to me but he is to pass through Portugal and they won't let him. There are no direct boats now.

"Today I bought clothes for V.S. It is worthwhile living when there are men like V.S." On the reverse side of a photograph is written: "My latest photograph in Caracas, 515 West 143 Street, Apartment 42.

ITEMS 1-37,38: A letter to VLADI written in Oran by a certain MAURICE. The letter is personal and especially warns VLADI and his father to be on their guard. The writer also mentions that he is concerned over the future of a friend (HENRIQUE).



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SECTION IV - CONCERNING PUBLICATIONS AND WRITINGS OF VICTOR SERGE (KIBALTCHICHE)

ITEM 1-641: This is an article entitled "The Memory of VLADIMIR ILLITCH" in which VICTOR SERGE extols the memory of Lenin, praises his far sightedness and lauds his relentless activity on behalf of the party. SERGE states that if Lenin had lived conditions in the Soviet would probably be better. His attitude may be summed up in the following: "On the whole his (Lenin's) work remains, nevertheless, as a new starting point in history, a magestic example of lack of self interest and devotion to the working class, a triumphant application of Marxist thought to the struggle of the classes." This item was written in 1937 and published in "IABATALLA".

ITEMS 1-648,649,650, and 659: In this article written on January 2, 1937, VICTOR SERGE discusses various types of power. He states that in a period of social crisis there are two main types of power: A very strong power for defending the privileges of the rich classes against the workers or a very strong power for the support of the masses. The former tends to be detrimental to the farmers and the workers and to destroy revolutionary organizations; the latter tends to strengthen the energy of the masses.

ITEMS 1-651, 652, 653, and 658: The title of the article is "Everything Repeats Itself". "Nineteen years apart, in two such different countries as Russia and Spain, the same causes produce the same effects. During July and August of 1937 in Russia the parties that were interested in or directed by Bourgeoise democracy had no answer for the Bolsheviks whose watchwords were in accordance with relativity; peace among the people without emancipations or contributions, workers' control of production, land for the farmers, power for the Workers' Council. Not having an answer they therefore used their most perfidious weapon—slander, and it is slander which they are now using against us, Comrades of the P.O.U.M. (Workers Party for Marxists Unification) and the C.N.T. (Confederacion Nationale de Travail).

Mafter the events of July, 1917, Lenin and Zenoviev had to hide in a small cottage on the coast of Finland. Trotsky let himself be arrested in order to answer to the action of the party (who understand that the two leaders of the revolutionary ought not to put themselves in danger at the same time), then slander entered the picture. They were called Agents who sold out to Germany. Every person in the world denounced the Bolsheviks and in the Siberian Revolution today the P.O.U.M. finds itself in the same position in which the Bolsheviks were in 1917.



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"However, we shall defend the interests of the Soviet Workers and those of the Workers of Spain. We shall also struggle for socialism throughout the world including the U.S.S.R." This article is signed, VICTOR SERGE, dated, December 29, 1938.

ITEMS 1-654, 655, 656, and 657: These documents form an article entitled "Against Slander"; it was written by VICTOR SERGE and dated January 1, 1937. In it SERGE tells the comrades of the P.O.U.M. and the C.N.T. that they must combat slander; that facts, dates, ideas, and history are the most effective methods for dealing with slander.

ITEMS 1-710,709, 708, 707, 706: This is an article by VICTOR SERGE entitled "Power and Limitations of Marxism", published in "THE MASSES-A SOCIALIST REVIEW", Number Three, March, 1939, Paris. SERGE states that Russia is far from a true Marxist State. The fear of the masses is characteristic of nearly the entire Russian Revolution development. The reason to be drawn from this is that socialism is essentially libertarian. It is clear in Russia today that without freedom of thought, speech, criticism, and initiative socialized production cannot help but undergo one crisis after another. Liberty is as necessary to Marxism and socialism as oxygen is to living beings. In Russia the dictatorship of the proletariat has become the dictatorship of officials and police over the proletariat; the working class is much worse off than it was under the old government; agriculture has been ruined by forced collectivistion. Marxism has been destroyed by an anti-socialist Government but SERGE feels that a newworking class will re-constitute itself in Russia on a considerably enlarged industrial basis,

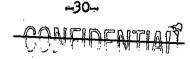
The following are a list of title pages as appear in the books found in the luggage of SERGE:

ITEM 2-1: Author VICTOR SERGE; title "The Men in Prison", published by Les Editions Rieder - Paris - MCMXXX.

ITEM 2-3: Author VICTOR SERVE; title "Midnight—the Center Light", published by Grasset.

ITEM 2-9: Author LEON TROTSKY, tranlated from the Russian by VICTOR SERGE; title, "The Revolution Betrayed", published by Grasset.

ITEM 2-19: Author VICTOR SERGE, published in "SPARTACUS", monthly editions, new series No. I. In this issue: "Sixteen Shot—In What Directionis the Russian Revolution Going?" Preface by MAGADELEINE PAZ.



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ITEM 2-10: Author VICTOR SERGE, title "Ville Conquise" (Conquered City), published by LeadEditions Rieder @ Paris - MCMXXXII.

ITEM 2-6: "From Lenin to Stalin", by VICTOR SERGE.

ITEM 2-13: This item is the cover page of a pamphlet on Avignon and Arles.

ITEM 2-24: "History of the Russian Revolution-The October Revolution".

ITEM 2-33: Author VICTOR SERGE; the title "The City in Danger" (Petrograd), the second year of the revolution. Published by Librairie du Travail, 96, Quai de Jemmapes, Paris.

ITEM 2-31: "Literature and Revolution", author VICTOR SERGE, published by Cahiers Blues, Paris, dated April 1, 1932.

ITEM 2-30: Author, VICTOR SERGE; title "Portrait of Stalin" -- translation and preface by JULIAN GORKIN: "The Munder of Trotsky Revealed".

ITEM 2-28: A statement which reads as follows and refers to the above book: "The author of the translation and of the preface, to the author of the book, in an absolute agreement of views", signed JULIAN GORKIN, Mexico, Federal District, January 12, 1940.

ITEM (No number): Author VICTOR SERGE; title "A Burning Question—Marxism and Anarchy" translated from the French with an introduction by JANTIEN VERMIER. Publisher Libracion Publishing House, Rotterdam.

ITEM (No number): Author VICTOR SERGE; title "The Secrets of a Political Serret Service", adapted from the French by LODE ROELANDT, publisher De Korenaar, printer Internacia, Antwerp.

ITEM 1-482-611: Typewritten manuscript on the Communist movements in Europe and of the men involved,

ITEM 2-35: Author VICTOR SERGE; publication SPARTACUS; title "Twenty Years after Lenin-1917".

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ITEM 2-34: Author VICTOR SERGE; title "The Critical Spirit in the Russian Revolution".

ITEM 2-32: Author VICTOR SERGE; title "Fascism, Anti-Fascism, Farrago and Depression", published in LES HUMBLES, Books 1 and 2, 24th Series, January and February, 1939.

ITEM 2-24: Author VICTOR SERGE; title "The First Year of the Russian Revolution". On this page also appears the list of books by the same author and states that one of his books in preparation is entitled "Birth of Our Power".

ITEM 2-22: Author VICTOR SERGE,; title "Portrait of Stalin", published by Grasset.

ITEM 2-18: Authors: ALFRED ROSEMER, VICTOR SERGE, and MAURICE WULLENS; title "The Murder of Ignace Reiss", published by LES HUMBLES, Series 23, Book 4, Paris, April, 1938.

ITEMS 2-19, 21: These pages reflect that "Record of the Executioners" was written by a number of authors among whom were listed such names as ANDRE BRETON, GEORGES HENEIN, MARCEL MARTINET, MAURICE PARIJANINE, MAGADELEINE PAZ, JEAN-PAUL SAMSON, VICTOR SERGE and MAURICE WULLENS.

ITEM 2-7: Author VICTOR SERGE; title "Seat of a Revolution", published by Edeciones Ercilla, Augustinas 1639—Casilla 2787, Santiago, Chile. Under this item also appeared a list of Ercilla publications listing the titles of the books and the authors under headings of Fascism, Communism, North American, Spain and France.

ITEM 2-14: "The Proletariat Revolution", a revolutionary syndicalist's semi-monthly review. In this also appears "The Writings and the Facts" by VICTOR SERGE.

ITEM 2-377, 378: An article entitled "Bessarabia and Dobrudga".

ITEM 1-392,438: Typewritten manuscript of "History of Social Revolution".

ITEM 1-642, 643: "Two Defeats" - short article on the Spanish Civil War.

ITEM 1-644, 646: "Legitimate Defense" - complaint by SERGE that he is being falsely attacked by certain European writers and papers for opposing Communistic prosecutions, etc.



ITEM 1-347, 352: Letters to MAURICE WULLENS on anti-Semitism and some other matters.

ITEM 1-614, 616: Letter to the Executive Committee of the P.O.U.M., January 18, 1937, containing advice on the distribution of socialistic propaganda among Soviet sailors in Spanish ports, on Spanish ships, etc.

ITEM 1-367, 372: Author VICTOR SERGE; title "Testimony of the Revolution" - an addition to the above book entitled "The Crisis of the Stalin Regime".

ITEM 1-713, 714: Letter to the New International New York, concerning an article attributed to SERGE but which he says he did not write - August, 1939.

ITEM 1-314, 317: A letter to BERGE from JOSEPH KRONAUER, Paris, October 28, 1936, dealing with Communist and Socialist affairs in Europe.

ITEM 1-301: Three slips of paper, each with the heading G.P.U.; apparently notes on missing men.

ITEM 1-322: A criticism of Stalin's regime.

ITEM 1-302, 313: Detailed notes on history and appearances of various individuals; information which appears to have been obtained from the G.P.U. present in Barcelona. The reports are signed G.

ITEM 1-305: This mentions a former G.P.U. Agent named NINA who traveled in North and South America November, 1937.

SECTION V - NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS AND ARTICLES IN POSSESSION OF KIBALTCHICHE

ITEM 1-672 through 675: Printed and handwritten copies of an article by LEON TROTSKY dated July 6, 1938, and discussing his connections with the repression of the Kronstadt Rebellion.

ITEM 1-722 through 719: An article from the "IA VOIE DE LENINE", March, 1939, Series. The headings read: "The Revolutionary Moral Philosophies" and "The Methods of Leon Trotsky". The questions discussed were why has the world revolutionary party (the Communist International) degenerated and why has the country of the socialist



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revolution, the U.S.S.R., been overwhelmed by the totaletarian system. Is the provision of this system's moral philosophy to replace the plan of Bolshevism, its moral philosophy and its methods? VICTOR SERGE is classed among these anti-Trotskyites.

ITEM 1-715: This is a newspaper article by KURT LANDON entitled "Trotskyism and the Spanish Revolution". TROTSKY publicly branded the leaders such as ANDRE and JUAN ADRADE who committed the serious error of splitting themselves from him, as a great many to the Marxists have done for the simple reason that the P.O.U.M. (Workers' Party of Marxists Unification) signed the electoral agreement of the Popular Front in February. It is the feeling of the Marxists that TROTSKY broke definitely with the plans of the revolutionary morals preconceived by the labor movement.

ITEM 1-320 through 318: This is an article by ERICH WOLLENBERG published in 1938, entitled "The Obliteration of the Boundary Between the G.P.U. and the Gestapo". This article mentions the assassination of Ignaz Reill on September 4, 1937, the doubt in the minds of the people as to whether he was killed by Gestapo Agents or Stalin Agents and the conclusion that Reiss' letter to Stalin in which he announced his break with the latter was his death warrant.

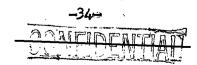
The three at the top of the page are probably notes made preparatory to writing an article or speech. The heading is "Bolshevism and Socialist Morality". The lower left corner shows a note from VICTOR SERGE to the Editor of the "Bulletin of the Opposition" dated March 28, 1939k and requesting that they publish his reply to a letter of TROTSKY'S. On a small card in the same corner is a quotation from some author: "We must find more men who devote not only their spare moments but their whole life to the revolution." The card of LEON TROTSKY is seen in the lower left hand corner.

ITEM 1-132: Cover of "Selections from Karl Marx".

ITEM 1-439 through 444: Typewritten manuscript of an article entitled, "Thesis on the Russian Revolution".

ITEM 1-191: Cover of a book by ALBERT GOIDMAN, entitled "Who is Behind the Assassination of Trotsky".

ITEM 2-27: Author IEON TROTSKY, entitled "History of the Russian Revolution".



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ITEM 2-26: Author SIDNEY HOOK, entitled "In Order to Understand Marx".

ITEM 2-357: Author Mme/de LAFAYETTE, entitled "LA Princisse de Cleves".

ITEM 2-358: Author ARTHUR/BYHAN, Curator of the Ethnographic Museum of Hamburg, entitled "The Caucasian Civilization".

ITEM 2-359: "Proletarian Readings" published at Paris every two months. In this issue there appeared an article by VICTOR SERGE, "29 Executed and the End of Yagoda". Post cases on the U.S.S.R. and the Moscow case.

ITEM 2-16: Author JEAN MONTIGNY, entitled "The Entire Truth about a Dramatic Month in our History" (from the Armistice to the National Assembly, June 15, to July 15, 1940).

ITEM 2-2: Author JOAQUIN MAURIN, entitled "Revolution and Counter-Revolution in Spain".

ITEM 1-218: Publication "CRAPOUILIOT". Special issue January, 1938, title of article "Anarchy" by VICTOR SERGE, ALEXANDRE CROIX and JEAN BERNIER.

ITEMS 1-215 through 217: Publication "CLARTE", issues
February, 1922; August 15, 1922; September 1, 1922; September 15 and
November 15, 1922. Place of publication, France; writers in the issue
of September 1, 1922, include VICTOR SERGE, ANDRE BAILION and others.

ITEM L-661: Newspaper - P.O.U.M. (organ for the Madrid Section of the Workers' Party for Marxist Unification published at Madrid, Spain; issued October 14, 1936. An article therein states that there are two organizations in Spain which will struggle to the end for the success of the proletariat revolution. They are the C.N.T. and the Anarchist Youth with the P.C.U.M. and its Siberian Communist Youth.

ITEM 1-660: Newspaper LA BATALLA. The central organ of the Workers' Party for Marxist Unification -- probably in Spain.

Also contained in the subject's luggage were a number of articles from the newspapers IA BATALIA, L'INTRANSIGIANT, PARIS SOIR, IA NACION, and IA TRIBUNE DE GENEVE, none of which appear to have articles of any particular importance from the viewpoint of this report.

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interest in regard to the Spanish Civil War and the formation of the Central Military Committee. "The Central Military Committee is made up of representatives of military workers' families and the Bourgeoise. The first Committee was composed almost entirely of workers, participants of the C.N.T. and the P.O.U.M. and in the course of several weeks others came in and the committee became a political organization with representatives from all parts so that actually, the power entirely and wholly belonged to this central committee. This committee existed so that it could transfer itself to the building of the 'generation' and call itself the Government. This is what it did. The C.N.T., the largest workers' organization, joined this Government. The P.O.U.M. was compelled to join or to disintegrate. Subsequently it would have been necessary for it to join for there was no other way out or otherwise they would be regarded as unlawful. Inasmuch as the Anarchists did not support it there was no other way out...."

ITEM 1-56, 90: Meaningless notes in a diary. Name: HELEN MAGAILOVIA/TKALAVKO.

ITEM 2-222, 225: In this item there is part of a letter from MAURICE to VICTOR written on August 5, 1941. The writer mentions that the visa for Venezuela is possible and in this connection says he will write to ISABELITO. He will also write to HORURTOM and to THORETIO who is the Director of the "JOURNAL OF THE HESPIANIC CONFEDERATION" (?) in New York and who is undoubtedly acquainted with VICTOR as an active member of the C.N.T. It is possible, the writer understands, that THORETIO will be able to accomplish something for VICTOR.

SECTION VI 👄 MISCELLANEOUS

ITEM 2-243: Postcard from H. SGOURDELIS-20, Kydathinaion, Athens, Greece, to VICTOR SERGE, Marseilles, France.

ITEM 2-354: Letter to SERGE from the Minister of National Education concerning the inspection of his papers dated November 5, 1936.

ITEMS 2-240, 244, 246, and 247: These items are mainly inventories of personal belongings of VICTOR SERGE such as miscellaneous articles, contents of trunk, etc.

ITEM 2-287, 286: Personal letter by VICTOR SERGE, Marseilles, December 14, 1941, concerning difficulties of obtaining an American transit visa. The writer mentions ELEANOR DEREN, care of Dr. S. D. DEREN, 102 Summit Avenue, Syracuse, New York.



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ITEM 1-333, 338: Proof studies for an article, "Reply to Trotsky".

ITEM 1-689, 695: Typewritten manuscript for above.

ITEM 1-696, 697: Letter from TROTSKY to VICTOR SERGE dated March 5, 1937.

ITEM 1-705: Newspaper clippings - "Victor Serge and the Fourth International". March 13, 1939; the article disclaims any connection between SERGE and the International.

ITEM 1-733,352: Typewritten manuscript on an article on socialism by SERGE.

ITEM 1-730, 732, 716 and 718: Reply by SERGE to an article by TROTSKY dated March 18, 1939.

ITEM 1-723, 728: Reply by SERGE TO attack on him by JEAN BOUS May 20, 1939.

ITEM 2-341: Statement issued by the American Consulate at Marseilles, France, which points out the requirements to be made for the issuance of a temporary visas to the United States.

ITEM 2-242: Handwritten letters of the requirements which must be made to receive an American passport. It is not signed.

SECTION VII - SUMMARY OF NAMES OF PERSONS
WRITING TO, HEARING FROM, OR HAVING CONNECTIONS
WITH VICTOR SERGE (who may be of interest to the
Bureau).

ITEM 2-50, 51: MARCEL BODY
Mrs. WILLIAM STRAUSS,
Home Farm
Amenia, New York

ITEM 2-85, 84: *EMERGENCY RESCUE COMMITTEE 122 East 42nd Street
New York

ITEM 2-83: ANGELICA BALABANOFF
Hotel Park Place
50-58 West 77th Street
New York, New York

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ITEM 2-80: ELEANORA DEREN

228 West 13th Street New York, New York, 102 Summit Avenue

or

Syracuse, New York

ITEM 2-76: GOMY (?), JULIAN ILLCA

133 West 33rd Street New York, New York MARTIN TEMPLE
Mexico City, via

New York

ITEM 2-58: SCHACHTMAN, MAX
(55 East 11 Street
New York, New York

ITEM 2-53: J. WATERMAN, Pioneer Pullshen (?), (Possibly Pioneer Publishers)
100 Fifth Avenue, New York City

ITEM 2-87, 86: Names and addresses of persons in Europe.

ITEM 2885, 84: Names of persons in France.

The following are names which have appeared before in this report and are set out again for the purpose of indexing:

H. XSGOURDELIS, 20, Kydathinaion (Krivitsky) Athens, Greece

LAURA SE JOURNE NATHALIE IVANOVA

ISABELITO MAURI (?)
130 West 57th Street
New York City
ALFRED BINGHAM
ANDRE BRETON (Received American
visa)

LEO BE. (Toulouse, France)
Representative for the I.R.A.
LOUIS ACHILLE, Howard
University, Washington, D.C.
Q. V. ARLO (?)

MAX FASTMAN
DASHADOUBINSKY
JULIAN GOMEZ-CORKIN (care of Martin Temple,
Edidon (O Morriso City)
Edison 40, Mexico City)
APRIETO
MODICLIANI (Italian Refugee and
anti-Fascist)
OLGA CENTER
MOLINS
Mr. BOHN (BOHN'S Club in New York)
Annual and the second control of the second
ANDRE GIDE
LEON WIRTH LEVDAVIDOUECHH
THORETIO, Director of Hespianic
thousand, priector of hespianic
Confederation, New York City
GRILEVICZ
TALHUM
BRANDL

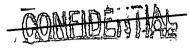
A N PEREIR

E. di CAVALCANTI
Mrs. M. F. ETCHE BEHERE
Calle Tucuman
2 do, Piso B
Buenos Aires, Argentina
JEANNINE KIBALTCHICHE
MARCEAU AIVERT
EUGENE LYONS
SIDNEY HOOK
GEORGE SOKOLSKY

CHARLES WOLFF
VARIAN FRY (Not FREY)
American Aid Committee
60 Rue Grignam
Marseilles, France
VIADEMIR KIBALTCHICHE
GUSTAN REGLER
MAX EASTMAN
BERTRAM D. WOLFE
LUIBOV ROUSSAKOV KIBALTCHICHE,
alias LUIBOV ROUSSAKOV (VICTOR
KIBALTCHICHE'S wife)

Contained also among the documents found in the luggage of KIBALTCHICHE was a picture of himself as shown on the cover of one of his published books, and two other pictures of two youthful looking boys one of which may be his son VLADIMIR.

The three copies of each photograph taken of the documents in subject's luggage and the corresponding three translations are being maintained in the files of this office. Any future reference made to a particular document will be made according to Item Number and subject matter.



UNDEVELOPED LEADS

WASHINGTON FIELD DIVISION:

At Washington, D. C.

Will contact the proper authorities of the Passport and Visa Division of the Department of State in order to secure information in their possession relative to the subject and his attempts to enter the United States, and will ascertain what is KIBALTCHICHE'S present status, according to the files of the State Department.

Will ascertain at the same Department what port of entry was designated by KIBALTCHICHE and attempt to secure information concerning his presence in the United States at any time.

NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION:

At New York City:

Will await above report from the Washington Field Division in order to ascertain if subject is or has been in the United States and will thereafter conduct investigation accordingly.

⊕PENDING-



Form No. 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK FILE NO. 65-3334 REPORT MADE AT DATE WHEN MADE PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE REPORT MADE BY WASHINGTON, D.C. 5/15/42 5/9/42 LOUIS LOEBL LL: BGW TITLE CHARACTER OF CASE VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE, with aliases ESPIONAGE - R ile of State Department reflects a number of persons in New York City endeavored to secure for subject a transit visa to Mexico which, however, was refused on the ground of subject's former connections with the Communist Party. Subject departed from Marseilles, France, in March, 1941 for Martinique, from there proceeded to Dominican Republics, and from there in August 1941 to Mexico vis Habana, Cuba. Subject and son were detained by Cuban authorities on suspicion but were subsequently released and permitted to proceed to Mexico. - RUC -Report of Special Agent J. R. PAUL dated April REFERENCE: at New York City. DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D.C. Confidential Informant, 5-16, made available to Agent the visa file relating to the subject, which file reflects the following pertinent information. During the summer and fall of 1940, VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE, known as VICTOR SERGE, a native of Belgium, a political refugee from Russia and a noted author and journalist, was the subject of extensive efforts exerted by DWIGHT and NANCY MacDONALD, 117 East 10th Street, New York City, to secure for the subject a transit certificate through the President's Advisory Committee on Political Refugees, to entitle him to enterithe United States in transit to NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

Mexico. The file shows photostatic copies of letters of endorsement written in subject's behalf to GEORGE WARREN, Chairman, President's Advisory Committee on Political Refugees, 122 East 22nd Street, New York City, by the following persons:

SIDNEY HOOK, Professor of Philosophy, New York University, Washington Square, New York City.

JOHN DEWEY, Professor Emeritus, Columbia University, New York City

FREDERICK REUSTLE, Minister, Congregational Church, 1 Van Wyck Avenue, Jamaica, New York

MARGARETA MARSHALL, Literary Editor of "The Nation", 55 - 5th Avenue, New York City

WILLIAM TROY, Chairman, Literary Division, Bennington College, Bennington, Vermont

EUGENE LYONS, Editor of the "American Mercury", 570 Lexington Avenue, New York City

MEYERASHAPIRO, Department of Fine Arts and Archeology, Columbia University, New York City.

JAMES FARRELL, 185 Lexington Avenue, New York City

MAX EASTMAN, New York City

ARTHURAPINCUS, 32 West 96th Street, New York City

The Committee refused to recommend this case to the State Department for approval on the ground that subject was a self-admitted former Communist and close associate to LENIN, who, as the result of some political disagreement with the Soviets in power, was imprisoned in Russia from 1930 to 1936 and finally banished. In fact, the Committee recommended to the State Department under date of March 11, 1941 that visa be refused to subject as an alien inadmissable under the Smith Act, having been a member of a subversive organization.

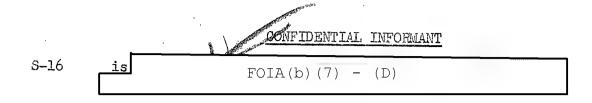
The file reflects that under date of March 25, 1941, the Board of Immigration Appeals (56067/68 - Ellis Island) had under consideration the application of DWIGHT MacDONALD for permission to be given subject to enter the United States and transship to Mexico. The Board held that subject upon arrival at the Port of New York may be permitted to transship to Mexico under safe guards in accordance with the provisions contained in the 9th Proviso of Section 3 of the Act of February 5, 1917, as amended.

The file reflects that subject resided at the Hotel Rohr at Marseilles, France, departed therefrom for Martinique on March 24, 1941 and from there to Ciudad Trujillo, Dominican Republics, enroute to Mexico. Under date of May 26, 1941, the State Department communicated with its foreign office at Ciudad Trujillo, suggesting that subject be advised to proceed as soon as possible to Mexico direct without coming to the United States. In reply the State Department was advised under date of June 24, and August 29, 1941, respectively, that subject without applying for a visa of any kind departed from the Dominican Republics on August 22, 1941 on a through ticket issued by the Pan American Airways to Mirida, Yucatan, Mexico by way of Santiga di Cuba.

The file finally reflects a communication dated August 29, 1941 from Habena, Cuba, advising of the detention by the Cuban authorities of VICTOR/KIBALTCHICHE and his 21 year old son, VLADIMIR, upon their arrival by plane on August 22, 1941. The communication states that the detention was the result of a report that VLADIMIR had made sketches of the Dominican and Cuban coast lines over which he and his father were flying and that he had in his possession sketches of other coast lines; that, however, there having been insufficient evidence to hold them, they were released and permitted to proceed to Mexico.

The State Department files reflect no record of subject having been in the United States at any time.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -



REPORT MADE AT
WASHINGTON, D.C.

DATE WHEN MADE
5/15/42

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE
5/9/42

REPORT MADE BY
LOUIS LOEBL

LL: BGW

CHARACTER OF CASE
ESPIONAGE - R

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Form No. 1

File of State Department reflects a number of persons in New York City endeavored to secure for subject a transit visa to Mexico which, however, was refused on the ground of subject's former connections with the Communist Party. Subject departed from Marseilles, France, in March, 1941 for Martinique, from there proceeded to Dominican Republics, and from there in August 1941 to Mexico vis Habana, Cuba. Subject and son were detained by Cuban authorities on suspicion but were subsequently released and permitted to proceed to Mexico.

- RUC -

REFERENCE:

Report of Special Agent J. R. PAUL dated April 27, 1942 at New York City.

DETAILS:

AT WASHINGTON, D.C.

Confidential Informant, S-16, made available to Agent the visa file relating to the subject, which file reflects the following pertinent information.

During the summer and fall of 1940, VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE, known as VICTOR SERGE, a native of Belgium, a political refugee from Russia and a noted author and journalist, was the subject of extensive efforts exerted by DWIGHT and NANCY MacDONALD, 117 East 10th Street, New York City, to secure for the subject a transit certificate through the President's Advisory Committee on Political Refugees, to entitle him to enter the United States in transit to

FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	E DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
(5) - 4 - 2 -	COPIES OF THIS REPORT Bureau New York Washington Field	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/4/84 BY Sp. / CX	HARF

7-203

1 LIFE	IAL DUILL	AO OI IIV	
Form No. 1 This case originated at NEW YO	RK, NEW YORK		NY FILE NO. 65-8336 MFB
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
NEW YORK, NEW YORK	7/8/42	7/1/42	J. R. PAUL
VICTOR LYOVITCH KIBALTO Napoleon Kibaltchiche, Victor Kibaltchiche, Vi	Victor Napoleon	iases, Victor	CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	File reviewed.	No indication e United States	n that subject s.
DIMPOUNCES.	Denort of Spec	- C -	. Paul dated at
REFERENCES:	New York, N Report of Spec	ew York, April	27, 1942 s Loebl dated at
DETAILS:	is or ever has States. Refer	been within tence report of the State Depa	ls to indicate the subject he confines of the United Special Agent Louis Loebl rtment files do not indies on the United States.
7	being closed win Charge, sub	pon the author	outstanding this case is ity of the Special Agent ing if it is ascertained so country.
U.S.	S DEPT OF JUSTIC	C L O S E D	, - ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
10.20	PIONACE SECTION	2 2403	THEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/4/84 BY 50-164
APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	VECLIAND	110 36	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2
5-Bureau 1-Albany (Info.) 4-New York	JUL 2'1 194	2 West State	9 1947
		1 1	7-2034

FORM NO. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

NY FILE NO. 65-8336 WFR

NEW YORK, NEW YORK	7/8/42	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 7/1/42	J. R. PAUL	○ O)-8336 國FB
TITLE VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALT Wandleon Wibeltobioba	CHARACTER OF CASE			
Wapoleon Kibaltchiche, Victor Kibaltchiche, V	ESPIONAGE .	- R		

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

File reviewed. No indication that subject has been in the United States.

- C -

REFERENCES:

Report of Special Agent J. R. Paul dated at New York, New York, April 27, 1942 Report of Special Agent Louis Loebl dated at Washington, J. C., May 15, 1942.

DÉTAILS:

A review of instant file fails to indicate the subject is or ever has been within the confines of the United States. Reference report of Special Agent Louis Loebl reflects that the State Department files do not indicate KIBALTCHICHE has ever been in the United States.

There being no further leads outstanding this case is being closed upon the authority of the Special Agent in Charge, subject to reopening if it is ascertained that subject has entered this country.

APPROVED AND SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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1-Albany (Info.)

4-New York

NW 37607 DocId:32670189 Page 71

RJL:RAF -40-37697-100-36676

September 1, 1942

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

MR. LADD

Re: ELEANORA DEREN, with aliases, et al Internal Security - R

DATE 6/14/8 BY SP-165K/VA

The following information has been brought to my attention by Special Agent R. J. Lally of this Section.

The Albany Office is presently conducting an internal security investigation of Eleanora Deren, with aliases, in connection with her Communistic activities. The file on this subject reflects that efforts are being made by that office to ascertain her present whereabouts. An application has been submitted to the Bureau from the State Department of one Alexander Hackenschmied for an immigration visa. Hackenschmied's application states that he is presently married to Eleanora Deren, and lists their address as 2326 Stanley Hills Drive, Los Angeles, California. (Bureau File No. 40-37697)

Solomon David Deren, the father of Eleanora Deren, who is also a subject of the internal security investigation, is one of Hackenschmied's visa sponsors. The Form submitted by Hackenschmied states that Eleanora Deren was divorced in 1938 from Gregory Bardacke. Bardacke is also a subject in the internal security case. From this it would appear certain that Eleanora Deren, the wife of Hackenschmied, is identical with Eleanora Deren, subject of the security investigation.

	For the assistance of the Internal Security Section, there
Mr. Tolson	is attached a copy of a memorandum prepared in this Section showing
Mr. E. A. Tamm	Eleanora Deren's connection with Victor Lyovitch Ribaltchiche.
Mr. Clegg	(Bureau File No. 100-36676) who appears to be quite clearly a
Mr. Glavin	Trotskyite agent and also on the Executive List of the Communist
Mr. Ladd	International.
Mr. Nichols	SE 103/20 - 3/11/2/3
Mr. Rosen .	RECOMMENDED ACTION: It is suggested that this information
Mr. Tracy	be furnished to the Los Angeles and Albany Offices for their assistance
Mr. Carson	in connection with the investigation of these individuals.
Mr. Coffey	The state of the s
Mr. Hendon 1	RECORD OF Respectfully, And American
Mr. Holloman	A service of the serv
Mr. McGuire 100	
Mr. Quinn Tames	With the state of
Min Monte	S. S. Alden

NW 37607 DocId:32670189 Page 7:

V C LAttachment

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PLACE:	1	DATE:			
Mexico, D.	HEREIN IS UNCLASSIBLE	4/22/43		Conf. Inft.	
TITLE:	EXCEPT WHEN SHOWN		(CHARAC	rer:	
VICTOR SE REGLER; PIVERT	ERGE; JULIAN GORKIN; GUSTAV FRANCISCO ZAMORA; MARCEAU		MEXICO	SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIE	s -
				•	
SYNOPSIS:	-				20,
	VICTOR SERGE, JULIAN GORKING CISCO ZAMORA, are alleged to the Trotzkyite movement that correspondence to Canadian Sare held at Guanjuato #219 a #18.	be the din t sends lite Separatists and at Pasa;	rectors of erature and Meeting je Iturbio	f nd // gs	C , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		DATE:	9-9-	92	
COMMENTS:	Information contained herein	was submitt	ced by	140-36676	- 13X
	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	RECC	RDED	FEDERAL BUREAU OF I'	VESTIGATION 43
STATUS:		- P -		U. S. DEPARTMENT	
REFERENCE:	Bureau letters dated 10-22-2 "Alleged Connection between Separatists.	42, 11/5/42, Mexican Tro	. 1/15/43, otzkyites	captioned, and Canadian	
Made Availa	able to:	Copies:			
(x) Embass (x) M. A. (x) N. A. (x) Other	y (Consulate)	5 Bureau	•	•	7 1-10-91 10-91 mch 6m 10-16-516-524
·		ALINEIA	int.	4/27/89	

CONFIDENTIAL

HE: VICTOR GERGE: JULIAN CONTIN: OUSTAV REGLER: PRAECISCO ZAMORA: NANCIAU PIVENT MEXICO SUBVINDIVE ACTIVITIBS - C

April 62, 1045

DETAILS:

It has been learned that the directors of the Trotakyite group which are trying to incite a deparatist movement in Canada are the following: VICTOR RENGE, JULIAN CORKIN, GUSTAV REGIAR, and FRANCISCO 2010FA. Informant has this to say of each of these persons:

VICTUR SERGE - He originally was from Russia but is now a naturalised Mexican. He lives at Victoria los, Opto. 13, Henico. D. F. He has been affiliated to the IV international since the arrival of TROTIZE in Mexico. He frequently calls on Fra. TROTIZE. He is believed to be the director of this TROTIZETH Group.

JULIAN COREIN - Informant states that this is an assumed name, inspect as OCKKIM is a Catalonian. CORKIM lives with VICTOR SERCE, at which place meetings of this small TROTZEVITH nucleus are held.
COLAIM entered Mexico as a refugee. During the Spenish revolution in Spain he was presecuted under the charge of being the meet active member of the P.O.U.M., a TROTZEVITE organization. He was charged with being a 5th columnist.

COUTAN REGIME - So is a German well known in Manico for his affiliation to the IV International. ANDUE is a proquent caller at the home of MAGE and CORRIN. Not much of his true afforts are known in this group, but the theory is that he obtains namey from Jowish associates in Mexico City as well as from Mrs. The IZMY.

PRESCISCO TABLE - No is a Figura jum writer who is the feet now a naturalized Mexican citizen. He lives at José Maria I lesing #29. He writes for the Sexico City newspaper "bl Iniversal." He has a column on the editorial page known as "for el Ojo de la Lleve."
TAKOMA makes no secret of the feet that he is an affiliate of the IV International. He has been known to travel throughout the Y. S. on frequent occasions.

The been observed that this same croup holds its meetings at Qualqueto \$319 cm of Pacajo Thurbide \$18 (Bolivar (43.)) At this latter address they propers the publication known as "Quetanl" which is definitely a THOTESTIT organ. The emerge of this latter place are listed as VICTOR SPREE and a Pronchman by the name of A ROBAL PIVER. Informant states that PIVER is a member of this THOTESTITE group but is not as active as the others. The

COMFIDENTIAL

Canada. The purpose of this literature and propagance is to incite a Separation movement against England through the French Canadians who are now involve a "defectiate" movement.

- PLATITUS -

*** 21 ***

CONFIDENTIAL

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

the correspondence and propaganda being sent by the TAOTZKYITES to Canadian Separatists.

Will ascertain the means whereby they are forwarding this information from Mexico to Canada.

Will ascertain the whereabouts and activities of MAX MASTMAN. X(u)

JAHAHAHAHAOD.

COMY BK 6/29/43

INB:FOS T. 5/25/43

100 103853-4

100-36676-13X

Honorable Adolf A. Berle, Jr. Assistant Secretary of State

RECORDED,

Date:

CONFIDENTIAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN TO UNCLASSIFIED EXCLES WHERE SHOWN

4/27/84 MULT GOTHERWISE

Classified by Sp. - 163F 1711

From: J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: Alleged Connection between the Mexican Trotzkyites and French-Canadian Separatist Group

Reference is made to our letter of November 14, 1942 captioned as above. For your further information in this matter, there follows information of furnished by a reliable and confidential source.

It has been reported that the directors of the Mexican Trotzkyite group, which is trying to incite a Separatist movement in Canada, are the following: Victor Serge, Julian Gorkin, Gustav Regler, and Francisco Zamora.

Serge came to Mexico from Russia, and is a naturalized Mexican citizen. He resides at Victoria 104, Dpto. 15, Mexico, D. F. Serge has been affiliated, with the Fourth International ever since Trotzky first arrived in Mexico. He frequently calls on Leon Trotzky's widow, and is believed to be the head of this Trotzky group.

Gorkin is a Catalonian, and it is known that his surname is an assumed one. He lives with Serge, at whose residence meetings of this small Trotzkyite nucleus are held. Gorkin entered Mexico as a refugee. Buring the Spanish Revolution he was prosecuted and charged with leing the most active member of the P.O.U.M., a Trotzkyite organization.

Regler, who came to Mexico from Germany, is well known for his affiliation with the Fourth International. He is a frequent visitor at the residence of Serge and Gorkin. It is said that he obtains money for the organization from Jewish action in Decision Fig. 1984 and the from Mrs. Trotzky.

Zamora is a Nicaraguan writer who is now a naturalized Mexican citizen. He is employed by the Mexico, D. F. newspaper "El Universal," for which he conducts a column on the editorial page known as "Por el Ojo de la Llave." Zamora resides at Jose Maria Iglesias No. 29, Mexico, D. F. He makes no secret of the fact that he is an affiliate of the Fourth International. It has been reported that this small group holds,

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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CONFIDENTIAL

NW 37607 DocId:32670189 Page 77

WILDEN:

frequent meetings at Guanajuato Now 210 and at Pasaje lturbide No. 18, Mexico, D. F. At the latter address they prepared a publication known as "Quetzal," a Trotzkyite organ. The owners of this address are listed as Serge and a Frenchman by the name of Marceau Pivert. Although the latter individual is known to be a Trotzkyite, it is said that he is not as active as the other individuals listed in this memorandum.

It is stated that literature and correspondence is sent by this Trotzkyite nucleus to canada for the purpose of inciting a Separatist movement in Canada through the French Canadians.

In the event further information is received concerning the captioned matter, you will be promptly advised.

-MINEUTIAL



PLACE:

DATE:

REPORTED BY:

Mexico, D. F.

6/17/43

Conf. Inft. S.I.S. #364

TITLE:

CHARACTER:

VICTOR SERGE: JULIAN GORKIN; GUSTAV) FRANCISCO ZAMORA; MARCEAU PIVERT

MEXICO SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES-R

SYNOPSIS:

MAX EASTMAN reported no longer in Mexico. Investigation negative as to his activities.

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

COMMENTS:

whose identity is known to the Bureau.

(Deleted from distributed copies)

ALL MYORMATON CONTABED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10/12/84 BY SP-165K

STATUS:

REFERENCE:

Bureau letter, not captioned, dated 11/5/42

Mexico, D. F. report dated 4/22/43

Made Available to:

Copies:

Embassy (Consulate) (x)

(x)M.A.

(x)N.A.

Other

5 BUREAU

1 Embassy

1 MA

l NA

2 Mexico City

819

FEDERAL BUREAU OF IMPESTIGATION

JUN 20 1942

W. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

77 JUL 8 1943

INITIALS ON OFIGINAL -

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

At Mexico. D. F.

Will obtain and forward to the Bureau samples of the correspondence and propaganda being sent by the Trotskyites to Canadian Separatists.

Will ascertain the means whereby they are forwarding this information from Mexico to Canada.

Re: VICTOR SERGE; JULIAN GORKIN; GUSTAV REGILM; FRANCISCO ZAMONA; MARCHAU PIVENT.

6-17-43

MEXICO SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES - R.

Details:

Information has been obtained by from MARCHAU PIVERT, that MAX HASTMAN, a Trotskyite, who was reported to be in Mexico, is no longer here.

This information is believed reliable inesmuch as MARCEAU PIVERT is himself a Trotskyite and is very familiar with such activities in this region.

Additional investigation performed by failed to revoal any information relative to the activities of EASTMAN while he was in Mexico.

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

- PENDING

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREM IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 10/12/84 BY 50-/65/6/6000

UNITE	FFICE OF CENSORS D STATES OF A	SHIP MERICA	P	ONFIDE OSTAL CEN	NTIAL SORSHIP	· ·	RECO	RD No. SA 1	53916
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CAN CCC CIAA COI COM CPC DL M ED FBI FCC FR FSA	(Junes)	blind ho a few bl his group and Girc group wa Writer "Jew Go" a "Germa Writer and org s few d	wish leftist vish leftist ole (Quoting loodied comr up came litt onella were as commemora continues th laurette, w rkin" was in an" meeting. states that anized a tru runk muscle any deaths ous. It was ttempt to pr	translated trades fought seriously atting Ehromat one of the arrived side, other thanks are the arrived to the arrived side, other thanks are the arrived to the arrived the a	cion) "with again of being wounded in the asset in the hers were the quite comment of town in the interest in	nst them.' g torn to d but not Alter. sailants is a midst communication a few you that Vioreviously	Mists sack Mriter c pieces; th dangerousl made a rath f the fray, in the stre ist Party) ung toughs lice arrive ady was ver that the	ed the che continues of eat Gorkin y so. Wr: er curiou , saying th set that i had recru (Voyous) ed in time ry cool an Communists	that (G 7000) iter's s re- hat the t was ited and to
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	6v. 10-20-42) be Cer	served. The ini widely distribute asorship.		the information	as taken from see officials who used in legal p	private communication of the private communication of the private	nications, and its it is necessary to pany other public wat	extremely confiderosecution of the vy without express	ential character mus war. In no case shot consent of the Direct BYRON PRICE, Direct

OFFICE OF CENSORSHIP UNITED STATES OF AMERICA CONFIDENTIAL RECORD No. SA 153916 POSTAL CENSORSHIP Page 2 of 3 Mail No. Serial No. pages Registered No. Land (L). TO: FROM: LIST: LIST: DISPOSAL OF To whom photograph is to be sent: To be photographed: Date of letter (or postmark if letter ORIGINAL COMMUNI-CATION: Held (H). For interoffice use by A. C. or D. C. only: Station distribution: Previous relevant records: Released (R). Condemned (C). Returned to sender (RS). Or sent with comment to: Previously censored by: Language: Typing date D. A. C. Exam. Division (or Section) Table Examiner DRdate only COMMENT The mob appeared to have been recruited from the streets, were AD-R probably paid, and were lead by party militants crying "Germans! \mathbf{AG} Enemies of Mexico!" Julian Gorkin and Enrique Gironella, formerly BEW a professor at Barcelona, subsequently editor of "Batalla" were BFwounded; one of the mob was hospitalized, while there were some BRthirty slightly wounded. BP During the fight, "militant communists" telephoned the newspapers CAA that some laborers had just prevented a fascist meeting which had CAN begun with cries of "Viva Hitler, Franco, and Mussclini!" The was told the police who arrested 93 attackers, 13 of whom were CCC CTAA convicted of aggression, attempted murder, breaking furniture, etc., COL and imprisoned among them a normal school professor, member of the COM CPC Communist Party. DLAfter the intervention of the police, the meeting was held with ED approximately 300 present from the Jewish colony, the European FBI socialist emigration and sympathetic Mexican groups. The scheduled FCC addresses were given; Licenciado Madero, grandson of Francisco Madero spoke in memory of Tresca, Enrich and Alter and to associate himself FR. **FSA** with socialist and labor protests raised in the U.S. on this subject. (Quoting translation) "The honoring of Carlo Trasca does not permit FTC any specific accusation, but the Ehrlich and Alter case provoked the IMM most indignant protests against the totalitarianism which assessinated INT them -- along with other defenders of freedom of opinion." All of the **JSM** speakers stressed their admiration for the Med Army and the Mussian LC people (Quoting Translation) "which the crimes of despotian knife in MC MEW the back." MID The attitude of the Mexican officials was strictly formal (D'Uns ONI Correction Absolue). The Communists, April 2, made a great effort to influence the press RFC but the attack was patently criminal. "El Popular," the Communist SCdaily newspaper, gave an entirely untrue version in 15 lines, attempting to minimize the gravity of the program, which was a deliberate SD ήr attempt at collective murder. WPB Some three weeks previously, Leo Katz and Zuckerman (Lambert) interrupted with violence, a Bund meeting of the Mexican Israelite Center in mourning for Ehrlich and Alter shouting (Quoting translation) "Death to the nazi spies!" SPECIAL NOTICE.—The attached information was taken from private communications, and its extremely confidential character must served. The information must be confided only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case shoul widely distributed, or copies made, or the information used in legal proceedings or in any other public way without express consent of the Director process. OC-8(a)

CONFIDENTIAL

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BYRON PRICE, Direct

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Form OC-8 (a) (2d Rev. 10-20-42)

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The attached information was taken from private communications, and its extremely confidential character must be preserved. The information must be confided only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it preserved. The information must be confided only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it preserved. The information must be confided only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it preserved. The information must be confided only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it preserved. The information must be confided only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it preserved. The information must be confided only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it preserved. The information must be confided only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it preserved. The information must be confided only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it preserved in the information must be confided only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war.

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	ALL INCORMATION HEREIN INCORD.	2887 mrsss	CUVIX	ATTAL Reply Plea	se Refer to 1	File No. 5-11-4
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	VICTOR SERGE JULIAN GORK GUSTAVOREGLI FRANCISCO Z MARCHAUOPIV	IN; ER; AMORA;		MEXICO) - SUBVERSIV	e activities - R
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NW 37607 DocId:32670189

VICTOR SERGE; JULIAN GORKIN; GUSTAV REGLER; FRANCISCO ZAMORA; MARCEAU PIVERT.

COMPRAHAL

Mexico, D. F.

Source A advised that efforts to ascertain the methods by which subjects herein, who are Trotskyites, communicate by mail with Canadians and the addresses to which they may be sending alleged propaganda to Canada, resulted negatively.

Efforts on the part of Source B to ascertain the same information has also resulted negatively.

HEADQUARTERS SOUTHERN DEFENSE COMMAND, Office of the Assistant Unief of Staff, G-2

Fort Sam Houston, Tel 2) 5940 General. 4 February 1944

SUBJECT: Politics, United States Publication.

SUMMARY OF INFORMATION:

- care of Politics. 45 Astor Place, NEW YORK CITY, V. PODEREVSKI, alias of Victor SERGE, Hermosillo 19, Dep. 5, MEXICO CITY, acknowledges receipt of addressee's air mail letter of 9 December. Pleased with the prospectus of Politics, writer requests that addressee send a dozen copies to Bartolome COSTA, Ediciones Quetzal, Pasaje Iturbide 18, MEXICO CITY. Writer states he and COSTA will try to organize a small, regular circulation, which he believes will probably reach 25 copies.
- 2. SERGE, novelist, journalist, and reportedly a Trotakyite leader, submits the following information for publication in Politics:
- a. Writer states he occupied a cell in the Prison Interieure, MOSCOW, Russia, early in 1933, with the ex-chief of the cabinet of Rykov, one WESTEROV, first name unknown, who was later shot.
- b. Writer advises that Emelian YAROSLAVSKI, a former Bolshevik, died in Russia in December 1943. He states that YAROSLAVSKI, a convict, was deported to Siberia, but he escaped and organized the Worker's Reduced (Gardes-Rouges Ouvrieres) in October 1917. YAROSLAVSKI was made Party Historian of this organization, but he was later accused of Trotzkyism and his "History" was removed from the libraries. Writer states that the Central Committee accused YAROSLAVSKI of directing the anti-religious movement, the Society of Atheists (Societe Des Athees), and its publication, Bezbojnik, the God-Less (Le Sans-Diou). He states that the German invasion forced the Russian Government to seek a reconciliation with the followers of YAROSLAVSKI although their anti-religious publications are still suppressed.
- c. Writer states that in May 1943, a group of socialist 261944 composed of almost every nationality in Europe, and some miritant mexicans adopted the platform of a common movement, essentially defined by the words "Secialism and Liberty." He adds that members were received from Chile, Argentina, and Uruguay. Writer advises that this group began the publication of El Mundo in June 1943, under the direction of Professor Enrique (GIRONELLA of BARCTIONA, Spain, The following persons were listed as contributors to El Mando: R ROCKER; Jose RIERA; Victor SERGE; Pierre MEUNIER; Julian GORKIN, Spanish Labor Leader, author, and anti-Stalinist;

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CONTRACTOR

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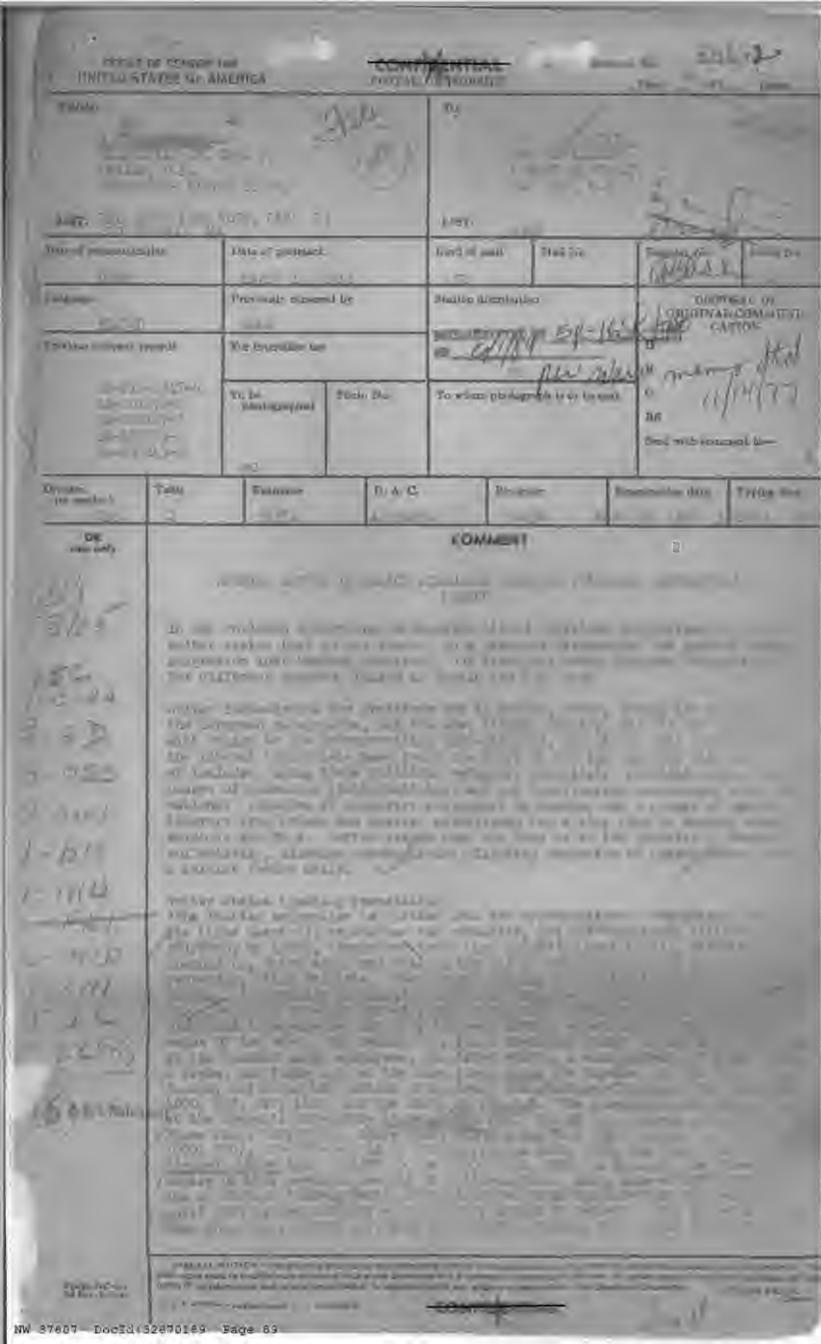
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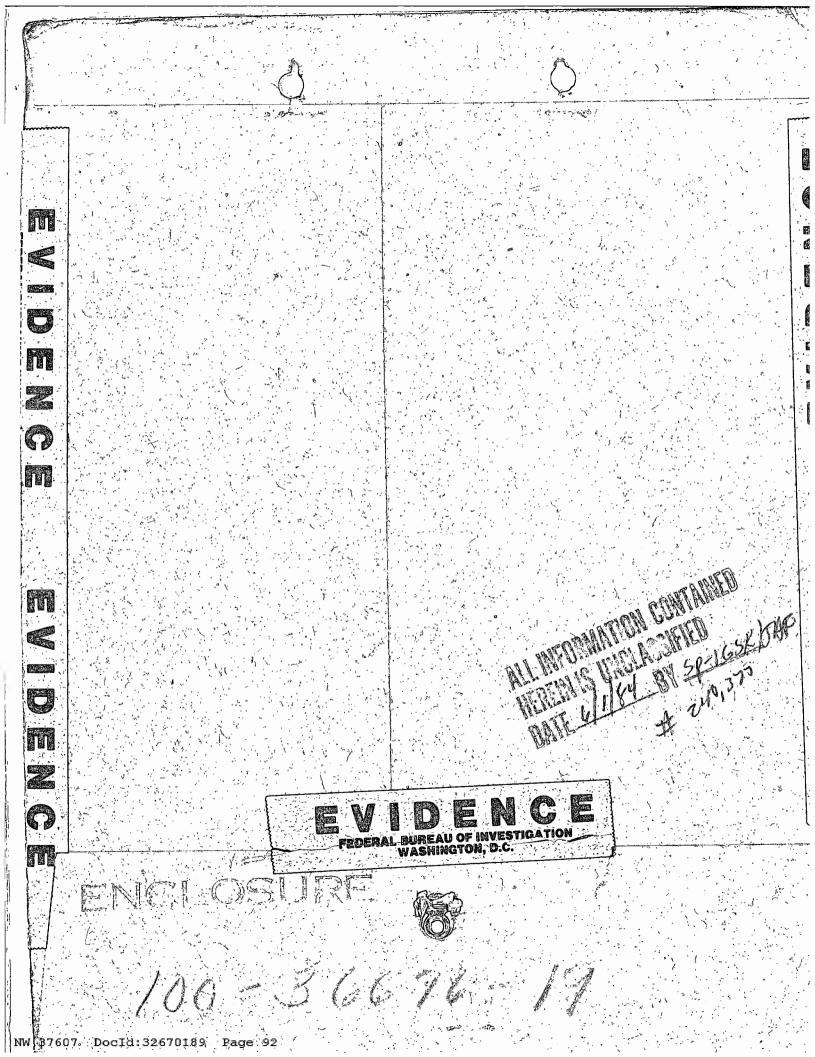
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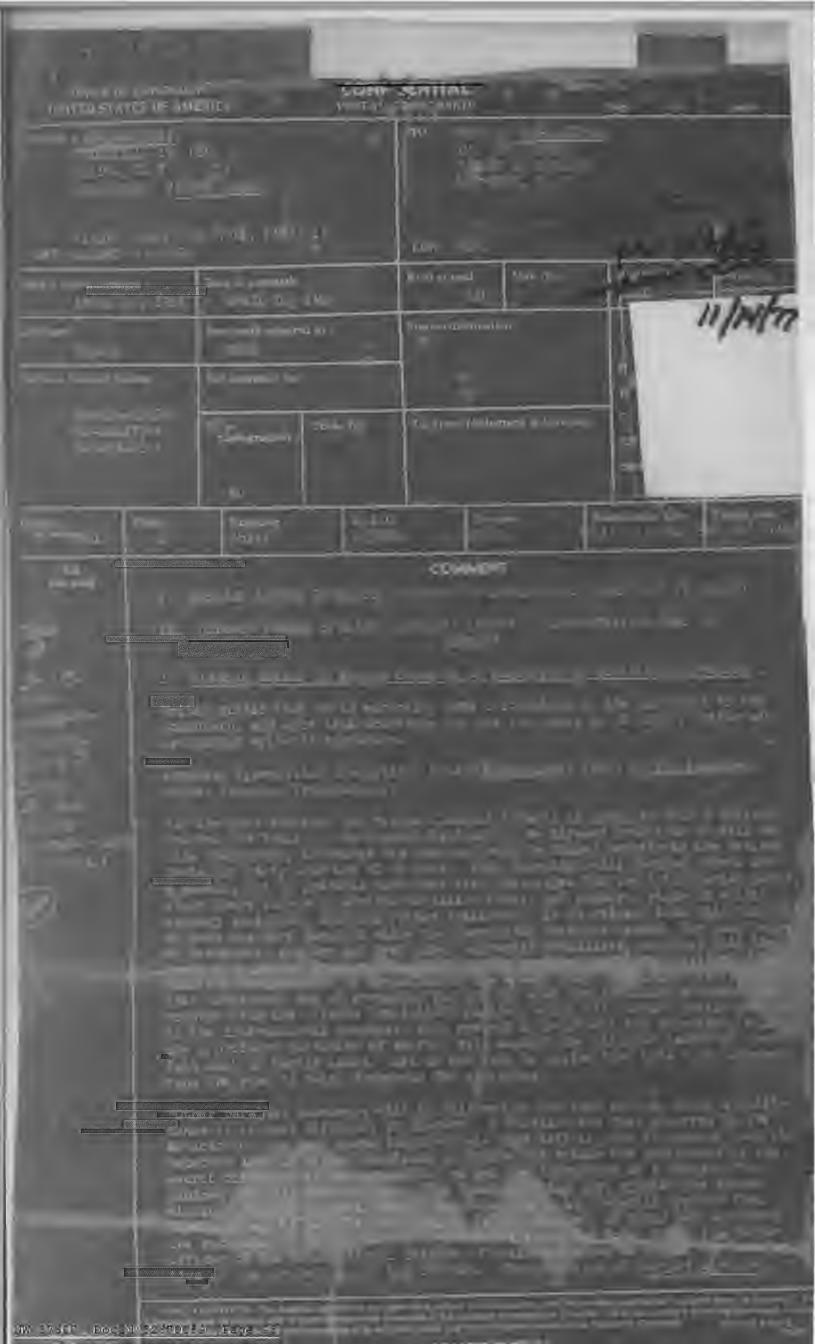


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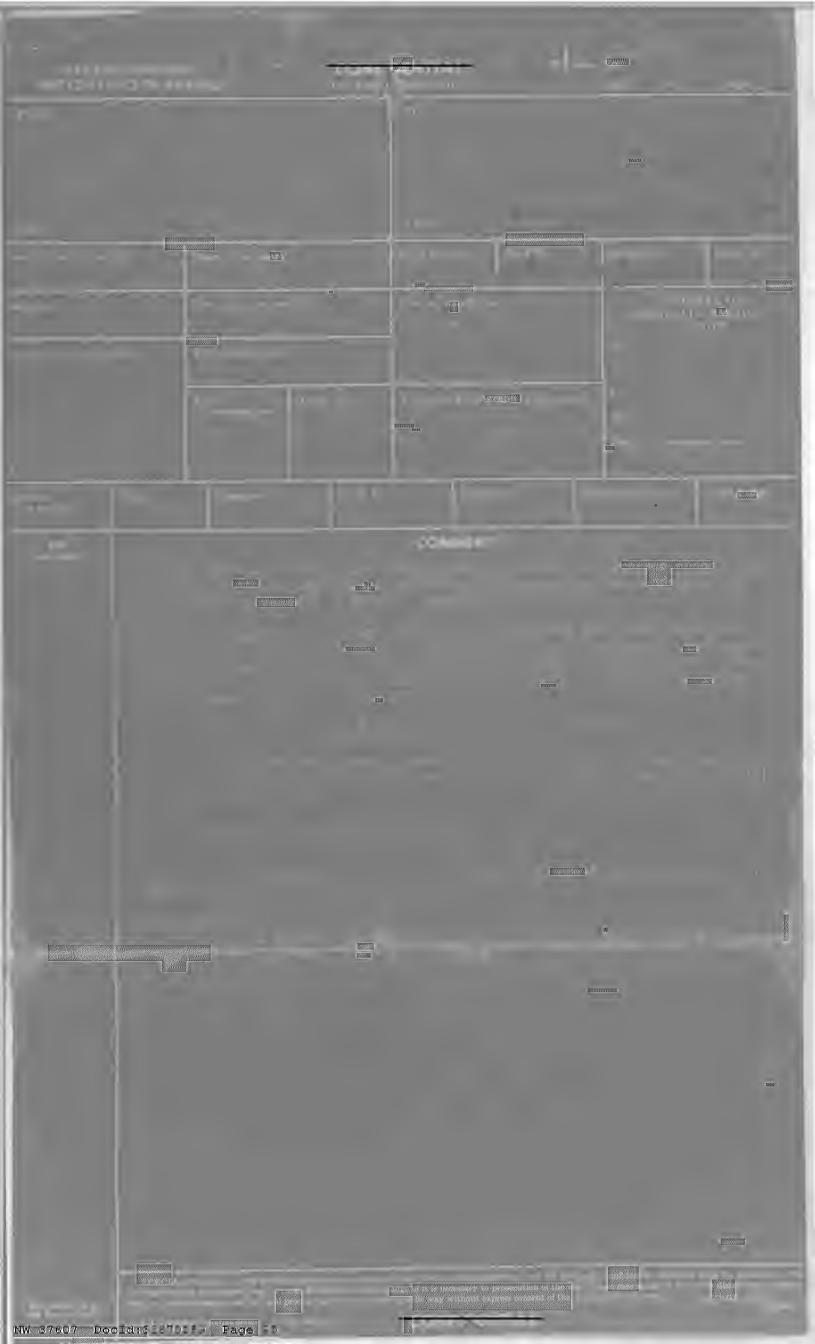
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ARA: HLH 5/25/44 100-36676-9 100-36676-10 100-36676-19 PERSONAL AND CONF 100-36676 VIA DIPLOMATIC AIR COURIER FOUCH May 25, 1944 Date: Mr. Birch D. O'Neal Tos The American Embassy Mexico, D. F. J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation From: Victor Serge, was .: Victor Lyovitch Kiebaltchiche, Victor Napoleon Subject: Kibaltchiche, Victor Napoleon Lvovitch, V. Poderevski Mexico Subversive Activities - R Reference is made to report #239 dated December 14, 1943, at Mexico, D. /r. concerning Victor Serge, Julian/Gorkin, et al, your file 45-11-4, which report was in a "Closed" status. With reference to Bureau letter dated April 27, 1944 entitled greeat Pivert, alias Marce Pivert; Mexico Subversive Activities -M," re are enclosed herewith copies of the following described material your information and assistance in conducting an investigation of subject, or Serge, and his associates: One copy of report of J. R. Paul dated April 27, 1942 at New York, Tork entitled. "Victor Lvovitch Kibaltchiche, was .: Victor Napoleon Atchiche, Victor Napoleon Lvovitch, Victor Kibaltchiche, Victor Serge; bnage - Ry fone copy of report of Louis Loebl dated May 15, 1942 at ington, D. C. entitled "Victor Lvovitch Kibaltchiche, was.; Espionage -R;" Lostatic copy of confidential U.S. Censorship Report S.A. - 206864 con-Fining letter dated April 10, 1944 from V. Poderwski, Mexico, D. F. addressed to Mrs. S. M. Levitas, New York, New York, which contains information of interest conderning expulsion of Spanish and Italian Communists in Mexico. Ençlosure D FEDERAL BURGALI OF INVESTIGATION aun 5 1944 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE JOH SWIOVEN ON WASSY The Med See 2 Map tedá aladle . History 1771. thin for

EDWARD J. ENNIS

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Bepartment of Justice

Office of .

Administrator of Foreign Travel Control

Washington

May 27, 1944

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61-836676

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. J. EDGAR HOOVER DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Attention Mr. James Strickland

100-164 20 Hil

Re: Victor Kibaltchiche (Victor Serge)
Julian Gorkin

I request any information in your possession in respect of the above named aliens who, I understand, are at present residing in Mexico.

Very truly yours

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PARA ILLAND

Administrator of Foreign Travel Control

RECORDED & INDEXED

180-36676-2 29 JUN 9 1944

ARA: FOS: PES 6/5/44

Mr. Edward J. Ennis
Administrator of Foreign Travel Control

64-29777-7

J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

100-3676-

Victor Kibaltchiche, with aliases Julian Gorkin, with aliases

 $R_{\mathcal{Z}CORDED}$

Pursuant to the request contained in your memorandum dated May 27, 1944, there are enclosed herewith memoranda containing the available information concerning Victor Kibaltchiche and Julian Gomez Carcia, whose pen name is Julian Gorkin. The data in this latter memorandum was received from a reliable confidential source.

In view of this Bureau's interest in these individuals, please furnish me for the completion of our file any information you may have concerning them or any of their affiliates.

Endidstre

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR June 5, 1944 CLASSIFICATION

Victor Lvovitch Kibaltchiche, with aliases, Ro: Victor Napoleon Kibaltchiche, Victor Napoleon Lyovitch, Victor Serge, V. Poderevski

It is reported that Victor Lvovitch Ribaltchiche, more commonly known as Victor Serge, was born at Brussels, Balgium on December 30, 1890 of parents who were Russian Revolutionary emigres. His youth was spent in Belgium and in England. During his early years in Brussels, Serge was employed as a photographer apprentice, cartoonist, clerk, printer, journalist and translator. At the age of fifteen, he was a member of the Young Socialist Guard of Exelles and associated himself with a "Revolutionary Group" of Brussels. Serge was a contributor to "Temps Nouveaux," "Libertaire" and "Guerre Social." In 1910, Serge was reported to be a writer for a publication, "L'Anarchie," and was arrested in connection with others charged with unlawful political activity, and upon conviction was sentenced to five years of solitary confinement with hard labor. Sorge was released from imprisonment in 1917, at which time he went to Barcelona and became affiliated with the C.N.T., believed to be the organization known as "Confederacion National de Trabajo," which has been reported to be a Spanish Anarchist Labor group.

According to his own statement, while en route to Russia, Serge was arrested at Paris, France and ordered interned in a concentration camp, but in Janguary 1917, was exchanged as a Bolshevik hostage for an officer of the French Military Mission who was being held in Russia. He proceeded to Petrograd, Russia, Nahere he allegedly became a member of the Russian Communist Party and collaborated with the Executive Committee of the Communist International. Subsequently Serge spont considerable time in Germany and Austria, where he was a participant in the 1923 preparations for revolutionary activity. Serge returned to Moscow, Russia in 1925 and three years later was imprisoned. In 1933, Serge was deported to Orenbourg and in 1936, he was banished from Russia, his Soviet citizenahip having been rescinded without legal notification. It is reported that Serge poccupied important posts in the beginning of the Bolshevik regime and was associated with Lenin, Zinoviev and Trotsky.

It is reported that on August 18, 1919, Victor Serge was married to Luibov Roussakov at Petrograd, Russia, and it is believed that his two children, Vladimir and Jeanniene, were born at Petrograd, Russia on June 15, 1930 and February 28, 1935, respectively

RECORDED It is reported that on August 12, 1940, Victor Sarge wate a letter from Marseille, France, directed to max had hand expressing the purple of the front Mr. E. A. Tamm Max Fastman and other American friends in connection with attempts being made by Victor Serge to obtain vices for himself and his son Vladiair, Serge stating a that time that he was one of the last refugees of the Russian Revolution. It is reported that Serge was also interested in obtaining a United States visa on behalf of Laura Sejourne with whom Serge Was reported to have lived for several years. It was reported that Laura Sejourne, nee-Valenti, was born at Aguila, Italy on October 24, 1911, was a French film actress and author and was evacuated

Source I res (Conf) DNI letter ett 8/14/41 Source 2 is (Conf) ARMY letter dtd 2/4/44

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Quinn Tamm

Mr. Ladd_ Wr. Nichols

CONFIDENTIAL

from Paris, France, on June 12, 1941. It is reported that among those individuals in the United States who were apparently interested in assisting Serge to gain admittance to the United States were Namcy MacDonald and Dwight MacDonald, 117 East Tenth Street, New York City, New York.

Information was received that Serge arrived in the Dominican Republic from France on August 14, 1941, at which time Serge advised a representative of another United States Government agency that he had been a member of the Russian Comintern and the "Red General Staff." At that time Serge declared that the Party of Leon Trotsky had disappeared with Trotsky's death and Serge declared that he, himself, was a Socialist-Democrat and stated that first and foremost he was an anti-Stalinist and predicted that the government of Stalin in Russia would be replaced by a "Popular Front Government." (5 - 1) & (4) 4128187 SPYEMIGAL 5/2016

It was reported that during the summer and fall of 1940, Serge was the subject of extensive efforts asserted by the above-mentioned Dwight and Nancy MacDonald to obtain for Serge a transit certificate through the President's Advisory Committee on Political Refugees to enable Serge to enter the United States, en route to Mexico. It is reported that the following individuals endorsed Serge's application for the transit certificate:

Sidney Hook, Professor of Philosophy, New York University, Washington Square, New York City.

John Dewey, Professor Emeritus, Columbia University, New York City.

Frederick Reustle, Minister, Congregational Church, 1 Van Wyck Avenue, Jamaica, New York

Margaret Marshall, Literary Editor of "The Nation," 55-Fifth Avenue, New York City

William Troy, Chairman, Literary Division, Bennington College, Bennington, Vermont

Eugene Lyons, Editor of the "American Mercury," 570 Lexington Avenue, New York City

Meyer Shapiro, Department of Fine Arts and Archeology, Columbia University, New York City

James T. Farrell, 185 Lexington Avenue, Kess York City

Max Eastman, New York City

Arthur Pincus, 32 West 96th Street, New York City

In the absence of permission to transit the United States, it is reported that Serge left the Dominican Republic on August 22, 1941, and proceeded to Mexico via Pan American Airways through Cuba. It was reported that upon the arrival of

CONTINUE.

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Victor Serge and his son Vladimir from Cuba on August 22, 1941, these individuals were detained by Cuban authorities as a result of a report that Vladimir, the son, had made sketches of the Dominican and Cuban coast lines. However, it is reported that they were released by Cuban authorities for reasons of insufficient evidence and were permitted to proceed to Mexico.

(5-2)(x) Canfidential source has reported that on January 3, 1944, Victor Serge, using the name V. Poderevski, Hermosillo No. 19, Dep. 5, Mexico City, Mexico, directed a communication to Dwight MacDonald, care of "Politics," 45 Astor Place, New York City, New York, stating that in May, 1943, a group of Socialist refugees had adopted a platform of a common movement essentially defined by the words "Socialism and Labor," and this group had begun the publication of "El Mundo" in June, 1943 under the direction of Professor Enrique Cironella of Barcelona, Spain with the assistance of such contributors as Julian Corkin, Victor Serge and Marceau Pivert, the latter described as an author and secretary of the "Socialist Party of Workers and Peasants." It is reported that Victor Serge has communicated various anti-Stalinist material to the United States, sometimes using the return address L. Sejourne, Hermosillo No. 19, Dep. 5, Mexico, D. F. It is reported by a confidential source that on April 10, 1944, Victor Serge directed a letter from Mexico City to Mrs. S. M. Levitas, The New Leader, Seven East 15th Street, New York City, enclosing information concerning activities of representatives of the Russian Comintern in Mexico, Serge expressing his willingness that the material be used for publication. At this time Serge related information concerning Francisco Largo Caballero, described as a former Spanish Socialist leader and former President of the Committee of the Spanish Republic who, Serge stated, was placed in a concentration camp in Cereany after Vichy authorities had turned Largo over to the Germans. Serge stated that Largo is in need of food, clothes and medicine and Serge asks whether it will be possible to raise the question of an exchange of prisoners in the case of Largo. Serge also requested that the information concerning Largo be communicated to the Jewish Labor Committee and stated that the Spanish Socialists would also communicate with that Committee.

It is reported that Victor Serge has become a naturalized Mexican citizen and has been associated in some manner with a "Fourth International" group in Mexico and is said to have associated with Directors of a Trotskyite group in Mexico which was interested in inciting a separatist movement against ingland through French Canadians in Canada. It is also reported that Serge is interested in a movement looking toward the creation of a "New International." (The above information taken from 100-36676)

Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Blavin
Mr. Mchols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Vohr
Mr. Vohr
Mr. Vohr
Mr. Jones
Mr. Jones
Mr. Jones
Mr. Jones
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Mr. Mr. Mease

MATHER HARD

CONTICHENT.

-21

RAIL TRANSP

ncife)Wildcat Strikes to Block Vital Shipments to U.S.

By OWEN ROCHE -

ries of wildcat strikes on the Mex-

Workers (CTM) four years ago for 75 wildcat strikes have taken place, tional T fense

"Trotzkyist

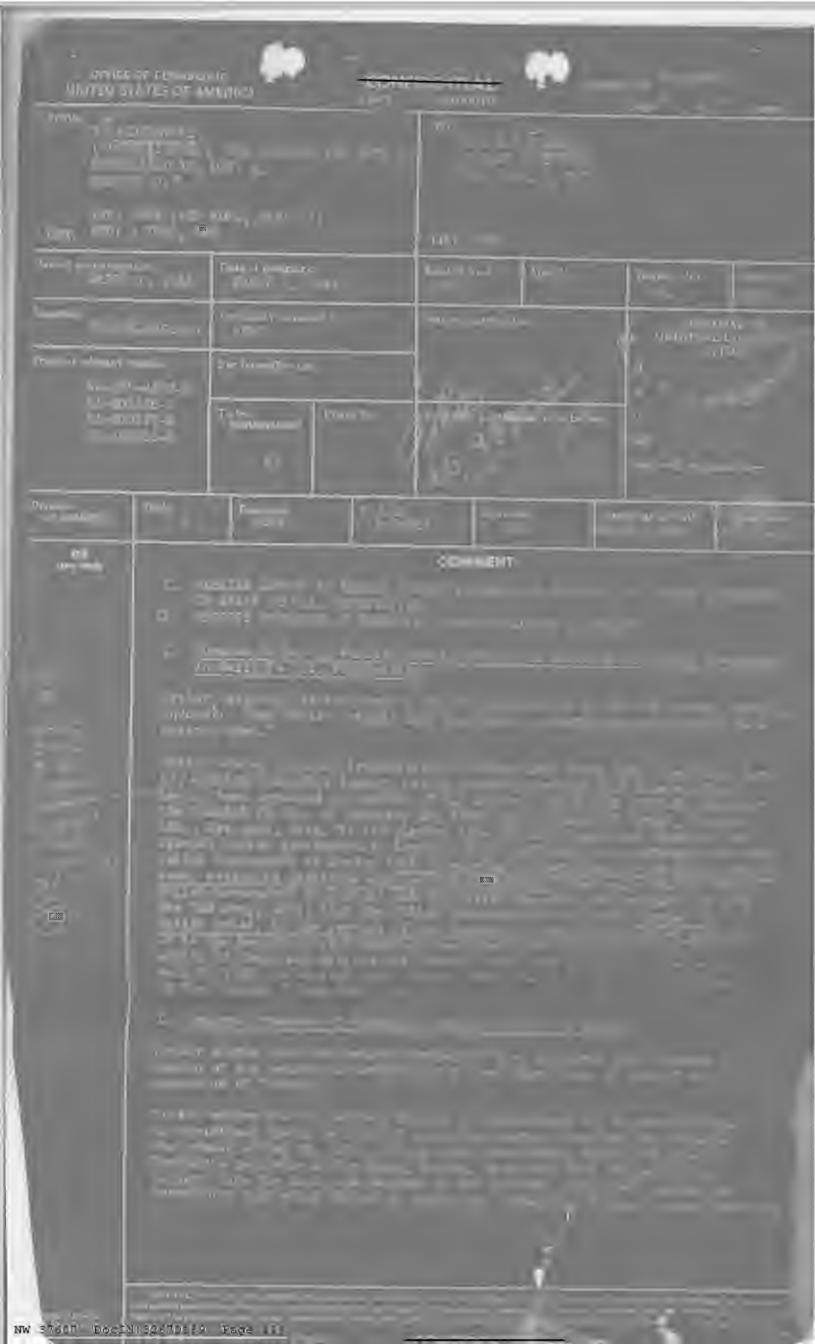
ries of wildcat strikes on the Mexican National Railways which have seriously hindered the export of vital war materials to the U.S. and split the 60,000 strong Railway Workers Union into two warring backers (Serge) String with Schul- Schul Workers Union into two warring bacher (Bach). Serge, who came to Andres Ortiz, including power to Mexico after the fall of France, is abrogate labor contract clauses A Mexican Trotzkyist triumvirate known to have collaborated in that "which may interfere with operatcomposed of Fernandez Vilchis, country with Jacques Doriot. Goring efficiency." CTM general secRoberto Galicia and the naturalized kin, who entered Mexico in 1940, retary Fidel Velazquez has conSpaniard Muniz pulls the wires was convicted by the Spanish fessed that he is unable to cope which lead through Rodrigo Garcia Loyalist government of treason for with the situation. It is generally Trevino, economic counsellor to his part in the famous POUM believed that the government will Alfredo Navarette, head of the pro- uprising. Bach, who is compara- shortly be forced to step in with Sinarquista National Proletarian tively unknown, has been in Mexico an iron hand, possit a literatione

factionalism;" has despite the fact that almost all of MEXICO CITY, (ALN).—Trot- formed an alliance with the ex- Mexico's raw material contribution zkites headed by Rodolfo Pina treme right-wing faction in the to the Allies is transported via her zkites headed by Rodolfo Pina rail union and various other dis-soria, were revealed this week to be the instigators of a continuing se- the CTM. . Vilchis, Galicia and Muniz take each other for possession of the

confederation (CNP) to Pina since 1926 and claims to be a Swiss, the railways and placing the oria. The latter, who was expelled since the outbreak of Trotzkyist under the direction of General rom the Confederation of Mexican agitation within the union, about Lazaro Cardenas, Minister of Na-

This is a clipping from Sec.

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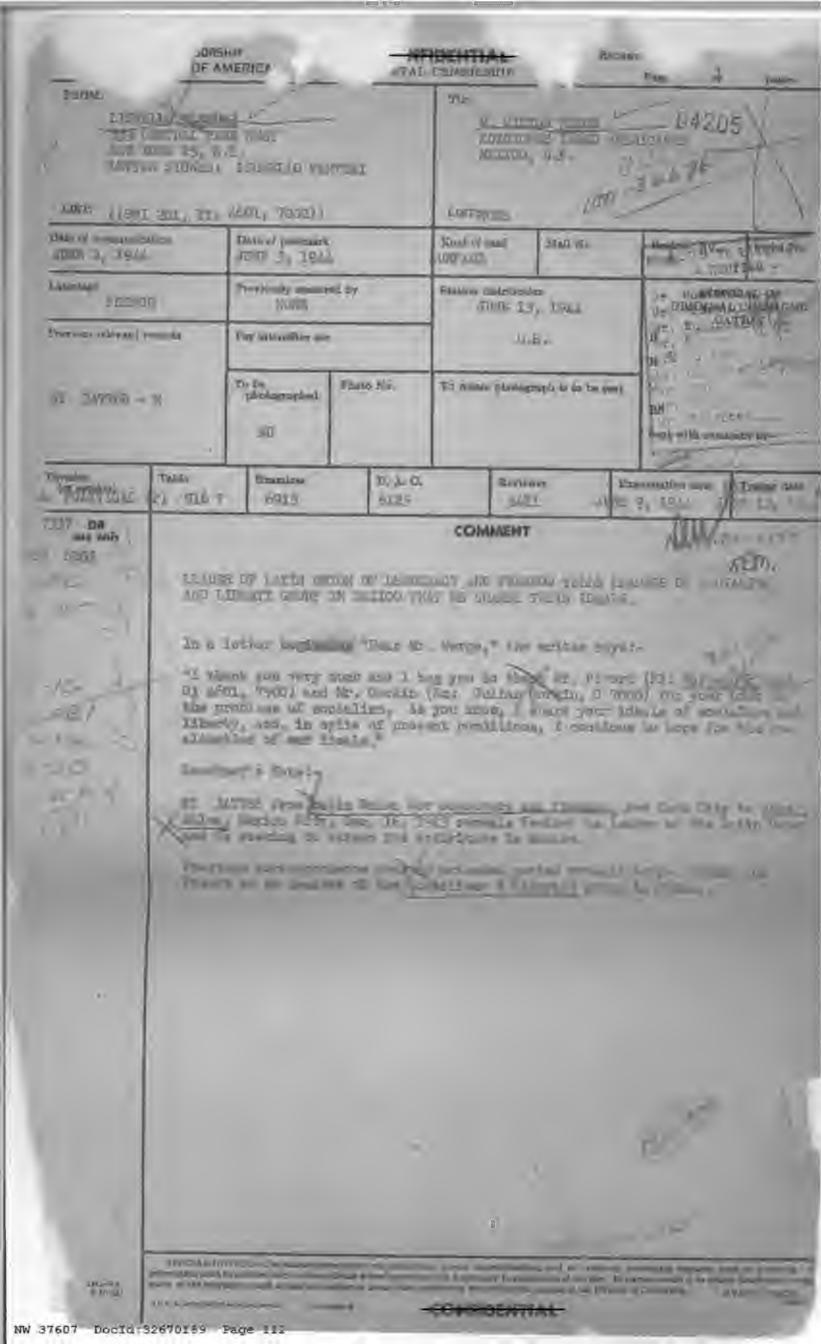
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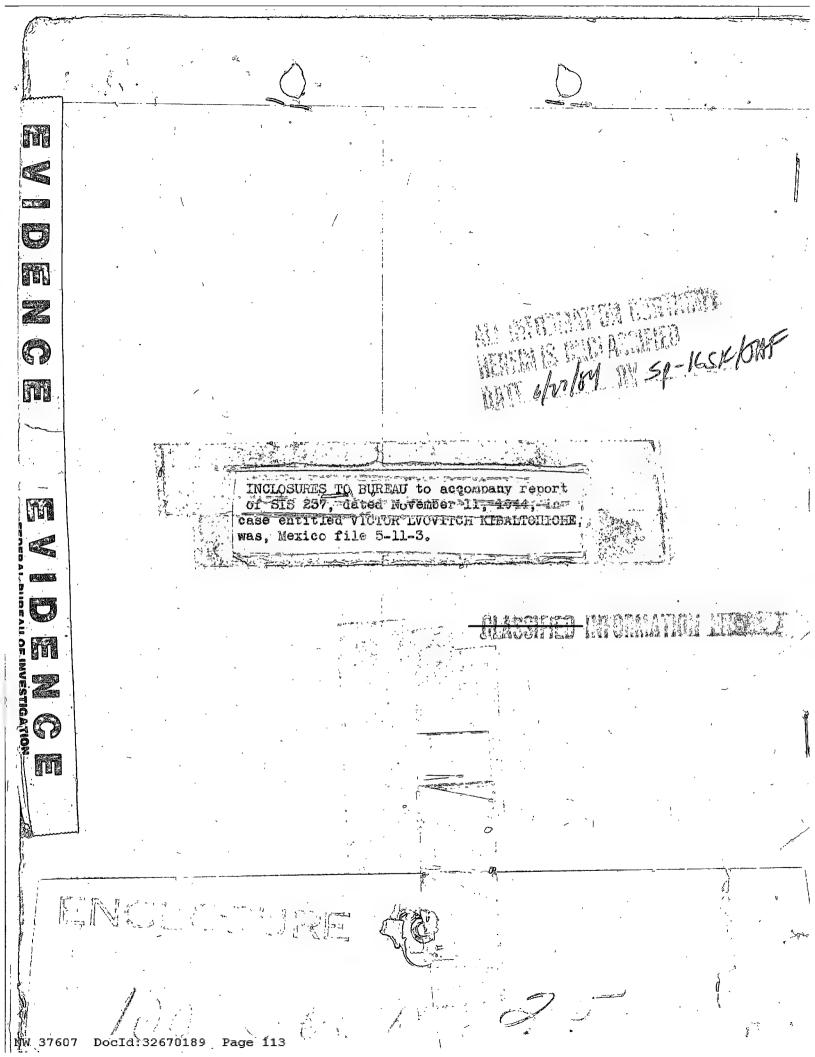
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Cliciones Quetzal S.A.

Pasaje Iturbide 18 Tel. Eric. 18-27-95 México, D. F. 28 ggosto 1941

Al C. Secretario de Gobernacion Ciudad

Distinguido señor:

Por la presente tenemos el gusto de interesarnos por el gran escritor europeo Victor KIBALTCHICHE (nombre literario: Victor SERGE) y por su hijo Vladimito, a los que les fué concedida la visa -y posteriormente una prorroga- de Léxico. Segun nuestras noticias han debido llegar ya por avion a Lérida -o no pueden tardar en llegar-, procedentes de Santo Domingo y Cuba.

Como editores del gran escritor, mucho le agradeceremos se sirva cursar las ordenes oportunas para que no se les ponga, a él y a su hijo, ninguna dificultad.

Gracias anticipadas y los saludos respetuosos de Por Ediciones Quetzal, S.A.,

Taian J. Jokin

Director.

Inclosure (7) to Bureau - photographic copy of letter from JULIAN GORKIN to Srio. de Gobernacion 5-11-3

COMITE PRO-AYUDA A LAS VICTIMAS DEL FASCISMO

C. Secretario de Gobernación

SECRETARIA NACIONAL: FRANCES TOOR, MANCHESTER, 8, MEXICO, D. F.

ADHERICO A LA INTERNATIONAL RELIEF ASSOCIATION

(1. W ARD, ST. NEW YORK, U S 4.

FUNDA DORES

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CHARLES BEARD
STERLING, D. SPERO
FREDA KIRCHWAY
SHEBA STRUNSKY
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

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ING. JUAN DE DIOS BOJORQUEZ LIC. ANTONIO CASTRO LEAL LIC, JOSE ANGEL CENICEROS SRA. AMALIA CASTILLO LEDON CARLOS CHAVEZ LEON FELIPE PROFA, EULALIA GUZMAN ARQUITECTO JUAN D'GORMAN

COMITE NACIONAL:

ANTONIO HIDALGO SRA. ESPERANZA B. DE JOSEFE LIC. GILBERTO LOYO GRAL, FRANCISCO J. MUGICA GRALL FRANCISCO J. MI MAURICIO MAGDALENO RAMON P. DE NEGRI DIEGO RIVERA LIC. ALFONSO REYES LUIS SANDI SALOMON DE LA SELVA

LIC. ALFONSO TEJA ZABRE

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Distinguido señor,

CIUDAD.

Tenemos conocimiento que el escritor Victor Kibaltchicne (Victor Serge) y su nijo Vladimiro, a los que les fué concedida oportunamente visa por esa Secretaria de Gobernación han llegado o están a punto de llegar a Mérida (Yucatán) en avión y procedentes de Santo Domingo y Cuba.

Dada la personalidad del citado escritor nos permitimos solicitar de esa Secretaría se sirva cursar las órdenes oportunas para que no se les ponga ningún impedimento a su desembarco.

Reitero una vez más nuestro profundo agradecimiento México D.F., 20 de agosto de 1941

Por el COMITE PRO-AYUDA A LAS VICTIMAS

DEL FASCISMO

Fraces Toor

Inclosure (6) to Bureau - letter from FRACES TOOR to Srio. de Gobernacion 5-11-3

8-11-5

PARTISAN REVIEW

P. O. BOX 14, STATION D, NEW YORK CITY

REA PARTISAN RAVIES FROM FOR DIROPAUS RESPONS AND ARTISTS

.....has been organized to help left-wing anti-fascist writers and artists abroad, especially those with no political party to help them. All operating expenses have been denated, so that every pomny received will go for living expenses or passage money for refugees.

CASA NO. 1: VICTOR SERGE

1990: Born in Brussols, son of revolutionary Russian emigres.

1919-1929: Lived in Mescow, edited the magazine, <u>Communist International</u>.

1929-1936: In prison or exile in the Soviet Union as an anti-Stalinist.

1936: Released as result of worldwide campaign headed by Andre Gide and Ignazio Silene.

1937-1940: Lived in Paris, supported himself by his nevels and historics.

Thiof works: Ville Conquise (novel); S'Il Est Minuit Dans to Siegle (novel); Russia, Tamaty Yourn After; Fortraite do Staline. (Readers of PARTISAN REVIEW will remember his contributions in the August 1933 and January 1940 issues.)

Serge writes: "Of all I once owned - clothes, books, writings - I was able to save only what my friends and I could carry away on our backs in knawacks. It is very little but fortunately includes the manuscripts which I have already begun. All my material resources have disappeared. I amout off from the world. This letter is a cort of \$.0.\$. I have scarcely any money left: we are eating only one meal a day and it is a very poor one at that. I don't at all know how we are going to hold out. In a later letter he writes: "The situation becomes more and more difficult for me in all respects, almost untenable: no place of refuge, no resources, no help and difficulties of every kind. I must hold out and again I will make every effort to hold out. O

It is clearly necessary to bring Serge to this country with the least possible delay. Since he is not a number of any political party, he is cut off from sources of aid onen to other refugeor. He is accompanied by his twenty-year old son, who is a painter, and his young daughter. We estimate it will cost \$800 to bring all three to this country.

\$500 TO SAVE AN CONSTANDING INTELLECTUAL ! HE APPEAL FOR YOUR ESIP.

for the editors of Fartisan Review

NOTE: Any funds raised beyond what is needed in the Sorge case will be applied to other cases. Details on request.

ECONED OF Decre Decre Machine to discrept E. K. Morre William Philips Fr & Refer BUSINESS MANAGER from a Main for

Inclosure (8) to Bureau - photographic copy of circular of PARTISAN REVIEW

5-11-5

THE CLARKE OF VIOTER SLEET.

Since to be it out our first a heat for in 3s to bring Victor a out of Larone and to heat him plive heat mile, we have received the letters indicating the high repaid American intellectual letter dure for Victor Berge. Some entrois fullum:

from it ? DD LY: "I am glad to hear that there is a movement to disoble Victor Serge to enter this country. I know of no one those go the coreer gives him a better title to seek refuge here....Mis into lectual homosty has put him out of symmathy with any of the collided costs and cliques that might otherwise be interested in helping him to occape."

from LARGARIARSLAID, literary editor of The Ration: "Ly ogn interest in Serge is primarily the fact that he is a talented novelist.... I am convinced it would strengthen our defenses against totalitarianism to bring him to this country."

from IMM .ASPIAH: "Sorge is a man of florible and humane intelligames, as ell as rare honesty and courage, an independent with a radical past -- one of the first lights that will be doused by a faccist regime."

from EUGLIL MIDIS, additor of The American Moreury: "Victor Serge's ... courageous omposure of the Russian regil a and his long fight against dictatorship ... has, in my opinion, done a major service to the cause of freedom the world over."

from MINAR 301... Ind. Department of Pine Arts, Columbia University:
For his opinions, Sorga has already suffered seven years of imprisonment within the Soviet Union....Bu is a thoroughly informment privit, attached to no political group, and therefore must rely on the holp of those who value him as a writer and as an heroic personality the has made the greatest specificus for truth.

from SIDILY MODE, Chairman of the Department of Philosophy, New York University: "Victor Serge is known to be de a greedent of Social theory and practice whose writings have thrown a fleet of hight on the shortcomings of all totalitorian oultures."

from July T. Little . Outhor of Stude wonigum: "Victor Surge to a tulented with y of absolutely incorruptible winciple.... I know that to be, gersonally, his wiftings have been a source of inopiretion and encouragement."

VICTOR SERGE MUST SE SAVEDI!

Inclosure (3) Photographic copy of circular "THE CASE OF VICTOR SERGE" 5-11-3

8-11-5

Columbia University in the City of New York

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

Oct 11- 1940

Mi fuerido Genera y amigo:

40019

his peolido que yo interverya con ustar en foros olo un esseritor formoso de francia para que se le permite entre a Ataque con su hijo y hiya. La canta escrita (pora me es de ma Eastman el Traduction de los libra de rosque, an englo y hombre de mucho lobato pa forma en los Estados Unidos. Si es possible que urlad ordena que se da una Vista a Victor slerge y son ous hips yo mi que mon espositores por mos de viuja y domas seran propositiones por mos vinian en los Estados unidos.

Mucha gracia por han morder les

Esques soludores de pronto. Afectus somerte

had vamoston

56 10/5/40 Dear Prank do Some daughter of France. Zen som fopen wer can't set him

56 on the Enne sences Cirt here and have Jewned to the Idea of Setting him into Merico Where his part believes wont be sull un ped iment. He's on andult believes in democracy now + you redut tati to recommen Loud form will Cica con you and Jane, May

Inclosure (2) to Bureau - Photographic copy of letter from MAX EASTMAN to FRANK TANNENBAUM of Columbia University 5-11-3

8-11-9

PARTISAN REVISW

P. O. SOK 34 STATION D. NEW YORK CITY

Ochoka 8, 1940

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Inclosure (4)Photographic copy of letter from NANCY MACDONALD OF PARTISAN REVIEW, New York City, to FRANK TANNENBAUM 5-11-3

8-11-3



Inclosure (1) to Bureau - photographic copy of subj's Mexican immigration card - 5-11-3

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To: Honorable Adoil A. Berle, Jr. Appletunt Secretary of State

CALIFY ATTECTS (SLA CALFEST AND EDGE).

6/27/29-162/19

From John Edger Mover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Sabject: Victor Inevitch Mibalichiche, Aliso, Victor Serge - Marico

Fleene refor to a communication dated June 3, 1943, from this Euresu concerning an alleged connection between Vexican Trotekyites and the Prench Canadian Separation Ofonja

As of possible interest to you regarding the captioned individual the was mentioned in that communication, there is eschosed a copy of a memorandum submitted by a reliable, confidential source satisfication forth his background and partivities as a series of the "Movindente Socialisme y Libertud," a Cocialist progenization, following the principles of Trotaky.

This information has been made evaluable to the Assrican Debasey at mexico, D. F.

Assistant Thior of Staff, C-2.

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Franksew W

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This Case Originated at MEXICO, D. F.

Period for Report Made By Date when Report Made at Made which Made SIS 237 11-11-44 6-7:7-7:9-29; mk MEXICO. D. F. 10-16.30-44 Character of Case VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE, was: VICTOR NAPOLEON KIBALTCHICHE, VICTOR NAPOLEON LOVITCH, VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE, VICTOR SERGE. SECURITY MATTER - R VICTOR PODEREVSKI, VICTOR SERGE KIBALKLICHE

PODEREVSKY.
Synopsis of Facts:

Subject born in Belgium in 1899, the son of Russian parents. In 1910 he was a writer for "L'ANARCHIE" and later was sentenced to serve five years at hard labor for his social stic ectivity. He thereaf er went to Spain and became a member of the N.T. (CONFEDERACION NACIONAL DE TRABAJO). In 1917, he went to France and Russia and became a member of the Communist Party. In 1933 subject was exiled from Russia and his Russian citizenship was taken from him in 1936. He thereafter lived in France, and friends endeavored to secure permission for him to enter the United States. This was refused, and he went to Martinique in March, 1941, and from there to the Dominican Republic, and finally in September, 1941, he entered Mexico as a political refugee Subject presently resides at Hermosilla 19, Apartment 5, Mexico City. Subject is associated with JULIAN CORKIN, MARCEAU PIVERT, and other Socialists in the publication of the magazine "MUNDO" which is an organ of the international party. MOVIMIENTO SOCIALISMO Y LIBERTAD." This organization is Communist, and is against all organized societies, following in great part the principles of TROTSKY.

-P
Proper File 100-36676

Reference: Bureau Wile 100-36676
Bureau letter of May 25, 1944

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ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Additional information concerning the organization to which the subject belongs is being submitted in separate reports entitled "MOVIMIENTO SOCIALISMO Y LIBERTAD"; "MARCEAU PIVERT and JULIAN GORKIN, was."

(MARIOLINE)

November 11, 1944

- MEXICO, D. F.

Re: VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE,

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Classified by SC-165K/JHC
Declassify on: WARR 9/27/45

The following information concerning the subject was secured from Source A, which is highly reliable: The subject was born in Brussels, Belgium, on December 30, 1890, of Russian parents. He spent his youth in Belgium and in England, and worked as a photographer, cartoonist, clerk, painter, journalist, author and translator. At the age of 15, he was a member of the Young Socialist Guard of Ixelles, and a member of the Revolutionary Group of Brussels.

In 1910 he was a writer for "L'ANARCHIE", and was indicted and condemned to five years of solitary confinement with hard labor for unlawful socialist activity. He was released in 1917, and went to Barcelona where he became a painter and a member of the C.N.T. (CONFEDERACION NACIONAL DE TRABAJO). He also served as a contributor to the publication TIER-RAY LIBERTAD (Land and Liberty) and was a participant in the first revolutionary attempt of July, 1917. He thereafter left for Russia and was arrested in Paris, where he was interned in a concentration camp under the Clemenceau Ministry, and was later exchanged in January, 1917, as a Bolshevik hostage for an officer of the French Military Mission who was being held in Russia.

On arriving in Russia the subject became a member of the Russian Communist Party and a collaborator of ZINOVIEV on the Executive Committee of the Russian International. He later became an associate of the general staff of the Defense, and superintendent of the files of the Secret Police. He also served as a writer for the COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL" and spent several years in Germany and in Austria.

In 1925 he returned to Moscow, but was later deported in 1933 to Orenbourg, and finally his Soviet nationality was taken from him in 1936. On August 15, 1919, the subject was married in Petrograd, Russia, to LUIVOV MOSELEVITCH.

Source B has advised that a number of individuals in New York City endeavored to secure permission for the subject to enter the United States. However, such permission was refused because of his connections with the Communist Party. These individuals include SIDNEY HOOK, JOHN DEWEY, FREDERICK REUSTLE, MARGARET MARSHALL, WILLIAM TROY, EUCENE LYONS, MEYER SHAPIRO, JAMES T. FARRELL, MAX FASTMAN, ARTHUR PINCUS. Practically the entire time from 1936 until March, 1941, the subject resided in France. In March, 1941, he went to Martinique, and from there proceeded to the Dominican Republic. In September, 1941, he left Havana; Cuba, for Mexico City, where he has since resided.

- 25

The following information has been secured from Source C:
The subject entered Mexico on September 3, 1941, and at first lived at
Victoria 104, Apartment 15, Mexico City, but afterwards moved to Hermosillo 19, Apartment 5, Mexico City, and he still resides at this latter
address. On entering Mexico, he was accompanied by his son, VLADIMIR,
who was at that time 21 years of age.

In September, 1944, the subject sought permission from the Mexican Covernment to remain in the country for an additional length of time, and he showed a letter from the Hanco de Transportes in which it was stated he/had a deposit of 1200 pesos. He also exhibited a letter from General CARDENAS to the Department of Gobernacion, recommending himself, MARCEAU PIVERT, and JULIAN GORKIN, in order to secure permission to enter Mexico originally. This subject was aided considerably by MAX EASTMAN of Groton-on-Hudson, New York; NANCY MACDONALD, FRANK TANNENBAUM, and the Committee on Behalf of the Victims of the Fascism. MAX EASTMAN originally addressed a letter to FRANK TANNENBAUM of Columbia University, requesting him to do all possible to expedite the issuing of a Mexican visa for the subject. In accordance with the request of MAX EASTMAN. FRANK TANNENBAUM addressed a letter to General CARDENAS, asking his assistance in this matter also FRANCES TOOR of the Comite Pro Ayuda a las Victimas del Fascismo (Committee in Behalf of the Victims of Fascism) Manchester 8, Mexico, D. F., addressed a letter to the Secretario de Gobernacion, Mexico, urging his assistance on the subject's petition for a visa.

In addition to the foregoing, the subject was aided by a letter addressed to the Secretary of Government by Julian GORKIN, Director of EDICIONES QUETZAL, S. A., Pasaje Iturbide 18, Mexico, D. F. At the time of the subject's petition for a Mexican visa, the PARTISAN REVIEW FUND FOR EUROPEAN WRITERS AND ARTISTS, of 45 Astor Place, New York City, published a circular concerning the case of VICTOR SERGE. This circular set forth statements from all individuals supporting SERGE's cause, including JOHN EWEY, MARGARET MARSHALL, MAX EASTMAN, EUGENE LYONS, MEYER SHAPIRO, SIDNEY HOOK and JAMES T. FARRELL.

The PARTISAN REVIEW of New York also issued a circular in which the following information was set forth concerning the subject:

"1890 - born in Brussels, son of revolutionary Russian emigres
1919-1928 - lived in Moscow, headed the magazine COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL
1929-1936 - in prison or exile in the Soviet Union as an anti-Stalinist
1936 - released as result of world-wide campaign headed by ANDRE GITE
and ICNACIO SILONE

1937-1940 - Yived in Paris, supporting himself by his novels and histories.

This circular urged that contributions be made to bring the subject to the United States and "to save an outstanding intellectual."

On February 29, 1944, the subject using the name V. PODEREV-SKI, addressed a letter to Mr. S. W. LEVITAS, "THE NEW LEADER," 7 East 15th Street, New York City, in which he commented upon the recent appeal made by a group of Catalan politicians who wrote to STALIN, begging him to protect the liberty of Catalonia. The subject stated that this seemed to be a joke. In this same communication he submitted rather detailed information on Spanish immigration to Mexico.

MCM No. Source D has advised that the subject has been in correspondence with DWIGHT MACDONALD and his wife NANCY, at 45 Astor Place, New York, concerning the establishment of a new international socialist group. MACDONALD has recently been editing the magazine POLITICS, and formerly was of the staff of the "PARTISAN REVIEW" of New York City.

On April 10, 1944, the subject addressed a letter to Mr. S. M. LEVITAS, "THE NEW LEADER," 7 East 15th Street, New York City. In this communication the subject stated as follows:

"In the next few days the Mexican Communist Party is going to hold a national Counsel (Va Tenir..... Un Conseil Nacional). We already know that it will decide unanimously to change its name and will be called henceforth the Mexican Socialist Party like the PC of Cuba. This deception will deceive no one for a moment, but it presents here some real advantages for the totalitarian party, since there exists no Mexican Socialist Party, but rather a state of spirit vaguely socialist, although rather scattered. It is evident that this camouflage so much the more impudent since the Communists have not ceased, for many years, to persecute, slander and even shoot authentic socialists, complies with the needs of a policy whose consequences can be serious. It is a question of exploiting the prestige of socialism at the moment when 'communism' is falling into disrepute, and of preparing for the day when the socialist movement will recover from the ... false 'socialist' parties, which will demand participation in the international congress, will pretend to represent the countries, will sow a profound confusion of spirit, will exploit the singular candor of theorists such as Harold Taski. Let us not fail to notice that this vast maneuver runs the risk of being dangerous for socialism.

In this same letter he also included information concerning Spanish Socialist activities. In a communication dated June 12, 1944, also addressed to Mr. S. M. LEVITAS, the subject submitted information concerning the Spanish underground and conditions in Africa. He also answered a criticism made concerning a previous article he had written regarding the Basques in Spain.

The following information has been secured from Source E: In February, 1942, the subject, accompanied by MARCEAU PIVERT, traveled to Veracruz, Mexico, to meet relatives who arrived on the SS NYASSA, in order

CONFIGNATION

to facilitate and help solve the formalities of disembarking. These men were assisted by Miss MARIA DE LA SELVA, Calle Ramon Guzman 44, Mexico City. This individual is a sister of ROGERIA DE LA SELVA, private secretary to the Secretary of Cobernacion.

On April 1, 1943, the subject participated in the protest moeting which was held at the Centro Cultural Ibero-Mexicano at Venustieno Carranza 30, Mexico City. This meeting was called to protest the killing of CARLON/FRESCA in New York City. The directors of the meeting were the following: PABLO/CHEVALIER, JACOBO/ABRAHAM, JULIAN GORKIN, and EMILIO MALDONADO. It was intended to accuse the Communists of the murder of CARLOS FRESCA. Just after the meeting began, a group of Communists rushed into the hall and a brawl resulted in which several were seriously hurt, and 73 individuals were arrested. The subject was scheduled to speak, but the meeting was broken up before he had such an opportunity.

At present the subject is actively associated with JULIAN GOR-KIN, MARCEAU PIVERT, and other followers of the Trotskyite school, in the publishing of the magazine "MUNDO" ("WORLD") which is the official organ of the new international known as "MOVIMIENTO SOCIALISMO Y LIBERTAD" ("MOVE-MENT FOR SOCIALISM AND LIBERTY"). The purposes of this organization include the establishment of international socialism and the destruction of ell established governments. The organization is strongly anti-Communist as well as anti-Fascist. In the first issue of "MUNDO," which was published in June, 1943, an article was published entitled "THE NECESSITY FOR THE REMOVATION OF SOCIALISM." This was written by subject. Another article by this subject appeared in the October and November, 1943, issue. This article was entitled WWHERE IS STALIN COINCY. The writer attacked the dictatorship of STALIN, and stated that if STALIN has his way in Europe, all the European countries will become prisoners the same as Russia, but he states he believes a change of government in Russia is possible, and that such a change will bring freedom to the Soviet and all the neighboring countries.

The subject has written various books including "PROBLEMS OF SOCIALISM," which was written in collaboration with MARCEAU PIVERT: "LENIN IN 1917;" FROM LENIN TO STALIN," and HITLER AGAINST STALIN."

On September 1, 1944, the subject addressed another letter to Mr. S. M. LEVITAS of the "NEW LEADER" in which he criticized a member of the French Provisional Government and "totalitarian" Russia. He also commented upon the Spanish political leaders in Mexico who had endorsed the Latin union of France, Spain, Italy and Portugal. In addition, he described the resolution which had just been adopted by the Commission of Independent Socialist Groups, which resolution dealt with the relationship between the Polish and Russian people. This resolution advocated a moral intervention in order to obtain the liberation of the millions of internees in Russian concentration camps, the liberation and repatriation as soon as possible of

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CONTRACTOR

the half-million Polish captives deported to Siberia and Central Asia, and basic democratic liberties for the Soviet workers and fighters. The resolution stated that the Communist domination of Poland would constitute a threat to democracy, and to Central Europe, and a hindrance to labor movements and Socialist movements even in Poland.

The following is a description of the subject which was furnished by Source C:

Date and place of birth - 1890, Brussels, Belgium
Marital status - married
Profession - writer
Languages - French, Russian, English, German, Spanish
Race - Caucasian
Religion - Orthodox
Color - white
Eyebrows - brown
Nose - straight
Moustache - none
Hair - grayish
Eyes - brown
Mouth - medium
Beard - none

Complexion - medium

Height - 5'5"

UNDEVELOPED LEADS



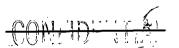
THE MEXICO CITY OFFICE

AT MEXICO. D. F.

Will follow and report on activities of the subject.

INCLOSURES TO BUREAU

- 1) Photographic copy of subject's Mexican immigration card containing front and side photographs.
- 2) Photographic copy of letter from MAX EASTMAN to FRANK TANNENBAUM of Columbia University.
- 3) Photographic copy of circular on "THE CASE OF VICTOR SERGE," published by THE PARTISAN REVIEW FUND FOR EUROPEAN WRITERS AND ARTISTS, 45 Astor Place, New York.
- 4) Photographic copy of letter from NANCY MACDONALD of the PARTISAN REVIEW, New York City, to FRANK TANNENBAUM.
- 5) Photographic copy of letter from FRANK TANNENBAUM to General CARDENAS, dated October 18, 1940.
- 6) Letter from FRACES TOOR to Secretario de Gobernacion.
- 7) Photographic copy of a letter from JULIAN GORKIN to Secretario de Gobernacion.
- 8) Photographic copy of circular of PARTISAN REVIEW.



CONFIDENTIAL

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

The confidential sources of information listed in the report of SIS 237, dated November 11, 1944, at Mexico, D. F., in the case entitled VICTOR LVCVITCH KIBALTCHICHE, was; SECURITY MATTER - R, are listed below:

Source A - Report of Special Agent J. R. PAUL, in instant case, dated April 27, 1942, at New York City.

Source B - Report of Special Agent LOUIS LOEBL in instant case, dated at Washington, D. C., May 15, 1942.

Source C

Source D - Report of Special Agent STANLEY J. CRABOWSKI, JR., dated April 8, 1944, at New York City, entitled DWIGHT MACDONALD, was; SECURITY MATTER-C.

Source E - U. S. Embassy files at Mexico City.

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

CONFILL

REPORT FW/mek of the FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON D. C. December 4, 1944 10-36(76 -Mexico City There follows a report of the FBI Laboratory on the examination Classified by SP-168KDH 88 -15-24 HEREIN'S UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN Declassify on: OADR 11.141 of evidence received from your office on November 22, 1944. HIL INFORMATION CONTAINED VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE, with aliased Re: SECURITY MATTER - R YOUR FILE NO. 100-36676 FBI FÎLE NO. D-26316 BE LAB. NO. Mexico City Examination requested by: Letter dated November 11, 1944 English Reference: Document Examination requested: Dilli Specimens: Small piece of paper bearing handwriting specimens of the subject VICTOR " SERGE, with aliases. R Results of Examination: Specimen Kl was searched through the appropriate sections of the National Security File but no identification was effected. A representative photographic copy of this specimen will be added to this file for future reference and comparison. Specimen Kl is being retained in the files of the Laboratory. Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Tamm Mr. Clegg Mr. Coffet Mr. Glavin Whom elect Ladd Mr. Nichols Rosen 2- Mexico City 1 Mohr. 1- Laboratory Hendor

OFFICE OF THE CIVIL ATTACHE
EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
MEXICO CITY

5-11-3

November 11, 1944

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OTHERWASE

Director, FBI

ATTENTION: TECHNICAL LABORATORY

Re: VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE, with aliases; SECURITY MATTER - R.

Dear Sir:

There is being inclosed herewith a handwriting specimen of the subject in the above-entitled case. This specimen was obtained by Confidential Informant

It is requested that this be examined by the Technical Laboratory and compared with other handwriting in the National

Defense files.

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Very truly yours,

Birch D. O'NEAL BIRCH D. O'NEAL

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SIS 237:mk

Glooding by Sp-165Klow Declassify on: OAD: 6/4/84

CONFIDENT.

TNETTER

ORIGINAL

5-11-3 This Case Originated at Period for Report Made By Date when Report Made at John Francis Desmon Made which Made 237 1/12:2/3/45 2-19-45 MEXICO, D Title VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE, was. Synopsis of Facts: Subject has indicated a desire to travel to the United States and has been reported as having changed his political views recently and at present avoids such words as "proletariat", "revolution", etc. His advocating the direction of Europe by English conservatives and others has caused an apparent break with MARCEAUXPIVERT and JULIAN GOMEZ GARCIA (JULIAN GORKIN). MATION CONTAINED DATE 6/20/84 BY Sp-165K/DHF Report of SIS #237 dated November 11, 1944, at Reference: Mexico, D. F. 17.WWall In Legal Approved and Do Not Write in These Spaces Attache Forwarded RECORDED Copies of This Report Made Available to Bureau X Embasy .A. M. X. RECORDED 2 - Mexico City X N. A 27 1945 - Others COPIES DESTROYED 8-21-

ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

The information contained herein is being reported at this time as it is considered of considerable importance since it indicates a break among the extreme Socialists in Mexico. Additional investigation is being continued in this matter and the Bureau will be advised as to the results as soon as possible.

TO THEORNATION CONTAINED ECUNCL VESTVIED . Wishes O'llathan Land

February 19, 1945

RE:

VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE, With aliases: Mexico, D. F.

Declassify only

Source C has advised that according to a letter written by JEAN MALAQUAIS, whose real name is JEAN MALACKI and whose residence is 63 Dinamarca, Mexico, D. F., addressed to DWIGHT McDONALD, care of POLITICS, 43 Astor Place, New York City, dated December 24, 1944, the writer had a quarrel with his fellow Socialist VICTOR SERGE, the subject in the instant case. It was stated that the subject carefully avoids the words "Socialism", "proletariat", "revolution" and it was stated in addition that the subject "wonders" whether the total occupation of Germany by the Allies is not a necessity. The subject is also reported as stating that he favors a Socialist-inclined Europe under the direction of the democratic masses, technicians and English conservatives. The writer of the letter stated that it was in this particular reference to conservatives that a break took place between the writer and the subject and the entire blame has been placed upon the subject by JULIAN GORKIN (JULIAN GOMEZ GARCIA) and others, apparently referring to MARCEAU PIVERT and those associated in the Socialist movement in Mexico. This same source has further advised that the writer of the instant communication, JEAN MALACKI, is married to GALINA YURKE-VITCH WALAQUAIS. He was born in Poland of Russian parents and lived in France, having served in the French Army. He was taken prisoner in June 1940 and subsequently released and he went to Venezuela, later coming to Mexico.

It has also been reported that the subject in a letter addressed to DWIGHT McDONALD, care of POLITICS, 45 Astor Place, New York City, dated October 10, 1944, stated that he would like to re-establish contact with the magazing POLITICS and that he would like to make a trip to the Unit of States in the near future.

DECLASSIFIED BY 8123 Med Cen

NDEVELOPED LEADS

THE MEXICO CITY OFFICE

AT MEXICO, D. F.

Will place a stop notice with the Visa Section of the United States Embassy so as to be advised when the subject applies for a visa to travel to the United States.

Will secure additional information as to the subject's activities from Confidential Informant (U)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)



CONFIDENTIAL IDENTIFICATION OF SOURCES

port of SIS No. 237, dated February 19, 1945, Mexico,
D. F., in the case entitled "VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE,
was.; SECURITY MATTER - R" is United States Postal Censorship Record No. SA-214636

This Case Originated at MEXICO, D. F.

File No. 5-11-3

Report Made at	Date when Made	Period for which Made	Report Made By	
MEXICO, D. F.	2-19-45	1/12:2/3/45	SIS NO. 237	pmc
Title			Character of Case	
VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE, was.			SECURITY MATTER - R	· .

Synopsis of Facts:

Subject has indicated a desire to travel to the United States and has been reported as having changed his political views recently and at present avoids such words as "proletariat", "revolution", etc. His advocating the direction of Europe by English conservatives and others has caused an apparent break with MARCEAU PIVERT and JULIAN GOMEZ GARCIA (JULIAN GORKIN).

_ P _



Reference:

Report of SIS #237 dated November 11, 1944, at Mexico, D. F.

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/ // 	b	CONFIDENCIA	File No.	5-11-3
Report Made at MEXICO CITY	Date when Made 5/29/45	Period for which Made 2/14,28	Report Made By John Franci SIS #237	in Hermond
VICTOR MAP VICTOR NAP VICTOR SER	VITCH KIBALTCHICHE OLEON KIBALTCHICHE OLEON COVITCH, VIC GE. VICTOR PODEREV	, was 3/14,17,20 4/30/45	Character of Case	im R - R
Synopsis of Facts:	From 1925 to 1930 one of the most an PROTSKY and after still maintained 1 At present he has	subject was regardant the subject was regardant the subject was regardant to subject the subject was regardant to subject the subject was regardant to subject with the subject was regardant to subject was regardant to subject with the subject was regardant to subject was regardant to subject was regardant to subject was regardant to subject with the subject was regardant to subject with the subject was regardant to subject with the subject was regardant to subject with the subject was regardant to	rded in Paris as esmen for LEON. in Russia he TROTSKY doctrines. OTSKY group and	
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<u> </u>	Report of SIS #237 Bureau File 100-36		9, 1945 at Mexico, D.	20/84
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ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

The instant case is being closed inasmuch as the latest information received from Confidential Informant indicates that the subject is no longer active in the MARXIST or TRUTSKYITE groups.

-FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Z Z

May 29, 1945

120/84 85-15-24 20084 85-15-24 20084 85-15-24

Declassify on: OADR

RE:

VICTOR LVOVITCH KIRALTCHICHE, was:
Victor Napoleon Kibaltchiche
Victor Napoleon Lovitch
Victor Kibaltchiche
Victor Serbe, Victor Poderevski
Victor Serge Kibalkliche Poderevsky
Mexico D. F.

Source D has advised that during the period of 1925-1930, the subject was one of the best known Communist writers in Europe. He was editor of the Communist publication, "L'Humanite" of Paris and during this period he was considered to be the most authoritative spokesman for LEON TROTSKY in France and all of Europe. When TROTSKY fell into disfavor with the Soviet authorities the subject travelled to Russia to assist him but on his arrival there he was incarcerated and remained in Moscow as a prisoner for several years. On his return to France the subject maintained his belief in the Trotskyite doctrines and in fact was a stronger advocate than previously.

According to this same source, the subject at the present time is opposed to the Trotskyite movement and is entirely separated from it. He has also indicated that he disapproves of the group which follows MARCEAU PIVERT and in addition is opposed to the POUM of JULIAN GORKIN.

At the present the subject is considered a moderate Socialist and according to this source, which is considered reliable, his political, social and economic beliefs are closer to those of Christian Socialism than to Marxism. However, he is well known as a bitter enemy of JOSEPH STALIN whom he considers the greatest danger for the world in Europe.

The subject lives in Mexico in comparative modesty, spending most of his time at Hermosillo 19, studying and writing. He seldom visits or attends public functions.

Source E has advised that when the subject was a prisoner in Russia one of the individuals who was most influential in securing his freedom was the French writer, ANDRECTIDE. This source has also confirmed the information set forth above to the effect that the subject spends most of his time in his apartment studying and writing. On occasions he has been observed to visit the Banco Latino-Americano on Calle Balderas and the book store, "Editorial Quetzal" which is located in the Pasaje Iturbide,

CONFIDENTIAL

C. M.

IDENTIFICATION OF SOURCES

The Sources of information mentioned in the report of SIS #237, dated at Mexico, D. F., May 29, 1945, in the case entitled, "VICTOR LYOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE, was; - Security Matter - R" are listed below:

Source E: Confidential Informant

Source E: Confidential Informant

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)



This Case Originated at MEXICO

File No.

5-11-3

Report Made at Date when Period for Report Made By Made which Made MEXICO CITY 5/29/45 2/14,28 SIS #237 Title VICTOR LICVITCE KIRALTCHICHE. WAS im 3/14,17,20 Character of Case VICTOR MAPOLEON KIBALTCHICHE 4/30/45 VICTOR NAPOLEON LOVITCH, VICTOR KIBALTCHICHE, SECURITY MATTER - R VICTOR SERCE, VICTOR PODEREVSEI, VICTOR SERCE KIBALKI TODEHEVSKI

Synopsis of Facts:

From 1925 to 1930 subject was regarded in Paris as one of the most authoritative spokesmen for LEON TROTSEY and after his imprisonment in Russia he still maintained his belief in the TROTSKY doctrines. At present he has abandoned the TROTSKY group and MARXIST principles. He is now considered a moderate Socialist and spends most of his time studying and writing. X

ADL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WAS ZE SHOWN OTHERWISE

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED

Declassify on:

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Reference:

Report of SIS #237 dated February 19, 1945 at Mexico, D. C.

Bureau File 100-36676

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June 22, 1945

AM INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHELE SHOWN OTHERWISE

Mr. Frederick D. Lyon

Chief

Division of Poroign Activity Correlation

Department of Stabe Washington, D. C.

Sp-16SKOHF

Declassify on: QADR

9/20/84

From :

John Edgar Hoover - Director, Pederal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: Victor Lvovitch Kibaltchiche

Mexico

As of possible interest to you, there is enclosed a copy of a memorandum received from a confidential reliable source concerning the captioned individual (who is presently considered a moderate Socialist and spends most of his time studying and writing in Mexico City.)

It will be noted that according to this memorandum he was formerly regarded as one of the most authoritative spokesmen for Leon Trotsky but at present he has reportedly abandoned the Trotsky group and given up Marxiet principles.

This information has also been made available to the United States Embacsy in Mexico City.

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Enclo Mure

se Director of Maval Intelligence Eavy Department, Washington, D. C.

co Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2 War Department, Washington, D. C. BY CONVITTEE (BRB)
DATE: 9-9-9-2

Attention: Brigadier General Carter W. Clarko

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Cleng
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Soffey
Mr. Stavin
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Hichols
Mr. Losen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Yohr
Mr. Oarson
Mr. Tracy
Mr. John
Mr. Jones
Mr. J

We MA OR O. S. WILLIAM S. WILLIAM

JEP:mmw

100-36676 – 2 R

June 22, 1945 Date Bb

MITION CONTAINED E U. OLASSIFIED

To:

Mr. Victor Borella, Executive Director Office of Inter-American Affairs

From:

Mr Mr

John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Victor Lvovitch Kibaltchiche Subjects

Mexico

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED

Personal and compidential

LCUMMITTEE (DAG)

As of possible interest to you, there is enclosed a copy of a memorandum received from a confidential reliable source concerning the captioned individual who is presently considered a moderate Socialist and spends most of his time studying and writing in Mexico City.

It will be noted that according to this memorandum he was formerly regarded as one of the most authoritative spokesmen for Leon Trotsky but at present he has Erepentedly abandoned the Trotsky group and given up Marxist principles

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Director, FBI

SAC, Boston

SUBJECT:

VICTOR SERGE; BORIS NIKOLAEVSKY INTERNAL SECURITY (C) DATE: July 12, 1945

ALL INFORMATION COLLEGE HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/29/2018/15/201

Confidential Informant has brought to the attention of this office an article appearing in "Publishers' Weekly" dated June 23, 1945 on page 2434. The article was written by Verian Pry, who, as the secretary of the Emergency Rescue Committee of the eague of American Writers, materially aided a number of refugee authors who leave Europe and enter the United States. In this article he traces the activities of some of them since arriving in this country.

The article notes that VICTOR SERGE, author of From Lenin to Stalin" (Pioneer Publishers, 1937) and "Russia Twenty Years Afterwards" (Hillman Curl, 1937) is now in Mexico writing his memoirs.

In the same source it is noted that BORIS NIKOLAEVSKY, author of "Azev, The Spy" (Doubleday Doran, 1934) and "Karl Marx - Man and Fighter" (Lippencott, 1936) is now living in New-York City where he is working on a history of the Russian Communist Party and its links with the Communist Parties of other countries.

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

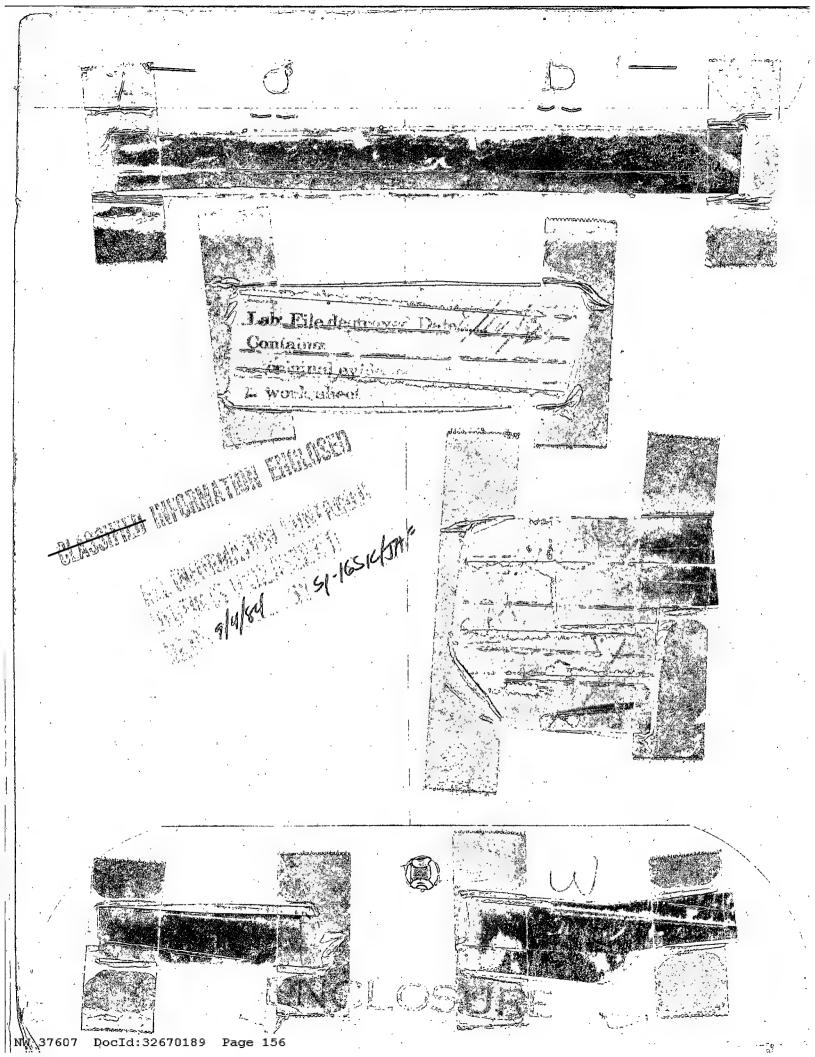
Confidential Informant believes that both of these persons have been members of the Communist Party and have been prominent in its affairs internationally. The informant has no recent specific information indicating that these persons are now involved in the Communist movement but has been advised in literary circles that NIKOLAEVSKY has considerable material for his book concerning the links of the Russian Party with other Parties.

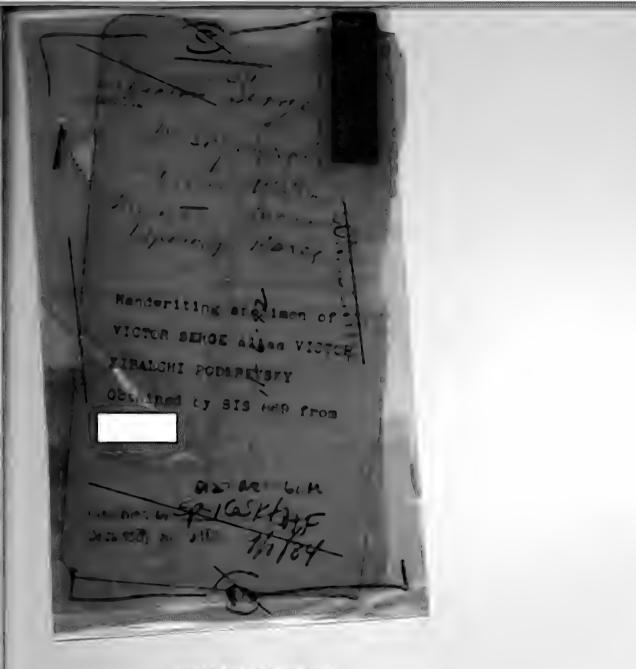
The above information is being brought to the attention of the Bureau and the New York City Field Division for whatever action is deemed desirable. No action is recommended by this office. No further inquiries will be made in this direction unless the Bureau so requests, but in the event of further information it will be promptly furnished to the Bureau.

If the Bureau desires to review this article for its numerous references to refugee authors aided by the aforementioned committee in entering the United States who are now employed by the Office of War Information, the article will be available in Boston for transmittal.

The New York Field Division if it so desires can obtained affice concerning the Book Guild Center opened by the UOPWA, Local #1, on June 7, 1945 at 30 East 29 Street, New York City. The article contains DAD FRETURE OF RICHARD TAUTEREACH, BELLEVANKIN, A. A. HARTWELL and ALBERT KAHN.

BSG:md cc New York N.





FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

RECORDED November 24, 1944 10-AM

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Laboratory Work Sheet

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HELLING UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

VICTOR LVOVITCH KIBALTCHICHE, was

SECURITY MATTER - R

100-36676

D-26316 BE

Examination requested by: Mexico City

Date of reference communication: Letter 11-11-44

Date received:

11-22-44

dmw

Examination requested:

Document

Result of Examination:

Examination by:

DAHLGREN

Specimens submitted for examination

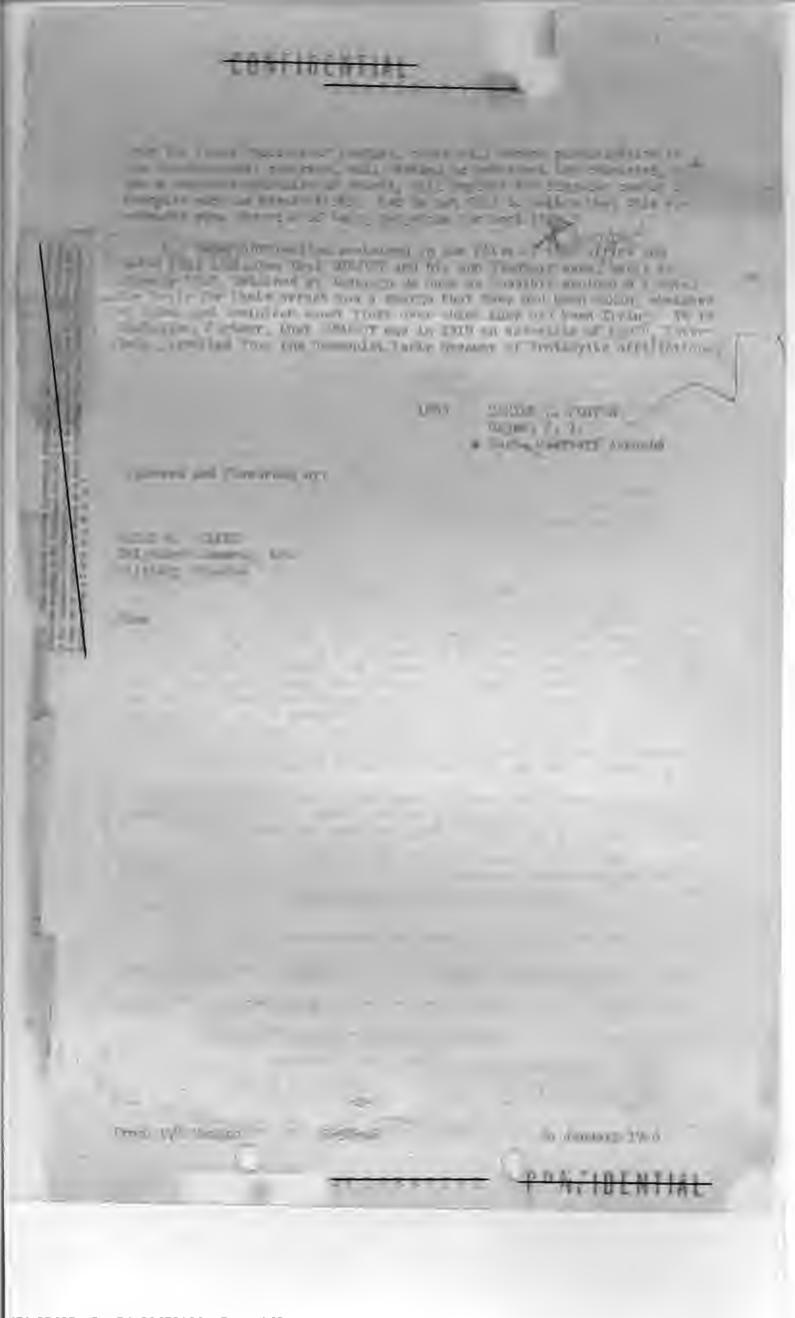
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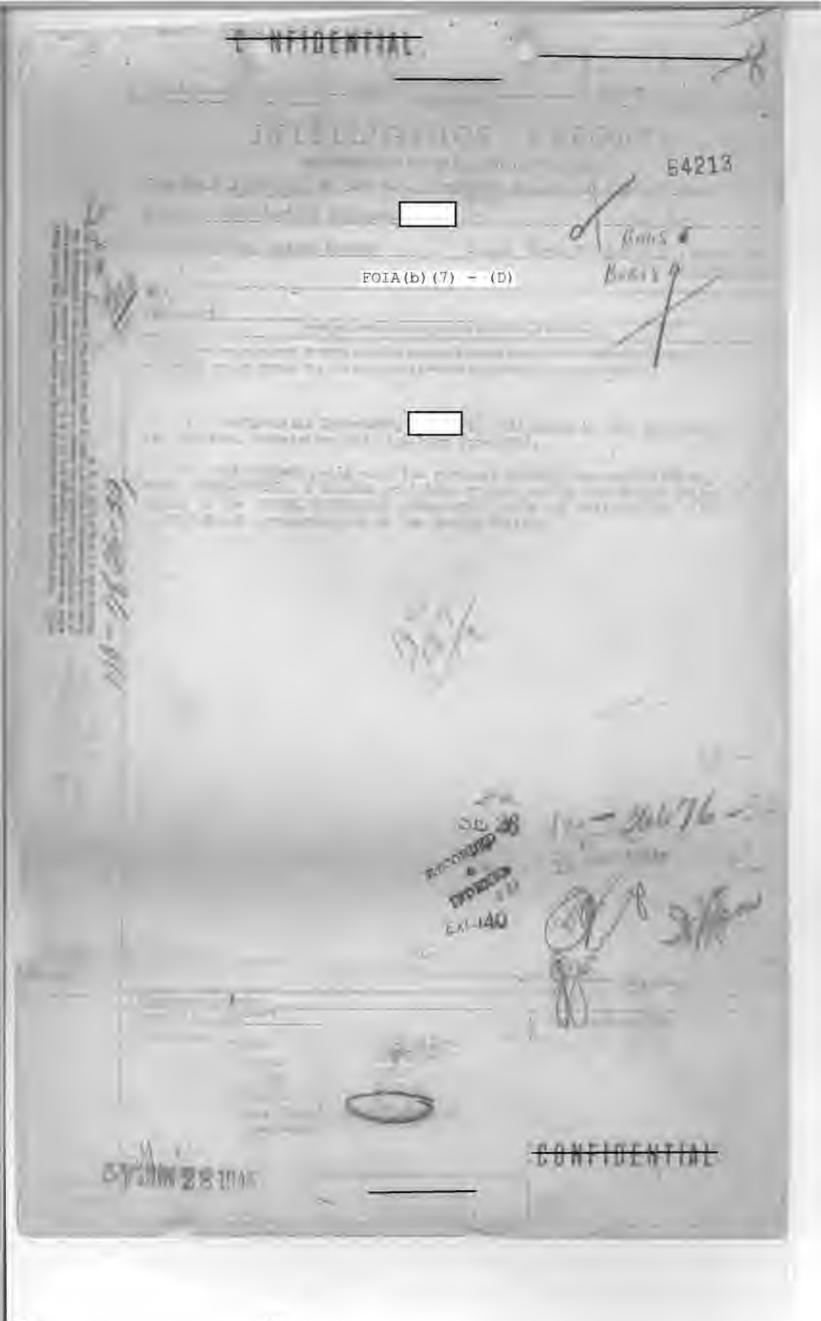
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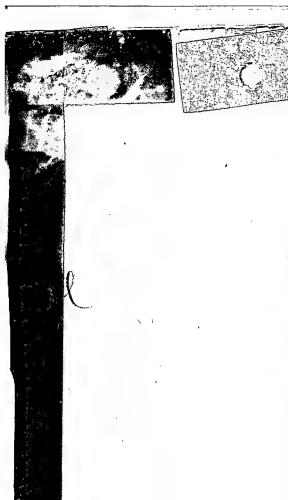
Declassified Case: NW 37607 100-000 suns Date: 02-27-2013 STREET STREET, SQUARE, INTELLIGENCE FOR DESIGNATION AND ARRANGED HOUSE All Liver Adjusted, Vincent Claim, Medical CHILL ACCOUNT The section of the se Subject. **V**2111 Remov Parties of the Partie THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY AND REAL PROPERTY OF STREET, ST. LEWIS CO., LANSING MICHIGAN STREET, LANSING 1. SUBJECT has the following broom alfassus 7. L. Politically Makes Continued The Landscon Latter Vision Continued C I This Subject who resides at herecasille 10, Apr. 5, Nexton City, is reported to to one of the leaders of a Trological creation to be seen as Lawrence of the Libertito sith offices at Vanuations Carrages (50, the description of the reported that string the Species Savid Non-to-was tele-the species topolities Government and convicted of treatment in transmission with delign topolities and through two persons to the strings of the Springs diagram of the strings and through the locatementality of the Springs southfreen a reported, to is reported to be usuable, on anti-southern will. brising and anti-monoton propagands in Maxim and to Latin Asserting. It is coronar reported bles he to compermitting with trie agents, Juleary and Charles and Compermitted with the agents, Juleary and Compermitted with the agents, Juleary and Compermitted and Competer and to the Smitad states. 3. In the first lasce of familiar, the organ of the moving to social telegraph, siddle appeared in June 1945, smaleDT he reported to have mailted an article woldfilled "Too recognity for the Recoverion of Socialism." In the Colo or and Movember James, he attacked the distatorable of Statin, station that I'm Posite has the may in Europe, all the European tourists will become prisoners of Corning Do April 10, 1500, he addressed a letter to 5, 1, serior of the Corn Lancer, 7 East 15th St., See Fore Side, in which he sides as I willow to be seen for Cays the Maries Security Party is going to bell a new Lorsell Concerdit. 'So advestey have that In will stand on annull country to the t the common of sell is employ productored the modern Scholage Party Min. Downstands for the court, and the court of the cou taken to distance Socration Parks, but report a passe of which receive to the to the provide of antibolism is the scores than Tourness in the facility. of avenuebe and of preparing for the day after the Socialist news and will -1 m to 2 DISPRISE AT ELECTRIC MIS Same No. 253000 Min Democracy Debits A. WELL ST. Rocker. 122 Donate Road # 1. Dist. Jet J. 25 5 14/11/3







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V. SERGE, EXPELLED BY COMMUNISTS, 57

One of Comintern's Founders Dies in Mexico-He Spent 8 Years in Siberian Exile

Victor Serge, a disillusioned Russian Communist who had long lived in exile, died Tuesday night in his home in Mexico City of a heart attack, at the age of 57, according to word received here yesterday at the offices of The New Leader, 7 East Fifteenth Street.

A founder of the Communist International Mr. Serge was expelled from the Russian Communist party in 1928 and exiled to Siberia. party in 1928 and exited to Siberia. His punishment led many world literary figures, including André Gide, winner of this year's Nobel Prize for Literature, to protest sigorously to the Soviet Government. After eight years Mr. Serge was permitted to leave Russia, and He went to France. On the fall of Prance he field to Mexico, the only Prance he fled to Mexico, the only

At his death Mr. Serge was a democratic socialist, opposed to totalitarianism of every variety.

He often said that his disillusionment with Stalinism began with

He was the author of several He was the author of several novels, of which the latest, "Long Dust," published here in English a year ago, dealt with the 1940 defeat of France. Of his other works, "Russia—Twenty Years After," an anti-Stalinist appraisal, was is used here in 1937. In recent years had been the Mexican correspondent of The New Leader spondent of The New Leader.

Mr. Glavia Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols Mr. R5000 Mr. Egan Mr. Gurben Mr. Harbs Air. Mohr Alr. Ponnington Mir. Quinn Tamm....

L'r. E. A. Tu. 252 ----Mr. Clegi.....

the some went to Russia soon.

the Revolution of 1917, joined the Bolshevik movement, fought in the civil war against the White Russians, and in 1919 became a member of the rescutive committee of the newly formed Comintern. His expulsion in 1928 followed charges of sympathy with Leon Trotsky.

At his death Mr. Serge was a democratic socialist, opposed to totalitarianism of every variety He often said that his disillusion and with Stalinism began with ression of the sailors resion of the sailors resion 1921.

Victor Serge Exiled Russian Communist

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Intelligence Sources and Methods BY SPECIAL MESSENGER BY DEPARTE DATE: NEW JOY 5, 1949 SHE REVIESE SIDE FOR CLASSIFICATION ACTION John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation 7 Subject: BORIS I. NICOLAEVSKY INTERNAL SECURITY - R army Letter ata According to our files the correct name of the above-captioned individual is Boris I. Micolaevsky. Under date of April 30, 1946, a summary report regarding this individual was received by the Bureau from an intelligence agency. According to this report, the subject at that time was about 55 years of age. He was born in East Russia and was the son of a village Priest. As a young man he joined the Aussian Socialist Democratic Party (Menshevik faction) and during World War I he was exiled to the Province of Astrakhan. After the Revolution of 1917 he joined the Samara Socialist Government and later when the Soviet Army occupied the Volga, went to Siberia. Later he came to Moscow and at that time the Soviet Government included both Bolsheviks and Left Socialists. He established himself in Moscow as a contributor to both "Isvestia" and "Pravda. (5 In 1922 he was sent to Berlin as official representative of the Marx-Engels Institute of Moscow and was connected with the publication of the complete works of Marx and Engels in Frankfurt, Germany, which were sponsored by both the Soviet Government and the German Communist Party. In 1933 he left Germany and moved to Paris where he became closely identified with the Second Interpationale and also became associated with the Eussian Historian Vladimir Burtzeff, who was considered the greatest authority of revolutionary movements in Russia, and who was famous for unmasking agent provacateurs among tile Russian Revolutionaries in exile. (5-2) FUELSHY ! THE STATE SHAPE In Paris Nicolaevaky was connected with the Soviet Ceneral Krivitsky, highing subsequently defected and who was apparently mirdered in Washington, D. C. resp. February 10, 1941. He was also active in the publication of the history of Some 1

the former Soviet diplomat, General Barming who defected from the Soviet when he was attached to the Soviet Legation in Greece. (5-2)

In November, 1940 Nicolaevsky came to the United States, reportedly sponsored by the Jewish Labor Committee in New York. He was stated to have been a recipient for two years of a \$200 a month subsidy from the Rockefeller Foundation. He is a prolific writer of the anti-Stalin school, and was against American aid to the USSR when Germany invaded Russia. He was bitterly opposed to DeGaulle, whom he denounced as a Bolshevik. He is a close friend of the French Socialist, Boris Souvarin. (5-2)

In New York Nicolaevsky is the moving spirit of the Russian "Socialist Messenger," which is the organ of the Russian Social Revolutionary and Social Democratic (Menshevik) Parties opposed to the present Soviet regime. According to this report, pro-Soviet literary political circles in the United States claim that Nicolaevsky is a British agent for financial reasons and since the death of Leon Trotsky, Nicolaevsky is his ideological successor. Conservative Russian circles in New York consider Nicolaevsky a patriot and democrat of the former "Premier Alexander Kerenski's faction." (100-36676-32 - IB&report)

On August 4, 1942, information was made available to the Bureau by an unknown outside source regarding the establishment of the American Labor Archive and Research Institute. According to this source, Boris I. Nicolaevsky, who was formerly at the head of a similar institute in Europe, was listed as Director. According to this source, Nicolaevsky is a noted historian and author and/was at one time Director of the Paris Institute of Social History. (100-135250-1)

Borls Nikolaevsky attended a testimonial dinner in New York city for the 70 year old social revolutionary, Victor Chernov, on March 26, 1944. (100-275683-166)

According to the report of an intelligence agency dated May 15, 1944, Boris I. Nikolaevsky was listed as a member of the staff of "Socialastichesky Vestnik" (Socialist Courier), which was a New York biweekly organ of the Foreign Delegation of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party (Menshevik) which had a circulation of about one thousand. The organ regards itself as "A small laboratory" for "projects for the progress of Russia and the whole world."

(100-7826-27, page 9

This agency furnished a report dated September 13, 1944 which reflected Boris Nikolaevsky spent years in Germany and France after he was exiled from Bussia in 1922. He is deemed an expert on World revolutionary movements, especially the Bussian, and has wide contacts in labor circles in many countries. According to this report, he is an inveterate ideological foe of Stalinism. He is a brother-in-law of the liquidated Soviet Prémier Alexei Rykov. He has concentrated for years on the disclosure of what he regards as Communist Machiavellianssm in the fereign and demestic policies of Soviet Russia.

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Nichols Rosen

Mr. Nease Miss Gandy

NW 37607 DocId:32670189

TO

Director, FBI

FROM

SAC, New York

SUBJECT:

STANDARD FORM NO. 5

VLASOV MOVEMENT

'INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Rebulet August 3, 1949.

DATE:

August 9, 1949

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Transmitted herewith are two copies of issue number 18, 1948 of the Russian language publication Novy Zhurnal (The New Review) and also two copies of issue number 19, 1948 of the same publication.

The above mentioned publication contains the articles written by BORIS I. NIKOLAEVSKY regarding the history of the Vlasov Movement.

These books were purchased by SA WALTER A. WANGENHEIM from VASIL. DEPENDED. 112 West 72nd Street, New York City. BUTENKO is secretary of the Leasure To Fight For Peoples Freedom, in which NIKOLAEVSKY is playing an important part.

that Mrs. M. E.VETLIN, whe publisher of the "Novy Zhurnal," is presently in Europe and made possible the calming of these publications from the above named source.

Since no further investigation is contemplated in the War North

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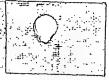
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NW 37607 DocId:32670189 Page 173

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CC: MR. LADD'
MR. FLETCHER

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August 3, 1949

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III: VLASOV IDVENIM

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concerning a series of articles written by Boris I. Mikelaevely on the Viasov movement.

Copies of these articles are not readily available to this office. However, an effort is being made to obtain these articles and immediately upon the receipt of same, they will be forwarded to you.

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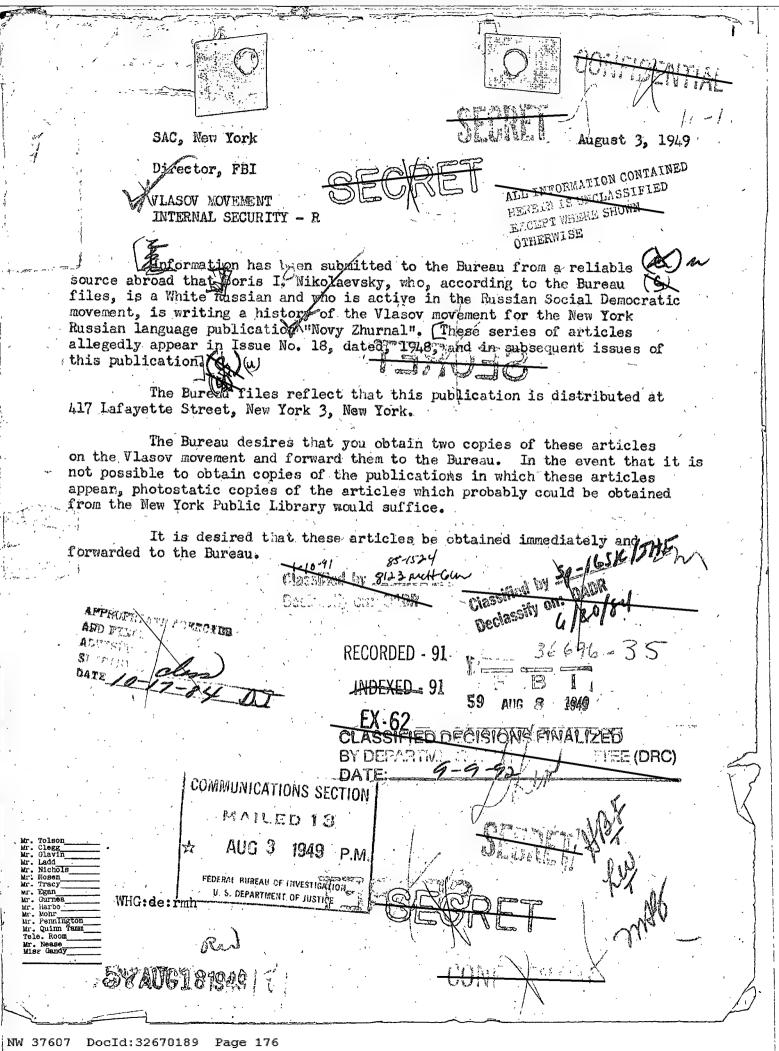
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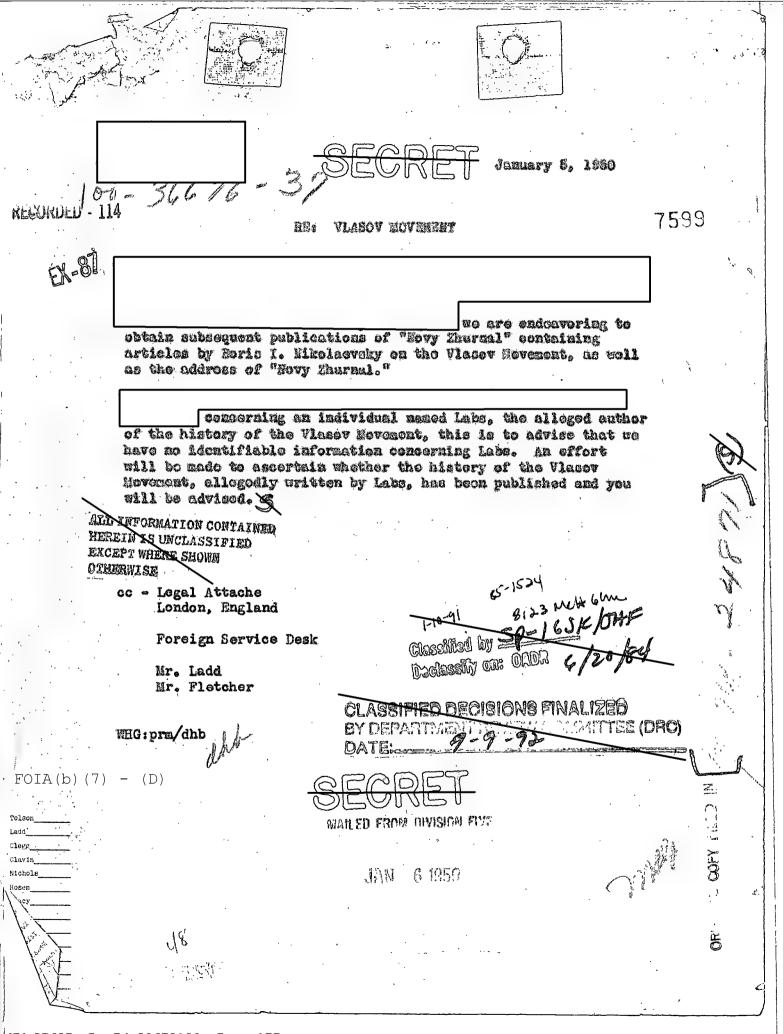
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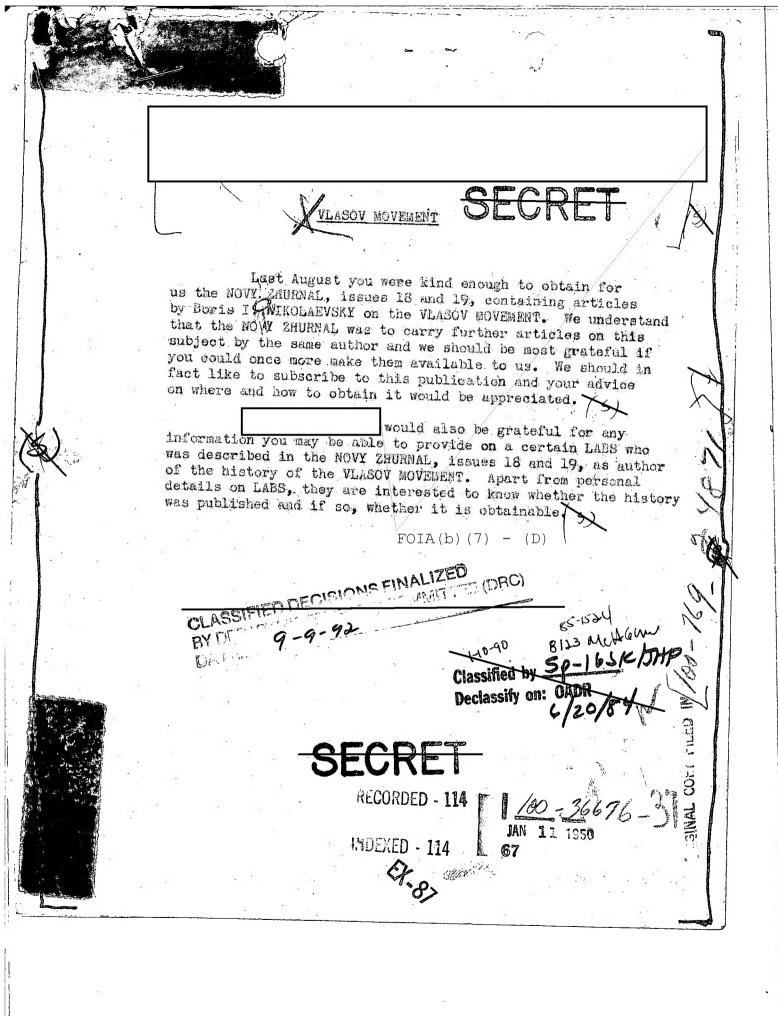
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TO Director, FBI

SAC, New York

DATE: January 13, 1950

SUBJECT:

VLASOV MOVEMENT INTERNAL SECURITY - R (Bufile 100-36676)

Rebulet 1/5/50.

Copies of the "Novy Zhurnal" ("New Review") may be purchased from Mrs. M. E. ZETLIN, 112 West 72nd Street, New York City, editor of this Russian

According to Mrs. ZETLIN, issues #20, 1948 and #21, 1949, the latter being the current issue, do not contain any further articles by BORIS I. NIKOLAEVSKY on the Vlasov Movement. Mrs. ZETLIN stated that NIKOLAEVSKY is expected to complete this article in the near future and she will advise this office when the article will appear in the "New Review."

Regarding the "History of the Vlasov Movement" by LABS, it is pointed out that on Page 213 of issue #19, 1948, of the "New Review," NIKOLAEVSKY in the article indicates that LABS, the author of this work, wrote the same in November 1944, by order of the German High Command. It is also noted that a postscript on the same page states in substance that it is unfortunate that this document is available to the author only in a short excerpt.

On Page 234 of issue #19, it is indicated that the work of LABS was more of a study to the reaction to Vlasov when he toured the German Eastern Front and spread propaganda among the Russian prisoners. It appears that LABS! report, made for the purposes of the German Command, resulted in forbidding Vlasov to make propaganda in any Russian territory under German occupation, apparently for fear of the power he was developing.

In view of the aforementioned information regarding LABS "History of the Vlasov Movement," it appears to have been a German military publication and would not be available.

Unless advised to the contrary, no effort will be made to contact BORIS IKOLAEVSKY to request of him a copy of this LABS! excerpt in his pos-ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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